

650V AC Drive

Frame C, D, E & F

Installation Product Manual HA467652U002 Issue 7

Compatible with Version 4.8 Software onwards

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WARRANTY

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Safety Information



Requirements

IMPORTANT: Please read this information BEFORE installing the equipment.

Intended Users

This manual is to be made available to all persons who are required to install, configure or service equipment described herein, or any other associated operation.

The information given is intended to highlight safety issues, and to enable the user to obtain maximum benefit from the equipment.

Complete the following table for future reference detailing how the unit is to be installed and used.

INSTALLATION DETAILS						
Serial Number (see product label)						
Where installed (for your own information)						
Unit used as a: (refer to Certification for the Inverter)	Component	Relevant Apparatus				
Unit fitted:	Wall-mounted	Enclosure				

Application Area

The equipment described is intended for industrial motor speed control utilising AC induction or AC synchronous machines.

Personnel

Installation, operation and maintenance of the equipment should be carried out by qualified personnel. A qualified person is someone who is technically competent and familiar with all safety information and established safety practices; with the installation process, operation and maintenance of this equipment; and with all the hazards involved.

Safety Information



Hazards

WARNING!

This equipment can endanger life through rotating machinery and high voltages. Failure to observe the following will constitute an ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARD. This is a product of the restricted sales distribution class according to IEC 61800-3. In a domestic environment this product may cause radio interference in which case the user may be required to take adequate measures.

This product is designated as "professional equipment" as defined in EN61000-3-2. Permission of the supply authority shall be obtained before connection to the low voltage supply.

- The equipment must be **permanently earthed** due to the high earth leakage current.
- The drive motor must be connected to an appropriate safety earth.
- The equipment contains high value capacitors which take time to discharge after removal of the mains supply.
- Before working on the equipment, ensure isolation of the mains supply from terminals L1, L2 and L3. Wait for at least 5 minutes for the dc link terminals (DC+ and DC-) to discharge to safe voltage levels (<60V). Measure the DC+ and DC- terminal voltage with a meter to confirm that the voltage is less than 50V.
- Never perform high voltage resistance checks on the wiring without first disconnecting the drive from the circuit being tested.
- When replacing a drive in an application and before returning to use, it is essential that all user defined parameters for the product's operation are correctly installed.
- This equipment contains electrostatic discharge (ESD) sensitive parts. Observe static control precautions when handling, installing and servicing this product.

IMPORTANT: Metal parts may reach a temperature of 90 degrees centigrade in operation.

Application Risk

The specifications, processes and circuitry described herein are for guidance only and may need to be adapted to the user's specific application.

SSD Drives does not guarantee the suitability of the equipment described in this Manual for individual applications.

Risk Assessment

Under fault conditions, power loss or other operating conditions not intended, the equipment may not operate as specified. In particular:

- The motor speed may not be controlled
- The direction of rotation of the motor may not be controlled
- The motor may be energised

Guards

The user must provide guarding and /or additional safety systems to prevent risk of injury and electric shock.

Protective Insulation

• All control and signal terminals are SELV, i.e. protected by double insulation. Ensure all wiring is rated for the highest system voltage.

Note: Thermal sensors contained within the motor must be double insulated.

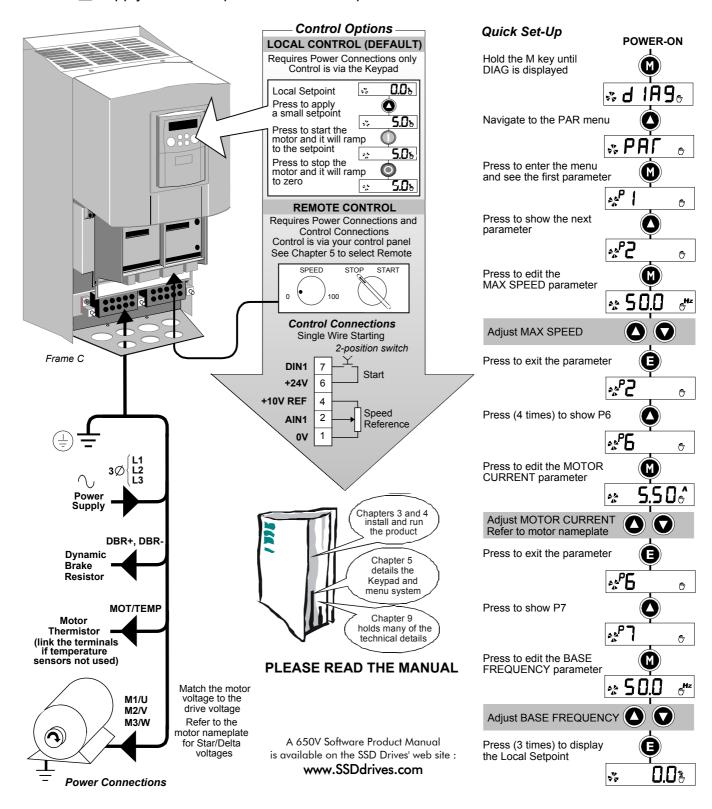
 All exposed metalwork in the Inverter is protected by basic insulation and bonding to a safety earth.

RCDs

These are not recommended for use with this product but ,where their use is mandatory, only Type B RCDs should be used.

650V Quick Start

- Mount the drive vertically in a lockable cubicle.
- Is the drive to operate in Local (using the keypad) or Remote Control? If Remote Control, make Control Connections.
- Make Power Connections. Power-on and follow the Quick Set-Up procedure.
- Apply a small setpoint. Start and stop the motor.



	Contents	Page
Chapter 1	GETTING STARTED	
	Introduction	1 - 1
	Equipment Inspection	
	Packaging and Lifting Details	
	About this Manual	
	Initial Steps	
	How the Manual is Organised	
	Application Block Diagrams	
	Software Product Manual	1-2
Chapter 2	AN OVERVIEW OF THE DRIVE	
	Component Identification	2- 1
	Control Features	2-5
	Functional Overview	2-6
	Power Board/Stack	2-6
	Control Board	
	Processor	
a	**	
Chapter 3		
	Mechanical Installation	
	Mounting the Drive	
	Ventilation	
	Minimum Air Clearance (Frame C)Minimum Air Clearance (Frame D)	
	Minimum Air Clearance (Frame D) Minimum Air Clearance (Frame E)	
	Minimum Air Clearance (Frame F)	
	Electrical Installation	
	Gland Plate Details	
	Cable Gland Requirements	
	Wiring Instructions	
	Power Wiring Connections	
	Control Wiring Connections	
	Terminal Block Acceptance Sizes	3-17
	Terminal Tightening Torques	3-17
	Optional Equipment	3-18
	Fitting the Remote 6521/6901 Keypad	3-18
	Fitting the Remote 6511 Keypad	3-19
	RS485 Communications Option	
	Top Cover	
	External Brake Resistor	
	External AC Supply EMC Filter	
	EMC Motor Output Filter	
	Output Contactors	2 24

	Contents	Page
	Earth Fault Monitoring Systems Line Chokes (input)	
	AC Motor Choke (output)	
	Encoder Connections	
Chapter 4	OPERATING THE DRIVE	
•	Pre-Operation Checks	4-1
	Initial Start-up Routines	
	Local Control Operation	
	Remote Control Operation	
	Set-up as an Open-loop Drive (V/F Fluxing)	
	Set-up using the Sensorless Vector Fluxing Mode	
	The Autotune Feature	
	Reading the Status LEDs	
Chapter 5	THE KEYPAD	
-	Using the Keypad	5-1
	Control Key Definitions	
	Display Indications	
	Drive Status Indications	
	The Menu System	
	How To Change a Parameter Value	
	Special Menu Features	
	Resetting to Factory Defaults (2-button reset)	
	Selecting Local or Remote Control	
	Password Protection	
	Quick Application Selection	
Chapter 6	Programming Your Application	
•	MMI Parameters	6-1
	The Diagnostics Menu	
	MMI Parameters Table	
	Configuring Terminals 9 & 10 (Digital Input/Output)	
	PID - Tuning Your Drive	
	Auto Restart	
	Minimum Speed Mode	
	Skip Frequencies	
	Product-Related Default Values	
	* Frequency Dependent Defaults	
	** Power Dependent Defaults	6-18

	Contents	Page
Chapter 7	TRIPS AND FAULT FINDING	
	Trips	7-1
	Trip Warning Message	7-1
	What Happens when a Trip Occurs	7-1
	Resetting a Trip Condition	7-1
	Using the Keypad to Manage Trips	7-1
	Hexadecimal Representation of Trips	7-5
	Fault Finding	7-6
Chapter 8	ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR	
	Routine Maintenance	8-1
	Repair	8-1
	Saving Your Application Data	8-1
	Returning the Unit to SSD Drives	8-1
	Disposal	8-1
Chapter 9	TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS	
	Understanding the Product Code	9-1
	Model Number (Europe)	9-1
	Catalog Number (North America)	9-3
	Environmental Details	9-4
	Earthing/Safety Details	9-4
	Cabling Requirements for EMC Compliance	9-5
	Cooling Fans	9-5
	Electrical Ratings (230V Build Variant)	9-6
	Electrical Ratings (400V Build Variant)	9-7
	Input Fuse Ratings (Europe)	9-9
	External AC Supply (RFI) Filters	9-10
	EMC Compliance	9-10
	Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame C)	9-11
	Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame D)	9-11
	Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame E)	9-12
	Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame F)	
	Analog Inputs/Outputs	
	Digital Inputs	
	Relay	
	Digital Outputs	
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame C Normal Duty)	
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame C Heavy Duty)	
	1 1 7	

	Contents	Page
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame D Normal Duty)	9-16
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame D Heavy Duty)	9-17
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame E Normal Duty)	9-18
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame E Heavy Duty)	9-19
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame F Normal Duty)	9-20
	Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame F Heavy Duty)	9-21
Chapter 10	CERTIFICATION FOR THE DRIVE	
	Requirements for EMC Compliance	10-1
	Minimising Radiated Emissions	10-1
	Earthing Requirements	10-1
	Protective Earth (PE) Connections	10-1
	EMC Earth Connections	10-1
	Cabling Requirements	10-2
	Planning Cable Runs	10-2
	Increasing Motor Cable Length	10-2
	EMC Installation Options	10-3
	Screening & Earthing (wall mounted, Class A)	10-3
	Screening & Earthing (cubicle mounted, Class B)	10-3
	Star Point Earthing	10-4
	Sensitive Equipment	10-5
	Requirements for UL Compliance	10-6
	Solid-State Motor Overload Protection	10-6
	Short Circuit Rating	10-6
	Solid-State Short-Circuit Protection	10-6
	Recommended Branch Circuit Protection	10-6
	Motor Base Frequency	10-6
	Field Wiring Temperature Rating	
	Field Wiring Terminal Markings	
	Terminal Tightening Torques	
	Recommended Wire Sizes	
	Field Grounding Terminals	
	Operating Ambient Temperature	
	Direct Wall-Mountable Models	
	Input Fuse Ratings (North America)	
	po 555 Rainigo (r toriir / ariorica)	

	Contents	Page
	European Directives and the CE Mark	10-10
	CE Marking for Low Voltage Directive	10-10
	CE Marking for EMC - Who is Responsible?	10-10
	Legal Requirements for CE Marking	10-11
	Applying for CE Marking for EMC	10-11
	Which Standards Apply?	10-11
	Power Drive Product Specific or Generic Standards	10-11
	Certificates	10-14
Chapter 11	APPLICATION NOTES	
	Synchronous Motor Control	11-1
	Using Line Chokes	11-1
	Using Output Contactors	11-1
	Using Motor Chokes	11-1
CHAPTER 1	2 SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS	
	Connection to the P3 Port	12-1
Chapter 13	THE DEFAULT APPLICATION	
	The Default Application	13-1
	How to Load an Application	13-1
	Application Description	13-1
	Control Wiring for Applications	13-1
	Application 1 : Basic Speed Control (default)	13-2
	Application 2 : Auto/Manual Control	13-4
	Application 3 : Preset Speeds	13-6
	Application 4 : Raise/Lower Trim	13-8
	Application 5 : PID	13-10

GETTING STARTED

Introduction

The 650V, Frames C, D, E & F, is part of the 650 Series of AC Drives, designed for speed control of standard 3-phase induction motors. It is available in a range of ratings for heavy and normal torque applications. This dual mode feature provides a cost effective solution to general industrial applications, as well as the control of pumps and fans.

- The unit can be controlled remotely using configurable analogue and digital inputs and outputs, requiring no optional equipment.
- Controlling the unit locally using the 6521 (or 6901) keypad gives access to parameters, diagnostic messages, trip settings and full application programming. Other features also become available, such as the advanced sensorless vector control scheme which gives high torque, low speed operation; selectable switching frequencies; and a unique Quiet Pattern control system that minimises audible noise from the motor.

The optional external RFI filters offer enhanced EMC compliance.

IMPORTANT: Motors used must be suitable for drive duty.

Note: Do not attempt to control motors whose rated current is less than 50% of the drive rated current. Poor motor control or Autotune problems may occur if you do

Equipment Inspection

- Check for signs of transit damage
- Check the product code on the rating label conforms to your requirement.

If the unit is not being installed immediately, store the unit in a well-ventilated place away from high temperatures, humidity, dust, or metal particles.

Refer to Chapter 2: "An Overview of the Drive" to check the rating label/product code. Refer to Chapter 8: "Routine Maintenance and Repair" for information on returning damaged goods.

Packaging and Lifting Details

Caution

The packaging is combustible and, if disposed of in this manner incorrectly, may lead to the generation of lethal toxic fumes.

Save the packaging in case of return. Improper packaging can result in transit damage.

Use a safe and suitable lifting procedure when moving the drive. Never lift the drive by its terminal connections.

Prepare a clear, flat surface to receive the drive before attempting to move it. Do not damage any terminal connections when putting the drive down.

Refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" - Mechanical Installation for unit weights.

About this Manual

This manual is intended for use by the installer, user and programmer of the 650V drive. It assumes a reasonable level of understanding in these three disciplines.

Note: Please read all Safety Information before proceeding with the installation and operation of this unit.

Enter the "Model Number" from the rating label into the table at the front of this manual. It is important that you pass these manuals on to any new user of this unit.

Initial Steps

Use the manuals to help you plan the following:

Installation

Know your requirements:

- certification requirements, CE/UL/CUL conformance
- wall-mount or enclosure?
- conformance with local installation requirements
- supply and cabling requirements

Operation

Know your operator:

- how is it to be operated, local and/or remote?
- what level of user is going to operate the unit?

Programming (Keypad or suitable PC programming tool only)

Know your application:

- install the most appropriate Application
- plan your "block diagram programming"
- enter a password to guard against illicit or accidental changes
- customise the Keypad to the application

How the Manual is Organised

The manual is divided into chapters and paragraphs. Page numbering restarts with every chapter, i.e. 5-3 is Chapter 5, page 3.

Application Block Diagrams

You will find these at the rear of the manual. They will become your programming tool as you become more familiar with the 650V unit's software.

Software Product Manual

An accompanying Software Product Manual is available for download from the SSD Drives website: www.SSDdrives.com.

AN OVERVIEW OF THE DRIVE

Component Identification

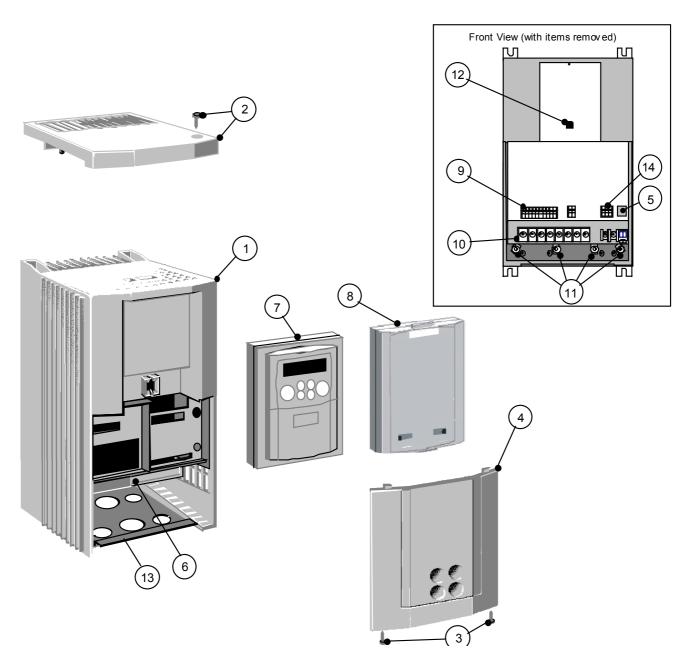


Figure 2-1 650V AC Drive, Frame C 11.0kW

Main drive assembly Blank cover 1 2 Top cover (optional) 9 Control terminals 3 Terminal cover retaining screw 10 Power terminals 4 Terminal cover 11 Earthing points 5 RS232 programming port (P3) 12 Keypad port (P3) 6 Power terminal shield 13 Gland plate 7 6521 keypad (optional) 14 RS485 programming port (optional) Through-panel fixing plate and screws not illustrated

2-2 An Overview of the Drive

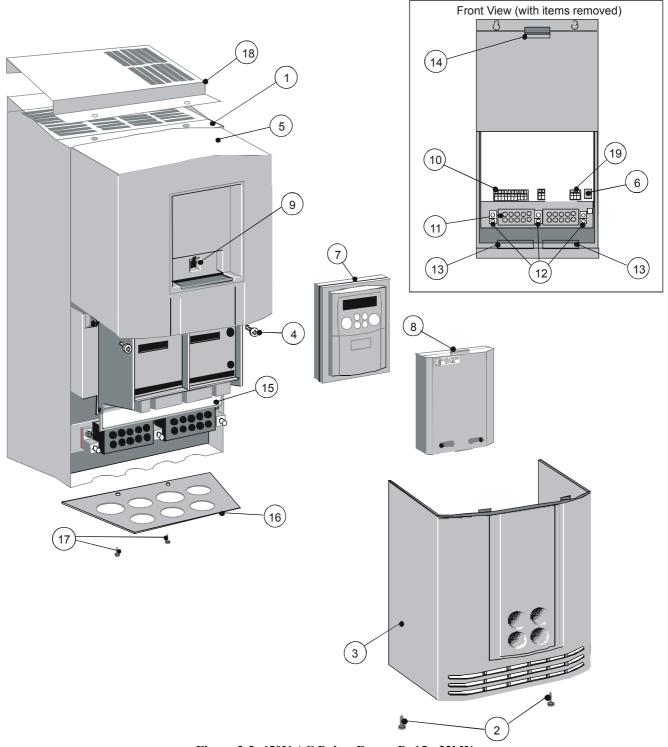


Figure 2-2 650V AC Drive, Frame D 15 - 22kW

1	Main drive assembly	10	Control terminals
2	Lower front cover retaining screw	11	Power terminals
3	Lower front cover	12	Earthing points
4	Upper front cover retaining screw	13	Chassis fan
5	Upper front cover	14	Power board fan
6	RS232 programming port (P3)	15	Power terminal shield
7	6521 keypad (optional)	16	Gland plate
8	Blank cover	17	Gland plate retaining screw
9	Keypad port (P3)	18	Top cover (optional)
		19	RS485 programming port (optional)
		Throug	h-panel fixing plate and screws not illustrated

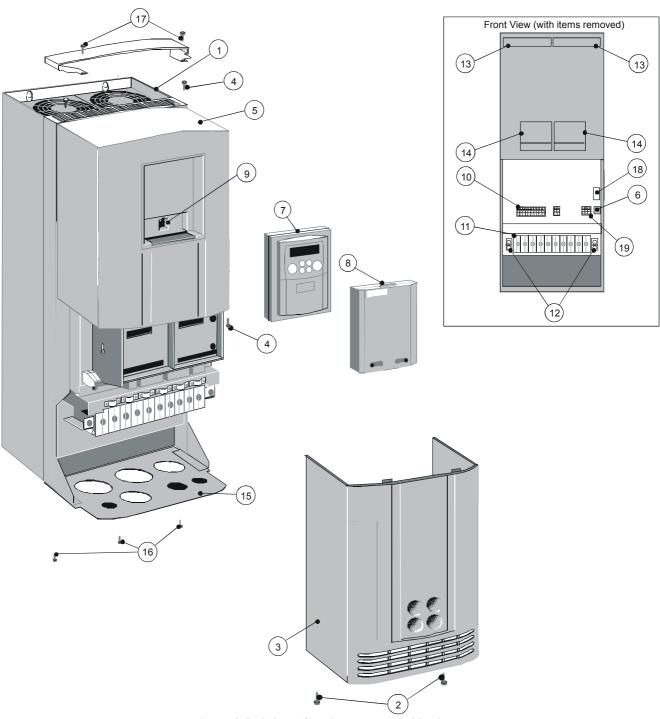


Figure 2-3 650V AC Drive, Frame E 30 - 45kW

1	Main drive assembly	10	Control terminals
2	Lower front cover retaining screw	11	Power terminals
3	Lower front cover	12	Earthing points
4	Upper front cover retaining screw	13	Chassis fan
5	Upper front cover	14	Power board fan
6	RS232 programming port (P3)	15	Gland plate
7	6521 keypad (optional)	16	Gland plate retaining screw
8	Blank cover	17	Top cover (optional)
9	Keypad port (P3)	18	Motor thermistor terminals
		19	RS485 programming port (optional)
		Throug	h-panel fixing plate and screws not illustrated

2-4 An Overview of the Drive

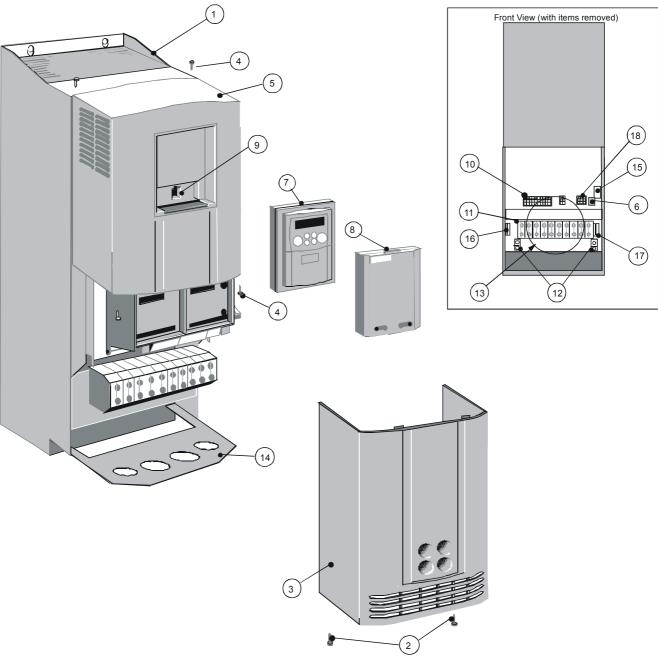


Figure 2-4 650V AC Drive, Frame F 55 - 90kW

1	Main drive assembly	10	Control terminals
2	Lower front cover retaining screw	11	Power terminals
3	Lower front cover	12	Earthing points
4	Upper front cover retaining screw	13	Chassis fan
5	Upper front cover	14	Gland plate
6	RS232 programming port (P3)	15	Motor thermistor terminals
7	6521 keypad (optional)	16	Auxiliary supply terminals (fan)
8	Blank cover	17	Brake terminals
9	Keypad port (P3)	18	RS485 programming port (optional)

Control Features

The drive is fully-featured when controlled using the optional Keypad (or a suitable PC programming tool).



The `General' control features below are not user-selectable when the unit is controlled using the analog and digital inputs and outputs.

General	Output Frequency	Selectable 0-240Hz
	Switching Frequency	3kHz nominal
	Voltage Boost	0-25%
	Flux Control	V/F control with linear or fan law profile Sensorless vector with automatic flux control and slip compensation
	Skip Frequencies	2 skip frequencies with adjustable skip band width
	Preset Speeds	8 presets
	Stopping Modes	Ramp, coast, dc injection, fast stop
	S Ramp and Linear Ramp	Symmetric or asymmetric ramp up and down rates
	Raise/Lower	Programmable MOP function
	Jog	Programmable jog speed
	Logic Functions	10 programmable 3-input logic function blocks performing NOT, AND, NAND, OR, NOR and XOR functions, for example
	Value Functions	10 programmable 3-input value function blocks performing IF, ABS, SWITCH, RATIO, ADD, SUB, TRACK/HOLD, and BINARY DECODE functions, for example
	Diagnostics	Full diagnostic and monitoring facilities
Protection	Trip Conditions	Output short line to line, and line to earth Overcurrent > 200% Stall Heatsink overtemperature Motor Thermistor overtemperature Overvoltage and undervoltage
	Current Limit	Adjustable 110% or150% 180% shock load limit Inverse Time
	Voltage/ Frequency Profile	Constant torque Fan Law
Inputs/ Outputs	Analog Inputs	2 inputs – one is configurable; voltage or current
	Analog Outputs	1 configurable voltage output
	Digital Inputs	6 configurable 24V dc inputs (2 suitable for encoder inputs)
	Digital I/O	1 configurable 24V dc open collector outputs/digital inputs
	Relay Outputs	1 configurable relay output

Table 2-1 Control Features

Functional Overview

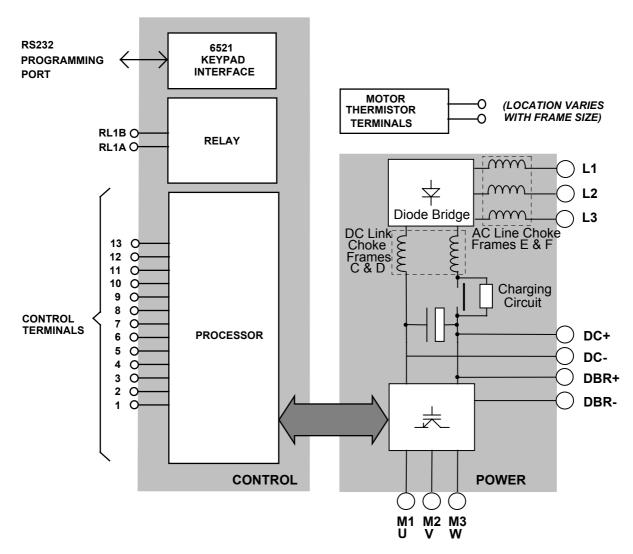


Figure 2-5 Functional Block Diagram (Frames C, D, E, F)

Power Board/Stack

DC link capacitors smooth the dc voltage output prior to the drive power stage. The IGBT (Insulated Gate Bi-polar Transistor) output stage converts the dc input to a three phase output used to drive the motor.

Control Board

Processor

The processor provides for a range of analog and digital inputs and outputs, together with their reference supplies. For further details refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - Control Terminals.

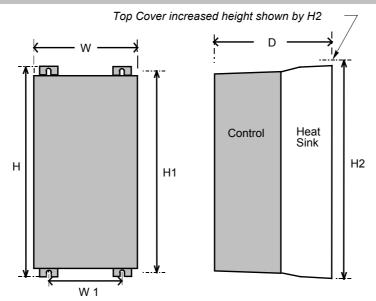
Keypad Interface

This is a non-isolated RS232 serial link for communication with the Keypad. Alternatively, a PC running SSD Drives' "ConfigEd Lite" windows-based configuration software (or some other suitable PC programming tool) can be used to graphically program and configure the drive.

INSTALLING THE DRIVE

IMPORTANT: Read Chapter 9: "Certification for the Drive" before installing this unit.

Mechanical Installation



If wall-mounted, the unit must be fitted with the Top Cover firmly screwed into position.

Approximate Frame C shown for illustration purposes

Figure 3-1 Mechanical Dimensions for 650V Drives

Models	Max. Weight kg/lbs	Н	H1	H2	W	W1	D	Fixings
Frame C	9.3/20.5	348.0 (13.70)	335.0 (13.19)	365.0 (14.37)	201.0 (7.91)	150 (5.90)	208.0 (8.19)	Slot 7mm wide Use M5 or M6 fixings.
Frame D	17.4/38.2	453.0 (17.8)	440.0 (17.3)	471.0 (18.5)	252.0 (9.92)	150 (5.90)	245.0 (9.65)	Slot 7mm wide Use M5 or M6 fixings.
Frame E	32.5/72	668.6 (26.3)	630.0 (24.8)	676.0 (26.6)	257.0 (10.1)	150.0 (5.9)	312 (12.3)	Use M6 fixings
Frame F	41/90.4	720.0 (28.3)	700.0 (27.6)	Not applicable	257.0 (10.1)	150.0 (5.9)	355.0 (14.0)	Use M6 fixings
	All dimensions are in millimetres (inches)							

Note: For details of a through-panel mounting option for Frames D & E refer to pages 3-5 and 3-7 respectively.

Mounting the Drive

The unit must be mounted vertically on a solid, flat, vertical surface. It can be wall-mounted, or mounted inside a suitable cubicle, depending upon the required level of EMC compliance - refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications".

Ventilation

The drive gives off heat in normal operation and must therefore be mounted to allow the free flow of air through the ventilation slots and heatsink. Maintain minimum clearances for ventilation as given in the tables below to ensure adequate cooling of the drive, and that heat generated by other adjacent equipment is not transmitted to the drive. Be aware that other equipment may have its own clearance requirements. When mounting two or more 650V units together, these clearances are additive. Ensure that the mounting surface is normally cool.

Minimum Air Clearance (Frame C)

Cubicle-Mount Product/Application (Frame C)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, must be mounted in a suitable cubicle.

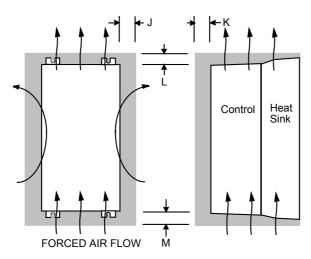


Figure 3-2 Air Clearance for a Cubicle-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for Standard Product without Top Cover (mm)					
	J	K	L	М		
Frame C	15	15	70	70		

Wall-Mount Product/Application (Frame C)

(Europe: IP2x plus IP4x top surface protection, USA/Canada: Type 1).

Wall-mounted 650V units **must** have the top cover correctly fitted. The top cover fixing screw has a maximum tightening torque of 1.5Nm (1.2Nm recommended).

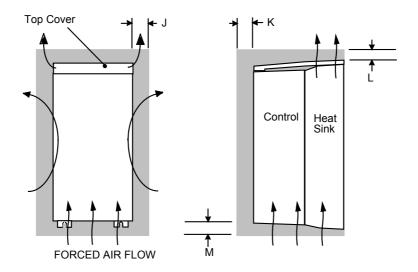


Figure 3-3 Air Clearance for a Wall-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product fitte	ed with Top Cover	(mm)
	J	K	L	М
Frame C	20	15	70	70

Through-Panel Mount Product/Application (Frame C)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, can be mounted in a suitable cubicle.

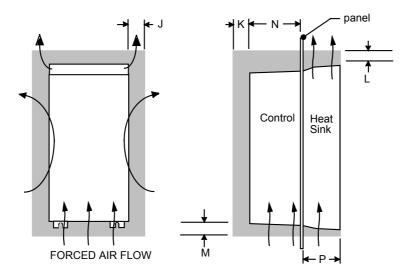


Figure 3-4 Air Clearance for a Through-Panel Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition		s for Throug Product (mm		unt	Through-Panel Dimensions	
	J	K	L	М	N	Р
Frame C	20	15	70	70		



Through-Panel Mount Bracket Assembly (Frame C)

The through-panel kit is available as a separate item, part number LA465034U003.

Through-panel mounting a drive in a cubicle allows you to use a smaller cubicle because much of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the cubicle.

- Cut the panel aperture to the dimensions given in the drawing at the end of this chapter.
- Screw the top and bottom brackets to the drive as shown, torque to 3Nm. When in position, these complete a mating face for the panel around the drive.
- Fit the top and bottom self-adhesive gasket material to the brackets making sure that the gasket covers the gap between the bracket and heatsink along the top and bottom edge of the drive.
- Fit a gasket to each side of the drive to complete the gasket seal. Ensure a complete seal is made; 2 extra side gaskets are provided.
- Offer up the drive to the panel and secure.

Refer to Through-Panel Cutout Details, page 3-9.

Minimum Air Clearance (Frame D)

Cubicle-Mount Product/Application (Frame D)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, must be mounted in a suitable cubicle.

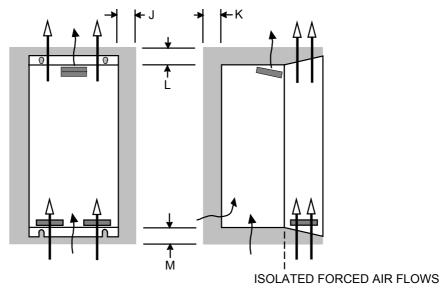


Figure 3-5 Air Clearance for a Cubicle-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product wit	hout Top Cover (n	nm)
	J	K	L	М
Frame D	15 LHS, 5 RHS	25	70	70

Wall-Mount Product/Application (Frame D)

(Europe: IP2x plus IP4x top surface protection, USA/Canada: Type 1).

Wall-mounted 650V units **must** have the top cover correctly fitted. The top cover fixing screw has a maximum tightening torque of 1.5Nm (1.2Nm recommended).

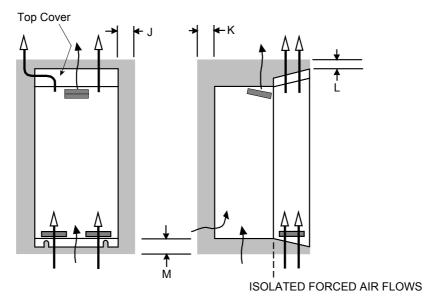


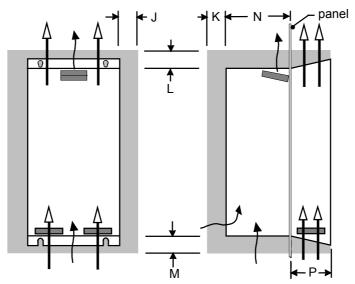
Figure 3-6 Air Clearance for a Wall-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product fitte	ed with Top Cover	(mm)
	J	K	L	М
Frame D	15 LHS, 5 RHS	25	70	70

Through-Panel Mount Product/Application (Frame D)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, can be mounted in a suitable cubicle.



ISOLATED FORCED AIR FLOWS

Figure 3-7 Air Clearance for a Through-Panel Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for Th Product (mm)	rough-Pan	el Mount S	tandard	Through-Panel Dimensions	
	J	K	L	М	N	P
Frame D	15 LHS, 5 RHS	25	100	100	141	104



Through-Panel Mount Bracket Assembly (Frame D)

The through-panel kit is available as a separate item, part number LA465048U003.

Through-panel mounting a drive in a cubicle allows you to use a smaller cubicle because much of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the cubicle.

- Cut the panel aperture to the dimensions given in the drawing at the end of this chapter.
- Screw the top and bottom brackets to the drive as shown, torque to 4Nm. When in position, these complete a mating face for the panel around the drive.
- Fit the top and bottom gaskets to the panel, aligning the gasket holes with the holes in the panel for fixing the drive. Fit two side gaskets around the panel aperture so that an air-tight seal will be made between the drive and the panel; 2 extra side gaskets are provided.
- Offer up the drive to the panel and secure.

Refer to Through-Panel Cutout Details, page 3-8.

Minimum Air Clearance (Frame E)

Cubicle-Mount Product/Application (Frame E)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, must be mounted in a suitable cubicle.

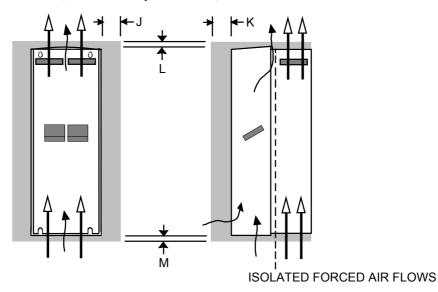


Figure 3-8 Air Clearance for a Cubicle-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product wit	hout Top Cover (n	nm)
	J	K	L	М
Frame E	0 (zero)	25	70	70

Wall-Mount Product/Application (Frame E)

(Europe: IP2x plus IP4x top surface protection, USA/Canada: Type 1).

Wall-mounted 650V units **must** have the top cover correctly fitted. The top cover fixing screw has a maximum tightening torque of 1.5Nm (1.2Nm recommended).

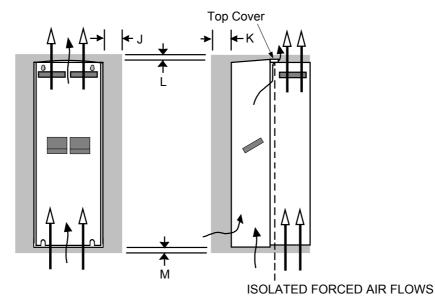


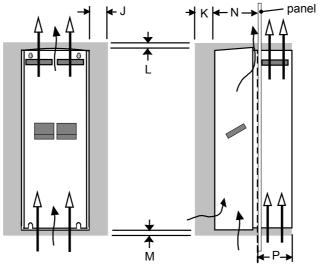
Figure 3-9 Air Clearance for a Wall-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product fitt	ed with Top Cover	(mm)
	J	K	L	М
Frame E	0 (zero)	25	70	70

Through-Panel Mount Product/Application (Frame E)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive, without the top cover fitted, can be through-panel mounted in a suitable cubicle.



ISOLATED FORCED AIR FLOWS

Figure 3-10 Air Clearance for a Through-Panel Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearance: Standard F			l Mount	Through-Panel Dimensions	
	J	K	L	М	N	P
Frame E	0 (zero)	25	70	70	180	129 (panel thickness not included, max. thickness 5mm



Through-Panel Mount Bracket Assembly (Frame E)

The through-panel kit is available as a separate item, part number LA465058U003.

Through-panel mounting a drive in a cubicle allows you to use a smaller cubicle because much of the heat generated by the drive is dissipated outside the cubicle.

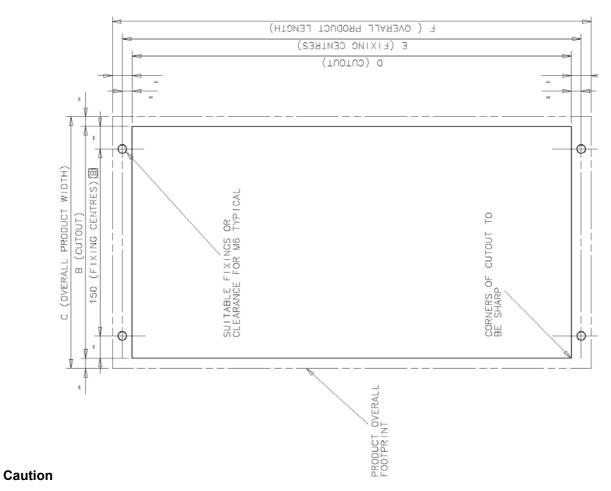
- Cut the panel aperture to the dimensions given in the drawing at the end of this chapter.
- Lay the drive on its back.
- Lightly screw the top and bottom brackets to the drive as shown.
- Fit the two side brackets to complete the frame and tighten all screws securely.
- Fit the self-adhesive gasket material to the mating face of the drive to produce an airtight seal between the drive and the panel.
- Offer up the drive to the panel and secure.

Refer to Through-Panel Cutout Details, page 3-8.

3-8 Installing the Drive

Through-Panel Cutout Details

PRODUCT	DIM "B"	DIM "C"	"O" WIO	DIM "E"	DIM"F"
FRAME C	186	196	354	370	390
FRAME D	236	252	453	470	485
FRAME E	255	290	649	667.5	687



Minimum Air Clearance (Frame F)

Note: There is no through panel-mount capability for the 650V Frame F.

Cubicle-Mount Product/Application (Frame F)

(Europe: IP2x, USA/Canada: Open Type).

The drive must be mounted in a suitable cubicle.

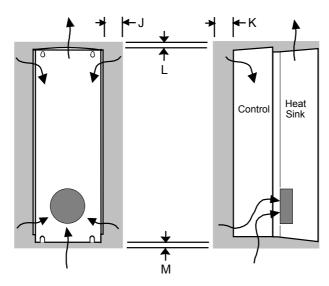


Figure 3-11 Air Clearance for a Cubicle-Mount Product/Application

Model Recognition	Clearances for St	andard Product (m	m)	
	J	K	L	М
Frame F	0 (zero)	25	70	70

Duct Kit

A Duct kit, Part Number LA466717U003 is available for the 650V Frame F drive.

The installation diagram is provided on the following page.

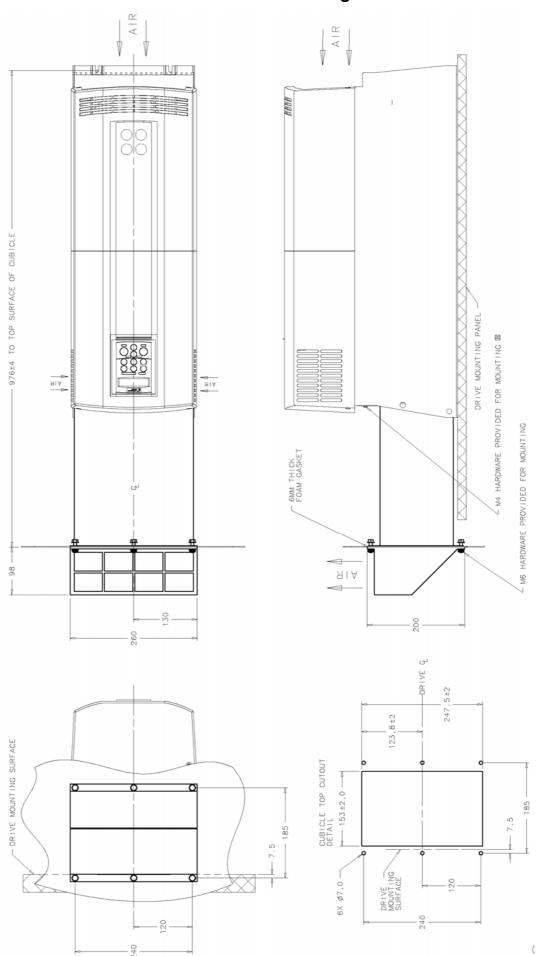
Caution

Protect any equipment in the cubicle from swarf etc.
Ensure all equipment is isolated.

- ♦ The duct length determines the vertical position of the drive in the cubicle. Drill the lower mounting panel hole centres for the drive at 976mm from the top of the cubicle. There is a generous tolerance of ±4mm.
- Cut-out the hole for the duct directly above where the drive sits. Project the position of the drive mounting surface inside the cubicle and mark it on the roof. From the drawing, you can calculate that the cut-out is made 8.5mm in front of the drive mounting surface (the centres for the cowling fixing holes will be 7.5mm behind the drive mounting surface). Draw the cut-out shape, check its position, and cut it out.
- Because of the weight of the drive, it may be better to secure the drive in the cubicle first, and lower the duct into the cubicle from above.
- Fix the duct to the drive using the M4 fasteners.
- Fit the gasket between the duct cowling and the top of the cubicle to provide a good seal. Drill through and secure all this with the M6 fasteners.

3-10 Installing the Drive

Duct Kit Installation Diagram



Electrical Installation

IMPORTANT: Please read the Safety Information on page Cont. 3 & 4 before proceeding.

WARNING!

This product is designated as "professional equipment" as defined in EN61000-3-2. Where enforced, permission of the supply authority shall be obtained before connection to the low voltage domestic supply.

Ensure that all wiring is electrically isolated and cannot be made "live" unintentionally by other personnel.

The drive is only suitable for use with earth referenced supplies (TN) when fitted with an internal ac supply EMC filter.

Note: Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" for additional Cabling Requirements and Terminal Block Wire Sizes.

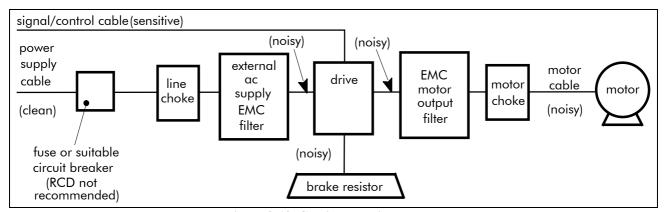


Figure 3-12 Cabling Requirements

Cables are considered to be electrically *sensitive*, *clean* or *noisy*. You should already have planned your cable routes with respect to segregating these cables for EMC compliance. If not, refer to Chapter 10: "Certification for the Drive".

Gland Plate Details

Frame C The gland plate holes accept the following gland sizes:

- 22.8mm to accept metric M20, PG16 and American ½" NPT cable gland sizes
- 28.6mm to accept M25, PG21 and American ³/₄" NPT cable gland sizes

Frame D The gland plate holes accept the following gland sizes:

- 28.6mm to accept metric M20, PG16 and American ½" NPT cable gland sizes
- 37.3mm to accept metric M32, PG29 and American 1" NPT

Frame E The gland plate holes accept the following gland sizes:

- 22.8mm to accept metric M20, PG16 and American ½" NPT cable gland sizes
- 28.6mm to accept metric M25, PG21 and American ³/₄" NPT cable gland sizes
- 47.3mm to accept metric M40, PG36 and American 11/4" NPT cable gland sizes
- 54.3mm to accept metric M50, PG42 and American 1½" NPT cable gland sizes

Frame F The gland plate holes accept the following gland sizes:

- $\bullet~$ 22.8mm to accept metric M20, PG16 and American $^{1\!/}\!\!2$ '' NPT cable gland sizes
- 28.6mm to accept M25, PG21 and American 3/4" NPT cable gland sizes

Cable Gland Requirements

Use a metal gland to connect to the internally earthed gland plate. It must be capable of securing a 360 degree screened connection to give EMC compliance.

A 360 degree screened connection can be achieved as shown.



Figure 3-13 360 Degree Screened Connection

Wiring Instructions

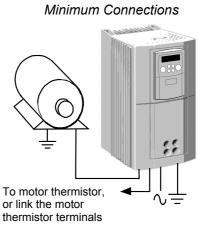
Local Control Wiring

This is the simplest installation. Every new drive will operate in Local Control when first powered-up. The keypad is used to start and stop the drive.

Refer to the appropriate Power Wiring Connections diagram and install the:

- Thermistor cable, or link/jumper terminals TH1A and TH1B if not used (we recommend you use a thermistor)
 - (we recommend you do use a thermistor)
- Motor cable
- Supply cable
- Follow the earthing/grounding and screening advice

Refer to Chapter 4: "Operating the Drive"- Local Control Operation.



Remote Control Wiring

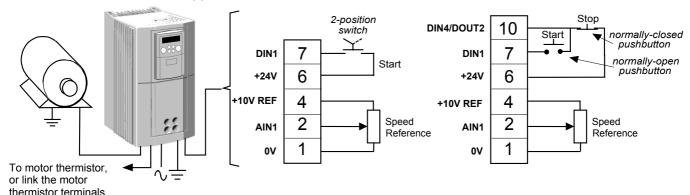
If operating in Remote Control you will use your control panel to start and stop the drive, via a speed potentiometer and switches or push-buttons.

Your wiring of the control terminals will be governed by the Application you use: refer to Chapter 13 for an explanation of the various Applications you can select and the appropriate control wiring. Application 1 is the default Application.

The diagram below shows the **minimum** connections to operate the drive for single-wire starting (switch), and push-button starting. Other control connections for your Application, shown in Chapter 13, can be made to suit your system.

Minimum Connections for Application 1: Single Wire Starting

Push-Button Starting



Note: Use screened control cables to comply with EMC requirements. All screens terminated using a gland at the gland plate.

- 1. Install as above, for Local Control Wiring
- 2. Refer to Chapter 13 and install control wiring for your system
- 3. Feed the control cables into the drive through the metal gland plate and connect to the control terminals.
- 4. The bank of cables (1-10) **must** be secured together with a cable tie as close to the terminals as possible.
- 5. Refit and secure the terminal cover using the retaining screws.

IMPORTANT: The control board 0V must be connected to protective earth outside of the product to meet EMC and safety requirements.

Note: You can still operate the drive in Local mode, if necessary, with any Application selected. Refer to Chapter 4: "Operating the Drive" and follow the relevant instructions for Single Wire Starting or Push-Button Starting.

Power Wiring Connections

Protective Earth (PE) Connections

The unit must be permanently earthed according to EN 50178 - see below. Protect the incoming mains supply using a suitable fuse or circuit breaker (circuit breaker types RCD, ELCB, GFCI are not recommended). Refer to "Earth Fault Monitoring Systems", page 3-26.

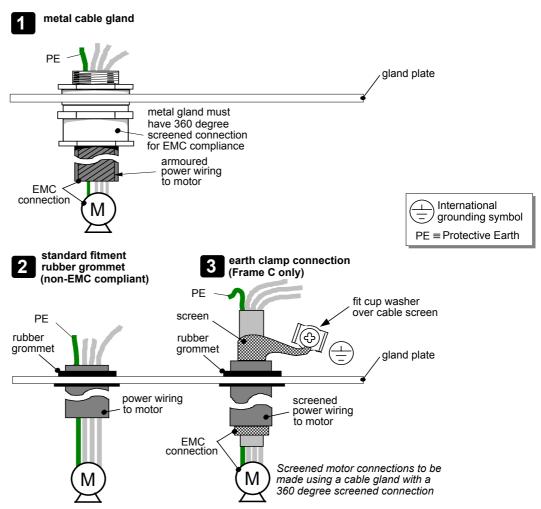
IMPORTANT: The drive is only suitable for earth referenced supplies (TN) when fitted with an internal filter. External filters are available for use on TN and IT (non-earth referenced) supplies.

For installations to EN 50178 in Europe:

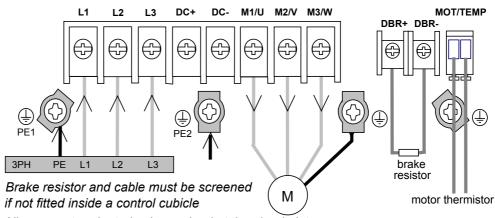
for permanent earthing, two individual incoming protective earth conductors (<10mm² crosssection) or one conductor (>10mm² cross-section) are required. Each earth conductor must be suitable for the fault current according to EN 60204.

Refer to Chapter 10: "Certification for the Drive" - EMC Installation Options.

Motor Connections



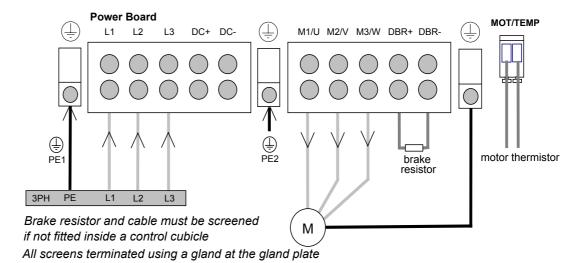
Power Wiring Connections (Frame C)



- All screens terminated using a gland at the gland plate
- 2. Lift the internal power terminal shield.
- 1. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the metal gland plate using the correct cable entries, and connect to the power terminals. Tighten all terminals to the correct tightening torque, refer to the Terminal Tightening Torques table. Lower the internal power terminal shield.

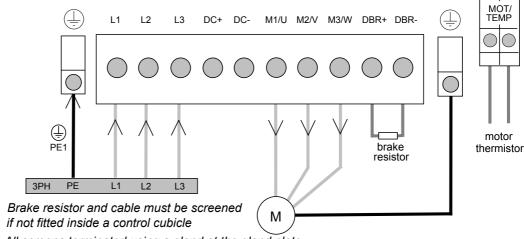
Remove the terminal cover retaining screws and lift off the terminal cover.

Power Wiring Connections (Frame D)



- 2. Remove the terminal cover retaining screws and lift off the terminal cover.
- 3. Lift the internal power terminal shield.
- 4. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the metal gland plate using the correct cable entries, and connect to the power terminals. Tighten all terminals to the correct tightening torque, refer to the Terminal Tightening Torques table.
- 5. Lower the internal power terminal shield.

Power Wiring Connections (Frame E)

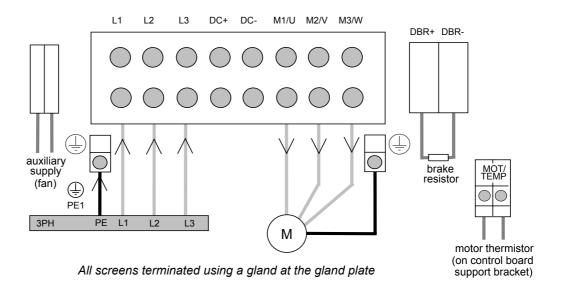


All screens terminated using a gland at the gland plate

Note: The standard Frame E terminals are not intended for flat busbar. A Power Terminal adaptor is available to enable wiring with flat busbar, part number BE465483.

- 1. Remove the terminal cover retaining screws and lift off the terminal cover.
- 2. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the metal gland plate using the correct cable entries, and connect to the power terminals. Tighten all terminals to the correct tightening torque, refer to the Terminal Tightening Torques table.

Power Wiring Connections (Frame F)



Note: The standard Frame F terminals are not intended for flat busbar. A Power Terminal adaptor is available to enable wiring with flat busbar, part number BE465483.

- 3. Remove the terminal cover retaining screws and lift off the terminal cover.
- 4. Feed the power supply and motor cables into the drive through the metal gland plate using the correct cable entries, and connect to the power terminals. Tighten all terminals to the correct tightening torque, refer to the Terminal Tightening Torques table.

3-16 Installing the Drive

Motor Thermistor Connections

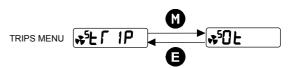
This input is provided to detect over-temperature in motors fitted with an internal thermistor. There is no polarity to the thermistor connections.

IMPORTANT: This input provides "Basic" insulation only to the SELV control circuits and assumes the motor has "Basic" insulation to the windings/mains circuits.

> The thermistor type supported is PTC 'Type A' as defined in IEC 34-11 Part 2. The drive uses the following resistance thresholds:

Rising temperature trip resistance: 1650 to 4000Ω Falling temperature trip reset resistance: 750 to 1650Ω

If the motor is not fitted with an internal thermistor, you should disable the thermistor trip function either by setting INVERT THERMISTOR INPUT (SOt) to 1, or by linking the thermistor terminals.



Control Wiring Connections

Control wiring of between 0.08mm² (28AWG) and 2.5mm² (12AWG) can be used. Ensure all wiring is rated for the highest system voltage. All control terminals are SELV, i.e. doubleinsulated from power circuits.

Terminal	Description	Application 1 Default Function	Range
(SELV)		(for other Applications refer to Chapter 13: "Applications")	
Scn	RS485 option	Scn=Screen (shield)	-
В	RS485 option	B=RxB/TxB	-
Α	RS485 option	A=RxA/TxA	=
P3	P3	RS232 port for use with remote-mounted 6521 and 6901	-
		Keypad or programming PC	
RL1A	User Relay	Volt-free normally-open relay contact	0-250Vac/24Vdc 6A
		Default function DOUT2 closed = running	
RL1B	User Relay	Volt-free normally-open relay contact	0-250Vac/24Vdc 6A
		Default function DOUT1 closed = healthy	
13	DIN7 (ENC B)	Run Reverse - configurable digital input	0-24V
		OV = forward, 24V = run reverse	
12	DIN6 (ENC A)	Configurable digital input	0-24V
11	DIN5	Not Coast Stop - configurable digital input:	0-24V
		0V = drive may run, 24V = Coast to Stop	
10	DIN4/	Configurable digital input/output	0-24V source open
	DOUT2	Not Stop (input):	collector *
		24V = RUN FWD & RUN REV signals latched	
		OV = RUN FWD & RUN REV signals not latched	
9	DIN3	Configurable digital input/output	0-24V
		Jog (input):	
		OV = Stop, 24V = Jog	
8	DIN2	Direction – configurable digital input:	0-24V
		OV = Remote Forward, 24V = Remote Reverse	
7	DIN1	Run Forward – configurable digital input: 0V = Stop, 24V =	0-24V
		Run	
6	+24V	24V supply for digital I/O	*
5	AOUT1	Ramp Output – configurable analog output (10mA maximum	0-10V
		loading)	
4	10VREF	10V reference (10mA maximum loading)	10V
3	AIN2	Speed Trim – analog input 2	0-10V, 0-5V
			0-20mA, 4-20mA
2	AIN1	Speed Setpoint – analog input 1. If unused, tie this input to 0V.	0-10V, 0-5V
1	0V	OV reference for analog/digital I/O	0V

^{*} The total current available is 150mA, either individually or as the sum of terminal 6 & 10.

Terminal Block Acceptance Sizes

Wire sizes for Europe should be chosen with respect to the operating conditions and your local National Electrical Safety Installation Requirements. Local wiring regulations always take precedence. For North American UL wire sizes refer to Chapter 10: "Certification for the Drive" - Requirements for UL Compliance.

Product Code	Power T (minimum/maximum a	Control Terminals including Thermistor Terminals		
690PC/	0.75 / 10mr	0.75 / 10mm² (*16mm²)		
690PD/0150/ 690PD/0180/ 690PD/0220/	2.5 / 16mm	2.5 mm ²		
690PD/0300/	2.5 / 25mm	2.5 mm ²		
	Solid	Stranded		
690PE/	16 / 50mm²	25 / 50mm² (* 70mm²)	2.5 mm ²	
690PF/	25/120mm ²	35 / 95mm² (*120mm²)	2.5 mm ²	

Note: The standard Frame E and Frame F terminals are not intended for flat busbar. A Power Terminal adaptor is available to enable wiring with flat busbar, part number BE465483.

Terminal Tightening Torques

Frame Size	Model Recognition		Thermistor	Power	Brake	Ground
	Product Code (Block 2 & 3)	Catalog Code (Block 2 & 3)	& fan supply	Terminals	Terminals	Terminals
Frame C 230V	0055/230 0075/230	0007/230 0010/230	N/A	1.35Nm (12 lb-in)	1.35Nm (12 lb-in)	2.5Nm (22 lb-in)
Frame C 400/500V	0055/400 0055/500	0007/460	N/A	1.35Nm (12 lb-in)	1.35Nm (12 lb-in)	2.5Nm (22 lb-in)
Frame C 400/500V	0075/400 0110/400 0150/400 0075/500 0110/500 0150/500	0010/460 0015/460 0020C/460	N/A	1.35Nm (12 lb-in) enclosed terminal type 1.8Nm (16 lb-in) open terminal type	1.35Nm (12 lb-in)	2.5Nm (22 lb-in)
Frame D	All	All	N/A	4Nm (35 lb-in)	4Nm (35 lb-in)	4.5Nm (40 lb-in)
Frame E	All	All	0.7Nm (6.1 lb-in)	6-8Nm (53-70 lb-in)	6-8Nm (53-70 lb-in)	6-8Nm (53-70 lb-in)
Frame F	All	All	0.7Nm (6.1 lb-in)	15-20Nm (132-177 lb-in)	0.7Nm (6.1 lb-in)	42Nm (375 lb-in)

^{*} The larger wire sizes can be used provided a crimp is fitted to the wire

Optional Equipment

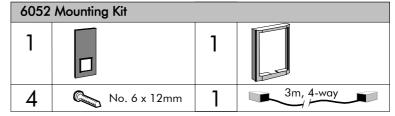
Fitting the Remote 6521/6901 Keypad

The 6052 Mounting Kit is required to remote-mount a 6521 Keypad. An enclosure rating of IP54 is achieved for the remote Keypad when correctly mounted using the 6052 Mounting Kit.

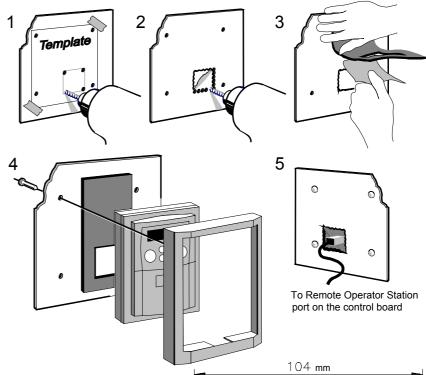
6052 Mounting Kit Parts for the Remote Keypad

Tools Required No. 2 Posidrive

screwdriver.



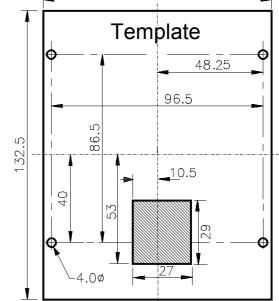
Assembly Procedure



Cutout Dimensions

An actual size template is provided with the Keypad/6052 Mounting Kit.

Figure 3-14 Mounting Dimensions for the Remote-Mounted Keypad 6521/6901





The 6901 keypad, supplied with 690+ products, may be remote mounted and connected to the 650V drive in the same way.

Fitting the Remote 6511 Keypad

Two types of 650 keypad are available:

SSD Part No. 6511/DISP/... not suitable for remote-mounting

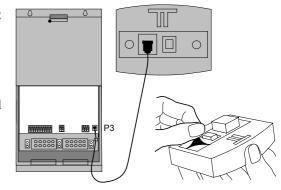
SSD Part No. 6511/DISPR/... suitable for remote-mounting on drives with an RS232 port

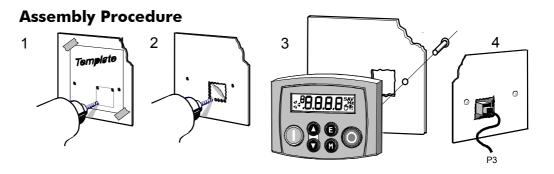
You can remote-mount the keypad using:

- a Remote Keypad (identified by the RS232 connector on the back
- the RS232 (P3) port located under the terminal cover

A standard P3 lead, SSD Part Number CM057375U300, is used to connect the keypad to the drive.

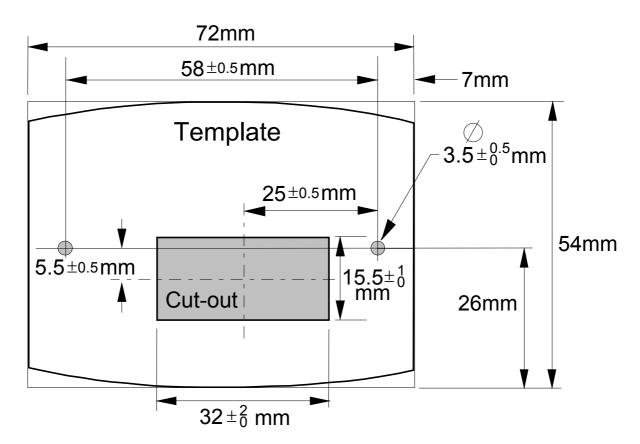
Two self-tapping screws are provided with the keypad. Remove the protective film from the gasket. An enclosure rating of IP54 is achieved for the remote keypad when correctly mounted.





Cut-out Dimensions

The drawing below can be photocopied actual size (100%) and used as a template.

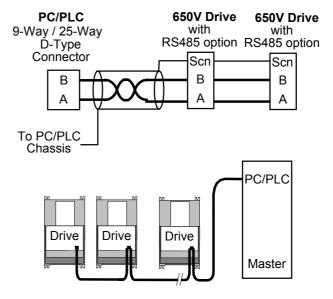


RS485 Communications Option

You can create a network of drives by linking a Master (PC/PLC) to one or more 650V drives fitted with this optional 3-way terminal. It is factory-fitted to the right hand side of the control board.

Signals from the host 650V drive are converted into RS485, and vice versa, so that information can be shared between the Master and 650V drive(s).

Wiring is very simple - all connections are SELV (Safe Extra Low Voltage).



master to single/multiple slave

RS485 Connections

Wiring Specifications				
	RS485 Connections			
Network Type	2-Wire Shielded Twisted-Pair			
Connections	A=RxA/TxA, B=RxB/TxB, Scn = Screen (shield)			
Signal Levels	To RS485 Standard			
Receiver Input Impedance	¼ Unit Load			
Maximum Cable Length	1200m (4000ft)			
Maximum Baud Rate	57.6kbaud			
Maximum Number of Units	32 including slaves and masters			

Configure the Drive

You must configure the drive to your system. Set-up the parameters in the SERIAL menu as appropriate. For further information refer to the RS485/RS232 Communications Interface Technical Manual, HA466357U001.

For Tag number information refer to the 650V Software Product Manual, available on the SSD Drives website: www.SSDdrives.com.

Top Cover

This can be fitted to wall-mounted 650V units to give improved compliance ratings. Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - Environmental Details.

The top cover must be correctly fitted and secured with screw(s).

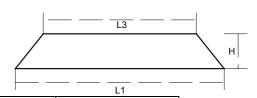
Note: The maximum operating temperature of the drive is reduced by fitting the top cover. Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - Environmental Details.

Item	Part Number
Top Cover Kit (UL Type 1 / IP4x), including screws A protective cover fitted to wall-mounted units to give improved compliance ratings	
Frame C	LA465034U002
Frame D	LA465048U002
Frame E	LA465058U002

External Brake Resistor

These standard power resistors are available from SSD Drives. These resistors should be mounted on a heatsink (back panel) and covered to prevent injury from burning.





Part Number	CZ463068	CZ388396
Models used on	Frames C, D, E	Frames C, D, E
Resistance	56Ω	36Ω
Maximum Wattage	200W	500W
5 second rating	500%	500%
3 second rating	833%	833%
1 second rating	2500%	2500%
Dimensions L1 (mm)	165	335
L2 (mm)	146	316
L3 (mm)	125	295
W (mm)	30	30
H (mm)	60	60
D (mm)	5.3	5.3
a (mm)	13	13
b (mm)	17	17
Flying lead length (mm)	500	500
Electrical Connection	M5 spade	M5 ring

North American Standard Dynamic Braking Resistor Kits

The Dynamic Braking Resistor kits were designed for stopping a motor at full load current from base speed with two times motor inertia, three times in rapid succession in accordance with NEMA ICS 3-302.62 Dynamic Braking Stop option.

	460 VAC Kit with C HEAVY D	Braking Resistor	460 VAC Dynamic Braking Resistor Kit with Cover NORMAL DUTY			
Нр	Ohms	kW	Catalog No.	Ohms	kW	Catalog No.
7.5	100	0.2	CZ353179	100	0.2	CZ353179
10	54	0.7	CZ353181	100	0.7	CZ353179
15	54	0.84	CZ353181	54	0.84	CZ353181
20	30	1.26	CZ353182	54	1.26	CZ353181
25	30	1.17	CZ353182	30	1.17	CZ353182
30	30	1.56	CZ353182	30	1.56	CZ353182
40	26	2.03	CZ353183	30	2.03	CZ353182
50	18.4	2.36	CZ353185	26	2.36	CZ353183
60	12	2.0	CZ353186	18.4	2.92	CZ353185
75	9	3.39	CZ353188	12	3.39	CZ353186
100	7	3.39	CZ353189	9	3.39	CZ353188
125	5.5	3.39	CZ353190	7	3.39	CZ353189
150	5.5	3.39	CZ353190	5.5	3.39	CZ353190

Brake Resistor Selection

Note: SSD Drives can supply suitable brake resistors.

Brake resistor assemblies must be rated to absorb both peak braking power during deceleration and the average power over the complete cycle.

$$Peak \ braking \ power \ P_{pk} = \frac{0.0055 \times J \times (n_1^2 - n_2^2)}{t_b} \quad (W)$$

$$J \quad - \ total \ inertia \ (kgm^2)$$

$$n_1 \quad - \ initial \ speed \ (rpm)$$

$$Average \ braking \ power \ P_{av} = \frac{P_{pk}}{t_c} x \ t_b \qquad n_2 \qquad - \ final \ speed \ (rpm)$$

$$t_b \quad - \ braking \ time \ (s)$$

$$t_c \quad - \ cycle \ time \ (s)$$

Obtain information on the peak power rating and the average power rating of the resistors from the resistor manufacturer. If this information is not available, a large safety margin must be incorporated to ensure that the resistors are not overloaded.

By connecting these resistors in series and in parallel the braking capacity can be selected for the application.

IMPORTANT: The minimum resistance of the combination and maximum dc link voltage must be as specified in Chapter 10: "Technical Specifications" - Internal Dynamic Brake Switch.

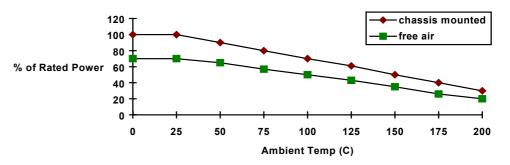


Figure 3-15 Brake Resistor Derating Graph

External AC Supply EMC Filter

WARNING!

External filters are available for use with TN and IT supplies. Please check for suitability in Chapter 8: "Technical Specifications" - External AC Supply (RFI) Filters. Do not touch filter terminals or cabling for at least 3 minutes after removing the ac supply.

Only use the ac supply filter with a permanent earth connection.

Mount the filter as close as possible to the drive.

Note: Follow the cabling requirements given in Chapter 8: "Technical Specifications" Refer to Chapter 9: "External AC Supply (RFI) Filters" for further information.

Footprint/Bookcase Mounting Filters for (Frame C, D, E & F)

These filters can be both footprint and bookcase mounted. They are suitable for wall or cubicle mount, but the filter must be fitted with the appropriate gland box when wall mounted.

The filters for Frames C, D and E look similar. The Frame D filter drawing is given in the following pages. Size variations for the frames are given in the table below.

The Frame F drawing and sizes are also supplied.

Filter Description	Filter Part Number	Terminal Block	Earth Terminal	Gland Mounting	Dimensions	Fixing Centres	Weight
Frame C							
460V TN	CO467841U044	10mm ²	5mm	4 x 4mm	400 x 178x 55mm	384 x 150mm	2.1kg
500V IT/TN	CO467842U044	10mm²	5mm	4 x 4mm	400 x 178x 55mm	384 x 150mm	2.1kg
					Gland P	ate : BA467	7840U044
Frame D							
460V TN	CO467841U084	25mm ²	6mm	4 x 4mm	513 x 233 x 70mm	495 x 208mm	4.2kg
500V IT/TN	CO467842U084	25mm ²	6mm	4 x 4mm	513 x 233 x 70mm	495 x 208mm	4.2kg
					Gland P	ate : BA467	7840U084
Frame E							
460V TN	CO467841U105	50mm ²	8mm	4 x 4mm	698 x 250 x 80mm	680 x 216mm	6.2kg
500V IT/TN	CO467842U105	50mm ²	8mm	4 x 4mm	698 x 250 x 80mm	680 x 216mm	6.2kg
					Gland P	ate : BA467	7840U105
Frame F							
460V TN	CO467841U215	95mm²	8mm	not applicable	825 x 250 x 115mm	795 x 216mm	
500V IT/TN	CO467842U215	95mm²	8mm	not applicable	825 x 250 x 115mm	795 x 216mm	
		ı	ı	1	Gland	Plate : Not	applicable

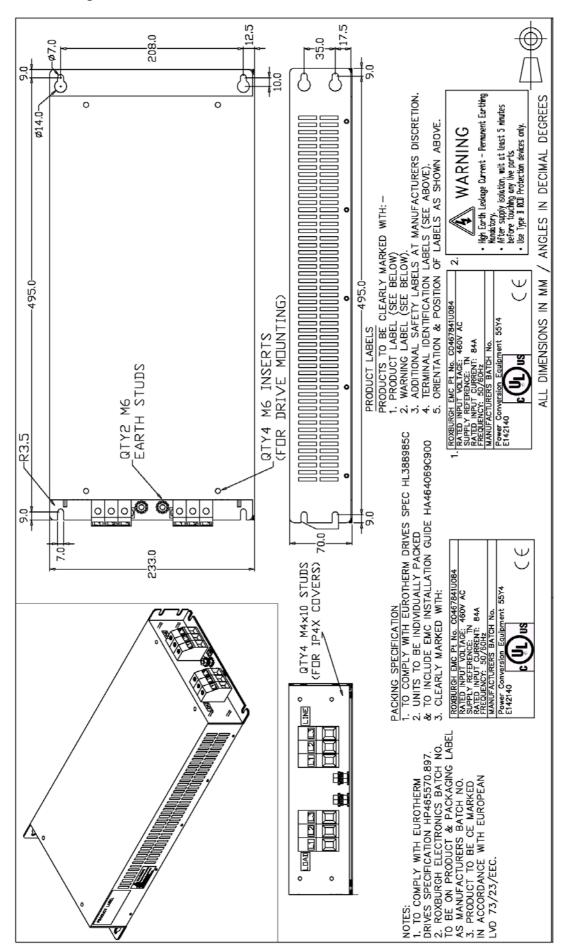


Figure 3-16 Footprint/Bookcase Mounting Filters (generic)

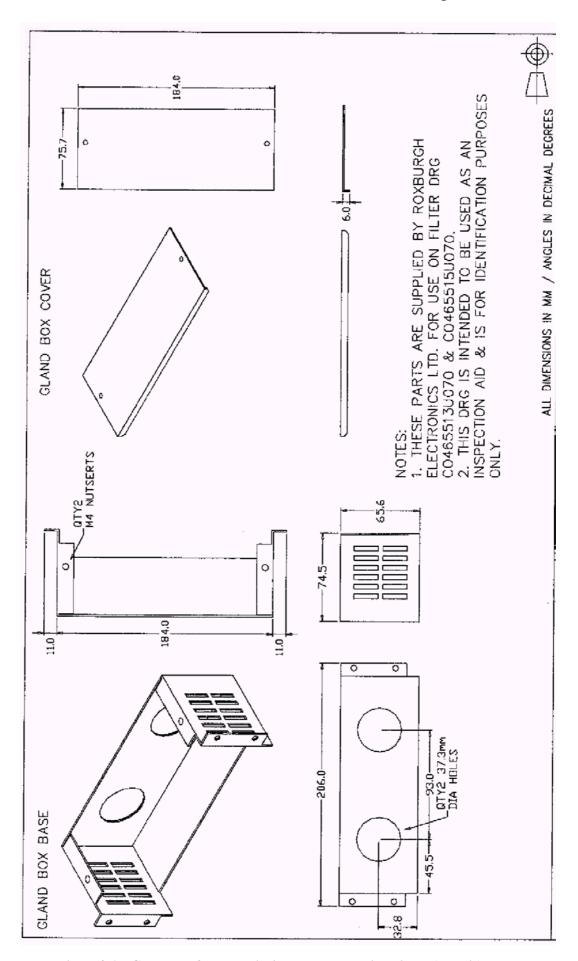


Figure 3-17 Gland Box for Footprint/Bookcase Mounting Filters (generic)

EMC Motor Output Filter

This can help the drive achieve EMC and filter thermal conformance. It also ensures longer motor life by reducing the high voltage slew rate and overvoltage stresses. Mount the filter as close to the VSD as possible. Please refer to SSD Drives for the selection of a suitable filter.

Output Contactors

Output contactors can be used, although we recommend that this type of operation is limited to emergency use only, or in a system where the drive can be inhibited before closing or opening this contactor.

Earth Fault Monitoring Systems

We do not recommend the use of circuit breakers (e.g. RCD, ELCB, GFCI), but where their use is mandatory, they should:

- Operate correctly with dc and ac protective earth currents (i.e. type B RCDs as in Amendment 2 of IEC755).
- Have adjustable trip amplitude and time characteristics to prevent nuisance tripping on switch-on

When the ac supply is switched on, a pulse of current flows to earth to charge the internal/external ac supply EMC filter's internal capacitors which are connected between phase and earth. This has been minimised in SSD Drives' filters, but may still trip out any circuit breaker in the earth system. In addition, high frequency and dc components of earth leakage currents will flow under normal operating conditions. Under certain fault conditions larger dc protective earth currents may flow. The protective function of some circuit breakers cannot be guaranteed under such operating conditions.

WARNING!

Circuit breakers used with VSDs and other similar equipment are not suitable for personnel protection. Use another means to provide personal safety. Refer to EN50178 (1997) / VDE0160 (1994) / EN60204-1 (1994)

Line Chokes (input)

Line chokes may be used to reduce the harmonic content of the supply current where this a particular requirement of the application or where greater protection from mains borne transients is required. Please refer to SSD Drives for the selection of a suitable line choke for Frames C and D.

AC Motor Choke (output)

Installations with long cable runs may suffer from nuisance overcurrent trips, refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - Cabling Requirements for maximum cable lengths. A choke may be fitted in the drive output to limit capacitive current. Screened cable has a higher capacitance and may cause problems in shorter runs. Contact SSD Drives for recommended choke values.

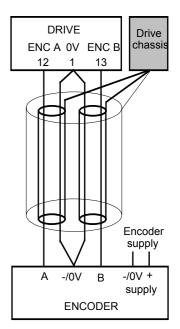
Encoder Connections

The drive is **only** suitable for use with single-ended encoders. Take special care wiring the encoder to the drive due to the low level of the signals.

All wiring to the drive should be made in screened cable. Use cable with an overall screen and a screen over each individual pair. To ensure compliance with the EMC Directive the overall cable screen should be connected to the drive chassis.

Recommended cable (pairs individually screened):
Belden equivalent 8777
SSD Drives Part Number CM052666

The drive will operate with 5-24V encoders. Provide the correct supply for the encoder. Do not use the 10V or 24V supply from the drive.



OPERATING THE DRIVE

Pre-Operation Checks

WARNING!

Wait for 5 minutes after disconnecting power before working on any part of the system or removing the terminal cover from the drive.

Initial checks before applying power:

- Check for damage to equipment.
- Mains power supply voltage is correct.
- Motor is of correct voltage rating and is connected in either star or delta, as appropriate.
- Check all external wiring circuits power, control, motor and earth connections.

Completely disconnect the drive before point to point checking with a buzzer, or when checking insulation with a Meggar.

- Check for loose ends, clippings, drilling swarf etc. lodged in the drive and system.
- If possible check that the motor can be turned freely, and that any cooling fans are intact and free from obstruction.

Ensure the safety of the complete system before the drive is energised:

- Ensure that rotation of the motor in either direction will not cause damage.
- Ensure that nobody else is working on another part of the system which will be affected by powering up.
- Ensure that other equipment will not be adversely affected by powering up.

Prepare to energise the drive and system as follows:

- Remove the supply fuses, or isolate using the supply circuit breaker.
- Disconnect the load from the motor shaft, if possible.
- If any of the drives control terminals are not being used, check whether these unused terminals need to be be tied high or low.
- If the motor thermistor terminals are not connected to a motor thermistor, connect these terminals together.
- Check external run contacts are open. Check external speed setpoints are all zero.

Re-apply power to the drive and system

Initial Start-up Routines

Refer to Chapter 5: "Using the Keypad" to familiarise yourself with the keypad's indications, and how to use the keys and menu structure.



IMPORTANT

When power is applied to the drive in Remote Control, it will immediately start running if the RUN signal is active.

WARNING!

Unpredictable motion, especially if motor parameters are incorrect. Ensure no personnel are in the vicinity of the motor or any connected machinery. Ensure that machinery connected to the motor will not be damaged by unpredictable mation.

Ensure that the emergency stop circuits function correctly before running the motor for the first time.

The drive can be started in either Remote Control or Local Control. By default, the drive will start in Local Control.

These routines assume that the drive's control terminals are wired as shown in the Control Wiring Connections in Chapter 3.

Connected in this way, a positive setpoint will rotate the motor in a clockwise direction when viewed down the shaft, looking toward the motor.

Note: If during the start-up routine the display shows either an alarm (indicated by the letter "A") or a flashing Warning message, refer to Chapter 7: "Trips and Fault Finding".



4-2 Operating the Drive

Local Control Operation

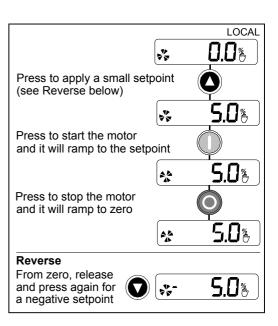


This is the simplest method of operating the drive. The drive can only operate in V/F fluxing control mode (VOLTS/Hz).

Connect the keypad to the drive and power -up the unit.

The drive will display the Local screen. If not, refer to Chapter 5 and select Local Control.

Follow the instructions opposite to start and stop the motor.



Remote Control Operation



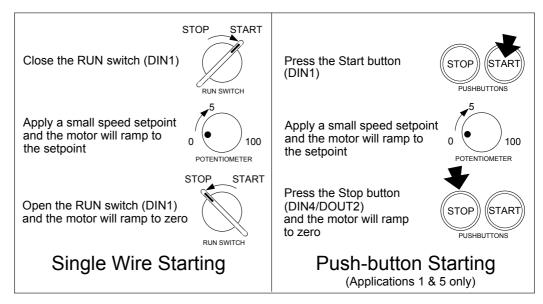
Connect the keypad to the drive and power-up the unit.

The drive will display the Local screen. Refer to Chapter 5 and select Remote Control.

IMPORTANT: Ensure that the speed potentiometer is set to zero.

Follow the instructions below to start and stop the motor using your control panel.

Reverse the motor's direction of rotation using the DIN2 connection (0V = forward, +24V = reverse). Alternatively, swap two of the motor phases (WARNING: Disconnect the mains supply first).



The installation of your drive is now complete:

The drive will operate as an open-loop drive. It is programmed to control an induction motor of equivalent power, current, and voltage rating to the drive. Using the keypad (or other suitable programming tool) the drive must now be set-up:

- as a simple Open-loop drive (V/F Fluxing Mode) provides less torque control at low speeds, but is ideal for controlling fans and pumps
- in Sensorless Vector Fluxing mode used for maximum torque control at low speeds, for example, in operating a lift

Set-up as an Open-loop Drive (V/F Fluxing) The parameters most likely to require attention in this (default) control mode (VOLTS / HZ) are

shown below.

Display	Parameter	Default	Brief Description
P 2	MAX SPEED	Default is Product Code dependent	Set the speed in Hz at which the 650V will run when the maximum setpoint is applied
РЭ	MIN SPEED	0.0%	Minimum speed clamp
PY	ACCEL TIME	10.0 s	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp up from zero to MAX SPEED
P S	DECEL TIME	10.0 s	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp down from MAX SPEED to zero
P 6	MOTOR CURRENT	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter the motor nameplate full-load line current
P7	BASE FREQUENCY	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter the output frequency from the motor nameplate
PO	JOG SETPOINT	10.0 %	Drive speed setpoint whilst jogging
P 9	RUN STOP MODE	0	Selects a type of "ramp to standstill", for when RUN signal is removed
P 11	V/F SHAPE	LINEAR	Constant torque V to F characteristic
P 12	HEAVY/NORMAL DUTY	0	Selects between Heavy or Normal mode of operation
P 13	FIXED BOOST	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter a boost for starting torque to help with high friction loads
5CF01	CONTROL MODE	VOLTS / HZ (0)	This parameter contains the main method of motor control used by the drive, and by default is set to VOLTS/HZ

Additional parameters for when parameters $^{\rm CL}$ 04 (SLIP COMP ENABLE) and/or $^{\rm CL}$ 05 (STABILISATION ENABLE) are enabled:

(STABILISATION	ENABLE) are enabled:		
2C L O 2	NAMEPLATE RPM	1445.0	This parameter contains the motor nameplate full-load rated speed. This is the motor speed in rpm at base frequency minus full load slip
5[L 11]	MOTOR POLES	4 pole	This parameter contains the motor nameplate poles
2CT 15	MOTOR VOLTAGE	Default is Product Code dependent	This parameter contains the motor nameplate voltage at base frequency
5 <u>[</u> 14	MAG CURRENT	Default is Product Code dependent	This parameter contains the motor model no-load line current as determined by the Autotune

Set-up using the Sensorless Vector Fluxing Mode

The drive must be tuned to the motor in use by matching the motor parameters in the drive to those of the motor being controlled.

IMPORTANT: You **MUST** use the Autotune feature.

Enter values for the following parameters.

Display	Parameter	Default	Brief Description
٩ ٥	MAX SPEED	Default is Product Code dependent	Set the speed in Hz at which the 650V will run when the maximum setpoint is applied
P 3	MIN SPEED	0.0%	Minimum speed clamp
РЧ	ACCEL TIME	10.0 s	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp up from zero to MAX SPEED
P 5	DECEL TIME	10.0 s	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp down from MAX SPEED to zero
Р Б	MOTOR CURRENT	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter the motor nameplate full-load line current
P7	BASE FREQUENCY	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter the output frequency from the motor nameplate
PB	JOG SETPOINT	10.0 %	Drive speed setpoint whilst jogging
P 9	RUN STOP MODE	0	Selects a type of "ramp to standstill", for when RUN signal is removed
b 15	HEAVY/NORMAL DUTY	0	Selects between Heavy or Normal mode of operation
5CF01	CONTROL MODE	SENSORLESS VEC (1)	This parameter contains the main method of motor control used by the drive, and by default is set to VOLTS/HZ
2CF05	NAMEPLATE RPM	1445.0	Enter the motor nameplate full-load rated speed. This is the motor speed in rpm at base frequency minus full load slip
5[L 11]	MOTOR POLES	4-pole	Enter the number of motor poles shown on the motor nameplate
2CT 15	MOTOR VOLTAGE	Default is Product Code dependent	Enter the motor nameplate voltage at base frequency
2CF 50	AUTOTUNE MODE	0	Selects the Autotune operating mode.
2CF51	AUTOTUNE ENABLE	0	Enables the Autotune feature

The Autotune Feature

IMPORTANT: You MUST carry out an Autotune if you intend to use the drive in Sensorless Vector Fluxing Mode. If you are using it in Volts/Hz control an Autotune is not necessary.

> The Autotune feature identifies motor characteristics to allow the drive to control the motor. It loads the values into the parameters below.

Display	Description	Note
5CL 14	MAG CURRENT	Magnetising current. Not measured by Stationary Autotune
5 <u>[[17]</u>	STATOR RES	Per phase stator resistance
5CL 18	LEAKAGE INDUC	Per phase stator leakage inductance
5CL 19	MUTUAL INDUC	Per phase mutual inductance
5CL IA	ROTOR TIME CONST	Rotor time constant. This is identified from magnetising current and motor nameplate rpm

Stationary or Rotating Autotune?

Will the motor spin freely, i.e. not connected to a load, during the Autotune?

- If it can spin freely, use a Rotating Autotune (preferred)
- If it cannot spin freely, use a Stationary Autotune

	Action	Requirements
Rotating Autotune Preferred method	Spins the motor up to the maximum speed set by the user to identify all necessary motor characteristics	Motor must spin freely during Autotune
Stationary Autotune Only used when the motor cannot spin freely during the Autotune feature	Motor does not spin during Autotune. A limited set of motor characteristics are identified	You must enter the correct value of magnetising current Do not subsequently operate the drive above base speed

Necessary Data

You MUST enter values for the following parameters before an Autotune can be carried out:

MOTOR CURRENT BASE FREQUENCY

MOTOR VOLTAGE (maximum motor output voltage)

NAMEPLATE RPM (motor nameplate speed) MOTOR POLES (the number of motor poles)

Performing a Rotating Autotune

Check that the motor can rotate freely in the forward direction. Ensure also that the motor is unloaded. Ideally, the motor shaft should be disconnected. If the motor is connected to a gearbox this is ok, provided that there is nothing on the output of the gearbox which could load the motor.

- 1. Set MAX SPEED (^P 2) to the maximum speed at which you will operate the drive in normal operation. The Autotune will characterise the motor up to 30% above this speed. If you later wish to run faster than this, you will need to carry out another Autotune.
- 2. Set the AUTOTUNE MODE (S CL20) parameter to ROTATING(1).
- 3. Set AUTOTUNE ENABLE (^S CL21) to 1 (TRUE), and start the drive. The drive will carry out a Rotating Autotune, indicated by the Run and Stop led's flashing on the blank cover when fitted, or by flashing **FL** n on the keypad. This may take several minutes, during which the motor will be accelerated to maximum speed and then brought to a stop. When complete, the drive is returned to the stopped condition and the AUTOTUNE ENABLE parameter is reset to 0 (FALSE).

Performing a Stationary Autotune

Before starting the stationary Autotune, you **MUST** enter the value of magnetising current for the motor (^S CL14). This may be available on the motor nameplate. If not, you may need to contact the motor supplier.

- 1. Set the AUTOTUNE MODE (S CL20) parameter to STATIONARY(0).
- 2. Set AUTOTUNE ENABLE (^S CL21) to 1 (TRUE), and start the drive. The drive will carry out a Stationary Autotune, injecting current into the motor but not turning the shaft. The Run and Stop led's will flash on the blank cover when fitted, or \(\begin{align*} \Pi \Bigcap \end{align*} \) will flash on the keypad. When complete, the drive is returned to the stopped condition and the AUTOTUNE ENABLE parameter is reset to 0 (FALSE).

4-6 Operating the Drive

Reading the Status LEDs

The Keypad can be replaced with the Blank Cover.

The HEALTH and RUN LEDs indicate status. The LEDs are considered to operate in five different ways:

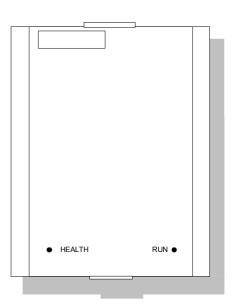
OFF

SHORT FLASH

EQUAL FLASH

O LONG FLASH

ON



HEALTH	RUN	Drive State
		Re-configuration, or corrupted non-volatile memory at power-up
		Tripped
		Auto Restarting, waiting for trip cause to clear
		Auto Restarting, timing
		Stopped
		Running with zero reference, enable false or contactor feedback false
		Running
		Stopping
		Braking and running with zero speed demand
		Braking and running
		Braking and stopping

Table 4-1 Status indications given by the Blank Cover Health and Run LEDs

THE KEYPAD

The 650V can be fitted with a Keypad (Man-Machine Interface, MMI).

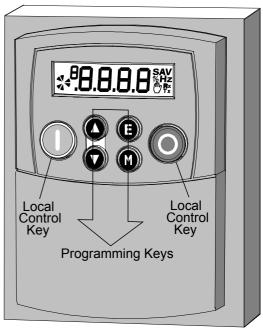
It provides for local control of the drive, monitoring, and complete access for application programming.

Insert the Keypad into the front of the drive (replacing the blank cover and plugging into the RS232 programming port); or mount it up to 3 metres away using the optional mounting kit with connecting lead: refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" – Fitting the Remote 6521 Keypad.

The Power-Up Condition

On initial power-up, direct from the factory, the drive is in Local Control and the MMI will display the Local Setpoint, **D.D.** **D***.

All parameters will be at factory default settings. Any changes to these conditions are automatically saved. The drive will initialise on subsequent power-ups with the previously saved settings and control mode.



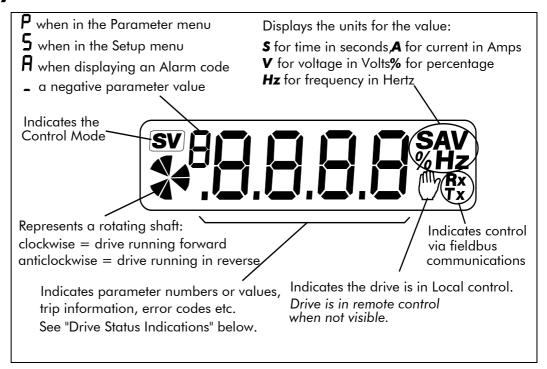
The 6521 Keypad

Using the Keypad

Control Key Definitions

Key	Operation	Description
		Navigation – Displays the previous level's menu
	Escape	Parameter – Returns to the parameter list
	Liscape	Trip Display– Removes Trip or Error message from display allowing investigation of parameters
	Menu	Navigation – Displays the next menu level, or the first parameter of the current Menu
	Menu	Parameter – Moves cursor to the left when the parameter is adjustable
		Navigation – Move upwards through the menu system
	Increment	Parameter – Increase value of the displayed parameter
		Local Mode – Increase value of the local setpoint
	Decrement	Navigation – Move down through the menu system
		Parameter – Decrease value of the displayed parameter
		Local Mode – Decrease value of the local setpoint
		Local Mode – Run the drive
	Run	Trip Reset – Resets trip condition allowing drive to resume
		operation
_		Local Mode – Stops the drive. Trip Reset in all modes
	Stop	Navigation – Press and hold to toggle between Local and Remote Control modes (refer to page 5.4)
		Trip Reset – Resets trip condition allowing drive to resume
		operation

Display Indications

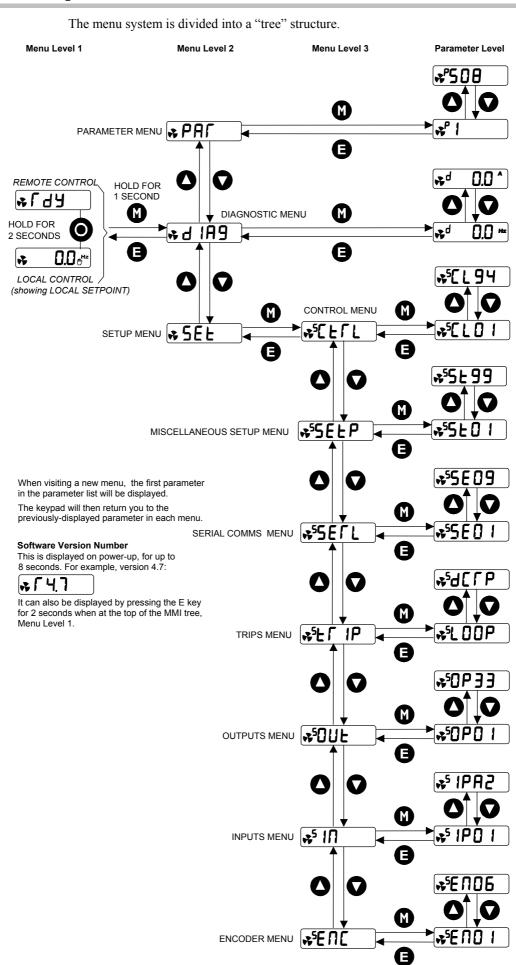


Drive Status Indications

The keypad can display the following status information:

Display	Status Indication and Meaning	Possible Cause
LAA	READY/HEALTHY No alarms present. Remote Control selected	
PASS	PASSWORD Current password must be entered before this parameter may be altered.	Enter password to change the parameter. Refer to page 5.5
	LOCAL Local Control selected	Added or removed from the display letter-by-letter to indicate entering or leaving Local Control
SEOP	STOP Coast Stop or Prog Stop active	Jog (6901 op station only) or Run pressed while Coast Stop or Prog Stop lines are active, (low), on the sequencing block. Local control only.
רטח	RUN Not possible to change between Local/Remote mode	The drive is running in Local mode or the Remote run signal is active
	JOG Not possible to change between Local/Remote mode	The Remote jog signal is active
EUPT	ENABLE Pressed RUN or JOG key in Local mode while Enable signal is low	The drive Enable signal is inactive, (low)

The Menu System



5-4 The Keypad

How To Change a Parameter Value

- View the parameter to be edited and press to display the parameter's value.
- Select the digit to be changed (pressing the W key moves the cursor from right to left).
- Use the keys to adjust the value. Hold the key momentarily to adjust the value marginally, or hold the key to make rapid changes; the rate of change varies with the time held
- Press **E** to return to the parameter display. The new value is stored.

Special Menu Features

Resetting to Factory Defaults (2-button reset)

Power-up the drive whilst holding the keys as shown to return to factory default settings.

This loads Application 1. Then press the

Hold down the keys opposite: Power-up the drive, continue to hold for at least 1 second



Selecting Local or Remote Control

The drive can operate in one of two ways:

Remote Control: Allowing access for application programming using digital and

analog inputs and outputs

Local Control: Providing local control and monitoring of the drive using the

Keypad

Local control keys are inactive when Remote Control is selected.

In Remote Control, the drive uses a remote setpoint. In Local Control, it uses the Local Setpoint parameter whose value is adjusted on the MMI.

Note: You can only change between Local and Remote Control when the drive is "stopped", and either **I d y** or the Local Setpoint is displayed.

Remote to Local Control:

Hold this key down until the display shows rdy

REMOTE

Hold this key down until the display spells LOCAL

Release the key to display the Local Setpoint

LOCAL

Local to Remote Control:

View the Local Setpoint

Hold this key down until LOC is removed from the display

Release the key to display

Tdy

REMOTE

Note: For safety reasons, the drive will not return to Remote Control if this will cause the drive to start. Check RUN and JOG inputs are low.

Password Protection

When activated, an odd-numbered password prevents unauthorised parameter modification by making all parameters read-only. The local setpoint is not made read-only if an even-numbered password is used. Password protection is set-up using the **P 99** parameter

Ciana	ACTIV	ATE	TEMPORARY DE-A	CTIVATION	REMOVE PA	SSWORD
Steps	Actions	Display	Actions	Display	Actions	Display
1	Go to F 99 Press M	0000	Try to edit any parameter with password activated	PASS → 0000	Go to ^P 99 Press M	PASS → 0000
2	Enter new password using	DDD 1 for example	Enter current password using	000 I for example	Enter current password using	000 I for example
3	Press E repeatedly until top of menu is reached	「dy, Remote Setpoint or Local Setpoint	Press 🖹	Original parameter displayed, password de-activated	Press (E) Reset to 0000 using (A)	0000
4	Press to activate password Cdy, Remote Setpoint or Local Setpoint		A drive will power-up password status. Ter activation is lost on p	nporary de-	Press to remove password	99 م
	Default = 0000, Any other value					

Quick Application Selection

You can navigate immediately to the APPLICATION parameter, ^P1, from power-up, as shown opposite.

Hold down the key opposite: Power-up the drive, continue to hold for at least 1 second



Then, press the key to display the current Application.

Use the keys to select the appropriate Application by number.

Press the **(E)** key to load the Application.

Refer to Chapter 13: "Applications" for further information.

5-6 The Keypad

PROGRAMMING YOUR APPLICATION

MMI Parameters

Included here is an "Operators" list of all the parameters available using the keypad. For more information about these and additional parameters accessible using ConfigEd Lite (or other suitable programming tool), refer to the 650V Software Product Manual on our website: www.eurothermdrives.com.

You can program the drive to your specific application. This programming simply involves changing parameter values. For instance, parameter ^P1 selects various Applications which can be used as starting points for application-specific programming.

Each Application internally re-wires the drive for a different use when it is loaded. The default for the parameter is "1". Changing this parameter's setting to "2" will load Application 2. Refer to Chapter 13: "Applications" for further information.

If necessary, there are three parameters for tuning your drive. Refer to PID - Tuning Your Drive, page 6-14.

Saving Your Modifications

When parameter values are modified or an Application is loaded, the new settings are saved automatically. The drive will retain the new settings during power-down.

The Diagnostics Menu

Display	Name	Description
O.O Hz	FREQUENCY	The current output frequency in Hertz
0.0%	SPEED SETPOINT	The set point as a percentage of MAX SPEED
0.0 v	DC LINK VOLTS	Vac (rms) $x \sqrt{2} = dc link Volts$ (when motor stopped)
0.0 A	MOTOR CURRENT	The current load value in Amps

MMI Parameters Table

Key to MMI Parameters Table

G	Parameters indicated with are visible with Full menus only. Refer to the DETAILED MENUS parameter (ST99).
M	Parameters indicated with mare Motor Parameters. They are not reset by changing Application using parameter ^P 1; all other parameters are reset to default values.
VF	Parameters indicated with VF are only visible when the drive is in VF (Volts/Hz) motor control mode, as selected by parameter ^S CL01.
SV	Parameters indicated with SV are only visible when the drive is in SV (Sensorless Vector) motor control mode, as selected by parameter ^S CL01.

Note: The "Range" for a parameter value is given in the Configurable Parameters Table. Ranges for outputs are given as "—.xx %", for example, indicating an indeterminate integer for the value, to two decimal places.

6-2 Programming Your Application

		MMI Paramete	rs Table		
Displ	ay	Parameter	Description	Range	Default
			SET::PAR Menu		
P	1	APPLICATION	This parameter selects and loads the Application to be used. APP 0 will not control a motor. APP 6, 7 & 8 are for future use. You can edit an Application in ConfigEd Lite and, then set this parameter to CUSTOM to produce your own custom Application. Refer to the 650V Software Product Manual, Chapter 5: "Applications" which gives detailed information about each Application. Note: Parameter values are changed to factory settings by loading a new Application, except Motor Parameters (indicated M)	1 = STANDARD	1
P	2	MAX SPEED	The frequency at which the 650V will run when maximum setpoint is applied. The default is Product Code dependent	7.5 to 300Hz	50 or 60Hz
P	3	MIN SPEED	The minimum frequency at which the 650V will run, as a percentage of the MAX SPEED parameter	-100.0 to 100.0%	0.0%
P	4	ACCEL TIME	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp up from zero to MAX SPEED	0.0 to 3000.0s	10.0s
P	5	DECEL TIME	The time taken for the 650V output frequency to ramp down from MAX SPEED to zero	0.0 to 3000.0s	10.0s
P	6	MOTOR CURRENT	This parameter contains the motor nameplate full-load line current	0.01 to 999.99A	product code dependent
P	7	BASE FREQUENCY M	The output frequency at which maximum voltage is reached. The default is Product Code dependent	7.5 to 240Hz	50 or 60Hz
P	8	JOG SETPOINT	Speed the 650V will run at if the Jog input is high, as a percentage of the MAX SPEED parameter	-100.0 to 100.0%	10.0%
P	9	RUN STOP MODE	RAMPED: The motor speed is reduced to zero at a rate set by DECEL TIME (P5). A 2 second DC pulse is applied at end of ramp COAST: The motor is allowed to freewheel to a standstill DC INJECTION: On a stop command, the motor volts are rapidly reduced at constant frequency to deflux the motor. A low frequency braking current is then applied until the motor speed is almost zero. This is followed by a timed DC pulse to hold the motor shaft.	0=RAMPED 1=COAST 2=DC INJECTION	0
P	11	V/F SHAPE	LINEAR LAW: This gives a constant flux characteristic up to the BASE FREQUENCY FAN LAW: This gives a quadratic flux characteristic up to the BASE FREQUENCY. This matches the load requirement for fan and most pump applications Refer to P12 OUTPUT VOLTS OUTPUT VOLTS QUADRATIC LAW FREQUENCY FB- BASE FREQUENCY FREQUENCY	0=LINEAR LAW 1=FAN LAW	0

	MI Paramete		_	
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default
P 12	NORMAL DUTY	% OF RATED MOTOR CURRENT 150% overload for 30s (Heavy Duty) 127.5% 105% TIME (s)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
		FALSE - HEAVY DUTY: Inverse time allows 150% overload for 30s, then ramps back the current limit to 105% over a 10s period. At a lower load, the overload area remains the same, e.g. at 127.5% load for 60s - after 60s has expired, the output of the inverse time function is ramped back over a 10s period from 150% as before.		
		TRUE - NORMAL DUTY: current limit is set to 110% motor current, inverse time delay is set to 30s When P11 is changed from FAN LAW to LINEAR LAW, P12 is set to 0 (HEAVY DUTY) When P11 is changed from LINEAR LAW to FAN LAW, P12 is set to 1 (NORMAL DUTY) P12 can be changed independently	NORMAL DUT previously refe as Quadratic T in past Eurothe Drives' manual	rred to Forque
El 9	FIXED BOOST M VF	Used to correctly flux the motor at low speeds. This allows the drive to produce greater starting torque for high friction loads. It increases the motor volts above the selected V/F characteristic at the lower end of the speed range OUTPUT VOLTS 100% CONSTANT POWER RANGE TORQUE FLUXING NORMAL FLUXING INCREASED NORMAL FLUXING FB = BASE FREQUENCY	0.00 to 25.00%	product code depender
P 99	PASSWORD	A password may be set to prohibit unauthorised adjustment of parameters. When ^P 99 is set to non-zero you will be required to match this value before parameters can be adjusted	0000 – FFFF	0000
arameters ^P 301	to ^P 308 are visible i	in the PAR menu when Application 3 is selected in par	ameter ^P 1	
1 OE 9	PRESET 0	A user-adjustable speed preset, set by potentiometer	-100.00 to 100.00	-
P 302	PRESET 1	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	20.00
P 303	PRESET 2	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	50.00
P 304	PRESET 3	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	100.00
P 305	PRESET 4	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	-10.00
P 306	PRESET 5	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	-20.00
P 307	PRESET 6	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	-50.00
P 308	PRESET 7	A user-adjustable speed preset	-100.00 to 100.00	-100.00
arameters ^P 401	to ^P 404 are visible i	in the PAR menu when Application 4 is selected in par	ameter ^P 1	
P 401	R/L RAMP TIME	The time taken to ramp the Raise/Lower output from 0.00% to 100.00% of its value	0.0 to 600.0s	10.0s
P 402	R/L MAX VALUE	The maximum value for the ramp output	-100.00 to 100.00%	100.00%
P 403	R/L MIN VALUE	The minimum value for the ramp output	-100.00 to 100.00%	0.00%

6-4 Programming Your Application

	M	MI Paramete	rs Table		
Display		Parameter	Description	Range	Default
P 40	4	R/L RESET VALUE	The value the output is set to when Reset is TRUE, when DIN4 (terminal 10) is 24V in Application 4	-100.00 to 100.00%	0.00%
Parameters	P501	and ^P 506 are visible	in the PAR menu when Application 5 is selected in po	arameter ^P 1	
P 50	1	PI P GAIN	The PI proportional gain	0.00 to 100.00	0.10
° 50	2	PI I GAIN	The PI integral gain	0.00 to 100.00	1.00
° 50	3	PID D GAIN	The PID derivative gain	0.00 to 100.00	0.00
P 50	4	PID D FILTER TC	In order to help attenuate high frequency noise on the derivative term, a first order lag has been provided. This parameter determines the filter time constant.	0.05 to 10.00s	0.05s
° 50	5	PID FEEDBACK GAIN	A multiplier applied to the feedback signal of the PID	-10.00 to 10.00	1.00
° 50	6	PID LIMIT	Determines the maximum positive and negative excursion (Limit) of the PID output	0.00 to 300.00%	300.00%
° 50	7	PID SCALING	This parameter represents an overall sclaing factor which is applied after the PID positive and negative limit clamps		1.0000
° 50	8	PID ERROR	The result of SETPOINT - FEEDBACK x FEEDBACK GAIN	—.xx %	—.xx%
° 50	9	PID OUTPUT	The output of the PID function block	—.xx %	—.xx %
Parameters	^P 901	and ^P 908 are visible	in the PAR menu when there are corresponding entri	es in the CUSTOM MEN	IU block.
P 90	1	CUSTOM MENU 1	Select a parameter to be displayed in the PAR Menu by entering the Tag Number for the parameter using ConfigEd Lite (or other suitable programming tool). Eight parameters can be entered into the menu. CUSTOM MENU 1 is the first of the new parameters in the menu, CUSTOM MENU 2 is the second of the new parameters in the menu, and so on. These parameters contained in P901 to P908 will appear at the bottom of the parameter list for the PAR Menu. Enter 0 to leave a position in the menu unused.	0 to 1655	0
P 90	2	CUSTOM MENU	As P901	0 to 1655	0
° 90	3	CUSTOM MENU	As ^P 901	0 to 1655	0
P 90	4	CUSTOM MENU	As P901	0 to 1655	0
° 90	5	CUSTOM MENU 5	As P901	0 to 1655	0
° 90	6	CUSTOM MENU 6	As ^P 901	0 to 1655	0
° 90	7	CUSTOM MENU 7	As ^P 901	0 to 1655	0
° 90	8	CUSTOM MENU 8	As P901	0 to 1655	0
			SET. CTPI Monu		

	SET::CTRL Menu				
5CF01	CONTROL MODE	This parameter contains the main method of motor control used by the drive	0=VOLTS/HZ 1=SENSORLESS VEC	0	
2CF 05	NAMEPLATE RPM	This parameter contains the motor nameplate full-load rated speed. This is the motor speed in rpm at base frequency minus full load slip	0.1 to 30000.0 RPM	product code dependent	

M	MI Paramete	rs Table		
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default
E0135	FLY-CATCH ENABLE VF	Enables flycatching in Volts/Hz control mode when TRUE. Allows the drive to catch a spinning load.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
EO135	FLY-CATCH ENABLE SV	Enables flycatching in Sensorless Vector control mode when TRUE. Allows the drive to catch a spinning load.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
5CL04	SLIP COMP ENABLE VF	Slip compensation is operational when TRUE. Eliminates motor speed variations under load conditions in V/F Fluxing Mode when the correct value for MAG CURRENT is entered into ^S CL14	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
⁵ CL O5	STABILISATION ENABLE VF	Enables the stabilisation function when TRUE. Eliminates light load speed variations in V/F Fluxing Mode	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	1
⁵ CL 06	VOLTAGE CONTROL MODE VE	NONE: no attempt is made to control the PWM modulation depth for variations in dc link voltage FIXED: the drive's output volts are maintained, regardless of variations in the dc link voltage. The drive's product code sets the default value for demanded maximum output voltage (see MOTOR VOLTAGE below) AUTOMATIC: the drive performs controlled overfluxing during motor deceleration	0=NONE 1=FIXED 2=AUTOMATIC	0
5CL07	BOOST MODE F VF	Determines the relationship between fixed boost and terminal volts. There are two settings: FALSE produces the terminal volts profile shown below (with Auto Boost set to 0.0 %). In this mode AUTO BOOST (CL08) should also be set to provide optimum low speed performance. TRUE emulates the terminal volts profile provided by the Eurotherm Drives' 601 product. This allows drop in replacement of the 601 by the 650V. AUTO BOOST (CL08) has no effect in this mode. Simple Mode (CL07 = 1) Output Frequency FIXED BOOST % Output Frequency Advanced Mode (CL07 = 0)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
5CL08	AUTO BOOST	This parameter allows for load dependent, stator resistance voltage-drop compensation. This correctly fluxes the motor (under load conditions) at low output frequencies, thereby increasing available motor torque AUTO BOOST is only used when BOOST MODE is set to 0. The value of the AUTO BOOST parameter determines the level of additional volts supplied to the motor for 100% load. Setting the value of AUTO BOOST too high can cause the drive to enter current limit. If this occurs, the time taken for the drive to reach operating speed will be extended. Reducing the value of AUTO BOOST will eliminate this problem.	0.00 to 25.00 %	0.00 %

6-6 Programming Your Application

M	MI Paramete	rs Table		
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default
5CL09	ENERGY SAVING F VF	When set TRUE, the demanded volts are reduced to minimise energy consumption if the drive is operating in a steady state at light load.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
5CL 10	MOTOR CURRENT M SV	This parameter contains the motor nameplate full-load line current	0.01 to 999.99A	product code dependent
5[[1]	MOTOR POLES M SV	This parameter contains the number of motor poles, as supplied on the motor nameplate	2=2 pole 4=4 pole 6=6 pole 8=8 pole 10=10 pole 12=12 pole	1
2CT 15	MOTOR VOLTAGE M	This parameter contains the motor nameplate voltage at base frequency	0.0 to 575.0V	product code dependent
5[[14	MAG CURRENT	This parameter contains the motor model no-load line current as determined by the Autotune, or taken from the motor nameplate	0.01 to 999.99 A	product code dependent
⁵ [L 15]	POWER M SV	This parameter contains the motor nameplate power.	0.00 to 355.00kW	product code dependent
5CL 16	MOTOR CONNECTION M SV	This parameter contains the motor nameplate connection.	0= DELTA 1= STAR	1
5[[17]	STATOR RES F M SV	This parameter contains the motor model per- phase stator resistance as determined by Autotune.	0.0000 to 250.0000Ω	product code dependent
5CL 10	LEAKAGE INDUC	This parameter contains the motor model per- phase leakage inductance as determined by Autotune.	0.00 to 300.00mH	product code dependent
⁵ [L 19]	MUTUAL INDUC	This parameter contains the motor model per- phase mutual inductance as determined by Autotune.	0.00 to 3000.00mH	product code dependent
5CL IA	ROTOR TIME CONST F M SV	This parameter contains the motor model rotor time constant as determined by Autotune.	10.00 to 3000.00ms	product code dependent
2CT 50	AUTOTUNE MODE SV	Selects the Autotune operating mode.	0= STATIONARY 1= ROTATING	0
2CT51	AUTOTUNE ENABLE SV	Determines whether the Autotune sequence is operational or not. The Autotune sequence is operational when set to TRUE and the drive is run	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
5[[0]	CURRENT LIMIT	This parameter sets the level of motor current, as a % of MOTOR CURRENT (^S CL10) at which the drive begins to take current limit action.	0.00 to 300.00%	300.00%
2CT 05	POS TORQUE LIMIT	This parameter sets the maximum allowed level of positive motor torque.	-500.0 to 500.0%	200.0%
5CL03	NEG TORQUE LIMIT	This parameter sets the maximum allowed level of negative motor torque.	-500.0 to 500.0%	-200.0%
5[[84]	STALL TRIP TYPE	This parameter determines whether the stall trip operates on motor torque or motor current. FALSE = TORQUE, TRUE = CURRENT	0= FALSE 1= TRUE	1
5[[9]	SPEED PROP GAIN F M SV	Sets the proportional gain of the loop. Speed error (revolutions per second) x proportional gain = torque percent.	0.00 to 300.00	product code dependent

Programming Your Application 6-7

MMI Parameters Table							
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default			
SCT 35	SPEED INT TIME	This is the integral time constant of the speed loop. A speed error which causes the proportional term to produce a torque demand T, will cause the integral term to also ramp up to a torque demand T after a time equal to "speed int time".	1 to 15000ms	product code dependent			
5CL93	SPEED POS LIMIT	This sets the upper limit of the speed demand.	-110.00 to 110.00%	110.00%			
⁵ [L94]	SPEED NEG LIMIT	This sets the lower limit of the speed demand.	-110.00 to 110.00%	-110.00%			

SET::IN Menu						
5 100 1	DIN 1 INVERT	Inverts the value of the signal, TRUE or FALSE.	0= FALSE 1= TRUE	0		
5 IPO2	DIN 2 INVERT	As ^s IP01	As ^S IP01	0		
5 IPO3	DIN 3 INVERT	As ^S IP01	As ^S IP01	0		
5 IPO4	DIN 4 INVERT	As ^S IP01	As ^S IPO1	0		
5 IPOS	DIN 5 INVERT	As ^S IP01	As ^S IPO1	0		
5 IP06	DIN 6 INVERT	As ^S IP01	As ^S IPO1	0		
5 IPO7	DIN 7 INVERT	As ^S IP01	As ^S IPO1	0		
5 IP 1 1	AIN 1 SCALE	TYPE SCALE OFFSET	-300.0 to 300.0%	100.0%		
5 1P 12	AIN 1 OFFSET	UNPROCESSED X + VALUE	-300.0 to 300.0%	0.0%		
5 IP 13	AIN 1 TYPE	0 to 100% of selected TYPE	0= 0-10V 1= 0-5V	0		
2 165 1	AIN 2 SCALE		-300.0 to 300.0%	100.0%		
2 1655	AIN 2 OFFSET	UNPROCESSED SCALE OFFSET UNPROCESSED Y + VALUE 0 to 100% of selected TYPE	-300.0 to 300.0%	0.0%		
5 1923	AIN 2 TYPE		0= 0-10V 1= 0-5V 2= 0-20mA 3= 4-20mA	3		
51941	DIN 1 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
2 1695	DIN 2 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
[EP41 s	DIN 3 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
2 1694	DIN 4 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
5 1945	DIN 5 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
2 1698	DIN 6 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
5 1947	DIN 7 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE input (after any inversion)	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
5 IPA I	AIN 1 VALUE	The input reading with scaling and offset applied	—.x%	—.x%		
5 IPA2	AIN 2 VALUE	The input reading with scaling and offset applied	—.x%	—.x%		

6-8 Programming Your Application

MMI Parameters Table						
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default		
		SET::OUT Menu				
50P0 I	AOUT 1 SOURCE	ANALOG OUTPUT 0 NONE 1 DEMAND % 2 CURRENT % 3 PI ERROR % 4 RAISE/LOWER % OUTPUT ONONE SCALE 5 OPO2 OFFSET 5 OPO3 ABSOLUTE 5 OPO4	0= NONE 1= DEMAND 2= CURRENT 3= PID ERROR 4= RAISE/LOWER OUTPUT	1		
50905	AOUT 1 SCALE	SCALE OFFSET ABS	-300.00 to 300.00%	100.00%		
50P03	AOUT 1 OFFSET	VALUE- X + X	-300.00 to 300.00%	0.00%		
50P04	AOUT 1 ABSOLUTE	100%	0= FALSE (not absolute) 1= TRUE (absolute)	1		
50P05	AOUT 1 VALUE	CLAMP OUTPUT 0%	-300.0 to 300.0%	0.0%		
50P2 I	DOUT 2 SOURCE Refer to Configuring Terminals 9 & 10 (Digital Input/Output), page 6-13.	DIN4 / DOUT2 0 NONE 1 HEALTH 2 TRIPPED 3 RUNNING 4 AT ZERO 5 AT SPEED 6 AT LOAD	0= NONE 1= HEALTH 2= TRIPPED 3= RUNNING 4= AT ZERO 5= AT SPEED 6= AT LOAD	0		
20655	DOUT 2 INVERT	(OUTPUT) As $^{\rm S}$ IP01. Set to 0 for applications 1 & 5.	As ^S IP01	0		
50P23	DOUT 2 VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE output demand.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
50P3 1	RELAY SOURCE	NONE: Relay is open Relay is closed when: HEALTH: the Run signal is not present, or no trip is active TRIPPED: a trip is present RUNNING: the motor is running AT ZERO: the output frequency is below 1% of MAX SPEED (P2) AT SPEED: the output frequency is at or near Setpoint and within ±1% of MAX SPEED, set by (P2). For example: if MAX SPEED = 50Hz and Setpoint = 30Hz, then 1% of MAX SPEED = 0.5Hz. So AT LOAD is True between 30 ±0.5Hz. AT LOAD: the magnitude of the output torque is greater than or equal to the torque level set in ST42 RELAY 0 NONE 1 HEALTH 2 TRIPPED 3 RUNNING 4 AT ZERO 5 AT SPEED 6 AT LOAD	As ^S OP21	1		
50932	RELAY INVERT	Inverts the value of the signal, TRUE or FALSE.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		
50P33	RELAY VALUE	The TRUE or FALSE output demand.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0		

M	MMI Parameters Table								
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default					
	SET::TRIP Menu								
5L00P	DISABLE LOOP	Disables LOST I LOOP trip (4-20mA)	0= TRIP ENABLED 1= TRIP DISABLED	1					
5 F 3	AIN2 OVERLOAD	Disables the overload trip (Terminal 3)	As ^S LOOP	0					
55ELL	DISABLE STALL	Disables STALL trip	As ^S LOOP	0					
50F	DISABLE MOTOR OVERTEMP	Disables the motor thermistor trip	As ^S LOOP	0					
51 F	INVERSE TIME	Disables the inverse time trip	As ^S LOOP	1					
29P L	DYNAMIC BRAKE RESISTOR	Disables the dynamic brake resistor trip	As ^S LOOP	1					
599 2	DYNAMIC BRAKE SWITCH	Disables the dynamic brake switch trip	As ^S LOOP	1					
2269	SPEED FEEDBACK	Disables the speed feedback trip	As ^S LOOP	0					
50569	OVERSPEED	Disables the overspeed trip	As ^S LOOP	0					
541 SP	DISPLAY (KEYPAD)	Disables the display (keypad) trip	As ^S LOOP	0					
29CLb	DC LINK RIPPLE	Disables the DC link ripple trip	As ^S LOOP	0					

	SET::SERL Menu						
⁵ 5E01	REMOTE COMMS SEL	Selects the type of remote communications mode: 0 : FALSE, and in REMOTE mode then control is from the terminals. 1 : TRUE, and in REMOTE mode then control is from the communications.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0			
⁵ 5E02	COMMS TIMEOUT	Sets the maximum time allowed between refreshing the COMMS COMMAND parameter. The drive will trip if this time is exceeded. Set the time to 0.00 seconds to disable this feature.	0.0 to 600.0s	0.0s			
⁵ 5E03	COMMS ADDRESS	The drives identity address. Note: if set to 0, it will only respond to broadcast messages.	0 to 255	0			
⁵ 5E04	BAUD RATE	Selects the Baud Rate for the MODBUS protocol.	0:1200 1:2400 2:4800 3:7200 4:9600 5:14400 6:19200 7:38400 8:57600	4			
55605	PARITY	Selects the Parity for the MODBUS protocol.	0= NONE 1= ODD 2= EVEN	0			
⁵ 5E06	REPLY DELAY ms	The time in milliseconds between the drive receiving the complete request from the communications master (PLC/PC) and replying to this request.	0 to 200	5			
⁵ 5E01	OP PORT PROTOCOL	Selects the protocol to be used by the keypad port on the front of the drive. When EIBISYNC ASCII is selected, BAUD RATE is 19200 and PARITY is EVEN. FIELDBUS is reserved for future use.	0= AUTOMATIC 1= KEYPAD 2=EIBISYNC ASCII 3= MODBUS 4= FIELDBUS	0			

6-10 Programming Your Application

M	MMI Parameters Table				
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default	
55600	P3 PORT PROTOCOL	Selects the protocol to be used by the RS232 programming port on the drive's control board. When EIBISYNC ASCII is selected, BAUD RATE is 19200 and PARITY is EVEN. FIELDBUS is reserved for future use.	As ^S SE07	0	
⁵ 5E09	RS485 PROTOCOL	Selects the protocol to be used by the RS485 programming port on the drive's control board. FIELDBUS is reserved for future use. KEYPAD is not applicable.	As ^s SE07	3	
55E 10	SWITCH OP PORT	When TRUE, the keypad port on the front of the drive is disabled when the communications equipment is connected to the RS232 programming port on the drive's control board. When FALSE, the RS485 programming port is disabled when the communications equipment is connected to the RS232 programming port. Both ports are on the drive's control board.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0	

	SET::SETP Menu					
55F01	JOG ACCEL TIME	As ^P 4, for Jog	0.0 to 3000.0s	1.0		
52F05	JOG DECEL TIME	As ^P 5, for Jog 0.0 to 3000.0s				
55103	RAMP TYPE	Selects the ramp type	0=LINEAR 1=S	0		
55F04	S RAMP JERK	Rate of change of acceleration of the curve in units per second ³		10.00		
⁵ 5±05	S RAMP CONTINUOUS	When TRUE and the S ramp is selected, forces a smooth transition if the speed setpoint is changed when ramping. The curve is controlled by the S RAMP JERK parameter. When FALSE, there is an immediate transition from the old curve to the new curve	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	1		
⁵ 5106	MIN SPEED MODE	Selects a mode to determine how the drive will follow a reference: Proportional : minimum limit, Linear : between minimum and maximum.	0=PROP.W/MIN. 1=LINEAR (used by the 601 product)	0		
55E 11	SKIP FREQUENCY 1	This parameter contains the centre frequency of skip band 1 in Hz	0.0 to 240.0 Hz	0.0		
55F 15	SKIP FREQUENCY BAND 1	The width of skip band 1 in Hz	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	0.0		
55E 13	SKIP FREQUENCY 2	This parameter contains the centre frequency of skip band 2 in Hz	0.0 to 240.0 Hz	0.0		
55F 14	SKIP FREQUENCY BAND 2	The width of skip band 2 in Hz	0.0 to 60.0 Hz	0.0		
52F51	AUTO RESTART ATTEMPTS	Determines the number of restarts that will be permitted before requiring an external fault reset	0 to 10	0		
22F55	AUTO RESTART DELAY	Determines the delay between restart attempts for a trip included in AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS and AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+. The delay is measured from all error conditions clearing	0.0 to 600.0 s	10.0		
55£23	AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS	Allows Auto Restart to be enabled for a selection of trip conditions. Refer to Chapter 7: "Trips and Fault Finding" - Hexadecimal Representation of Trips	0x0000 to 0xFFFF	0x0000		
⁵ 5£24	AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+	Allows Auto Restart to be enabled for a selection of trip conditions. Refer to Chapter 7: "Trips and Fault Finding" - Hexadecimal Representation of Trips	0x0000 to 0xFFFF	0x0000		
1E 122	DB ENABLE	Enables operation of the dynamic braking.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	1		

Programming Your Application 6-11

	MI Paramete						
Display	Parameter	Description				Range	Default
55F 35	DB RESISTANCE	The value o	f the load re	esistance.		1 to 1000	product code
							dependent
55£ 33	DB POWER	•	that the load	l resistance m	nay continually	0.1 to 510.0 kW	product
		dissipate.					code dependent
55E 34	DB OVER-RATING					1 to 40	25
	TOROLIE	•		no more the		24	
⁵ 5E 41	TORQUE FEEDBACK		of rated mo	otor torque, c tor torque.	is a	—.xx %	—.xx %
⁵ 5142	TORQUE LEVEL	This parame	eter sets the	value of load	l at which AT	-300.0 to 300.0 %	100.0 %
				AT LOAD is s			
		-	•	to ^s OP21 and or the motor.	d °OP31.		
551117	USE ABS		•		is ignored. In	0=FALSE	0
55643	<u>T</u> ORQUE			on level shoul		1=TRUE	Ü
	G	positive.					
					is not ignored.		
				verse directio ie. In this cas			
				e positive or			
⁵ 5 + 5 1	LOCAL MIN	-	_	ninimum setp		0.0 to 100.0 %	0.0 %
	SPEED	be used wh	en running i	n Local Mode			
	<u> </u>						
(SSF 25)	enabled keys			ne 6901 keyp		0000 to FFFF	FFFF
				r setting as in	combination the table		
11年12年			default of FF				
868	Parameter Setting	RUN	L/R	JOG	DIR	_	
835	0000	-	-	-	-	-	
039	0010	-	-	-	ENABLED		
2224	0020	-	-	ENABLED	-		
6901	0030	-	-	ENABLED	ENABLED		
	0040	-	ENABLED	-	-		
	0050	-	ENABLED	-	ENABLED		
	0060	-	ENABLED	ENABLED	-		
	0070	-	ENABLED	ENABLED	ENABLED		
	0800	ENABLED	-	-	-		
	0090	ENABLED	-	-	ENABLED		
	00A0	ENABLED	-	ENABLED	-		
	00B0	ENABLED	-	ENABLED	ENABLED		
	00C0	ENABLED	ENABLED	-	-		
	00D0	ENABLED	ENABLED	-	ENABLED		
	00E0	ENABLED	ENABLED	ENABLED	-		
	00F0	ENABLED	ENABLED	ENABLED	ENABLED		
6511	0330	disabling the going negathe L/R key	e DIR key pr tive (for reve prevents the	revents the lo erse). Similarl	y, disabling changed from		
l U	6521	Local to Rer	note, or Ren	note to Local	modes.		

6-12 Programming Your Application

M	MMI Parameters Table						
Display	Parameter	Description	Range	Default			
⁵ 5198	APPLICATION LOCK	Setting this parameter to TRUE prevents editing of parameter $^{P}1$. Set this parameter to FALSE to edit parameter $^{P}1$.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0			
⁵ 5199	DETAILED MENUS	Selects Full menu detail when TRUE. The additional parameters in the Full menus are indicated in this table by		0			

		SET::ENC Menu		
SENOI	ENC MODE	Set this parameter to the requirements for your encoder: 0: QUADRATURE (using digital inputs 6 & 7, ENCA and ENCB respectively) 1: CLOCK/DIR (using digital inputs 6 & 7, ENCA and ENCB respectively) 2: CLOCK (using digital input 6, ENCA)	0= QUADRATURE 1= CLOCK/DIR 2= CLOCK	0
¿EUOS	enc reset F	When TRUE the POSITION and SPEED outputs are set (and held) at zero.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
SEU03	ENC INVERT	When TRUE, changes the sign of the measured speed and the direction of the position count.	0=FALSE 1=TRUE	0
SEU04	ENC LINES	The number of lines must be set to match the type of encoder being used. Incorrect setting of this parameter will result in an erroneous speed measurement.	100 to 10000	100
SENOS	ENC SPEED SCALE	This parameter allows the output "speed" to be scaled to any value the user requires. With a default value of 1.00, the output "speed" is measured in revs per second. Changing the ENC SPEED SCALE value to 60.00 will provide an output in revs per minute. To provide an output in percent of the motor maximum speed, where maximum speed is the maximum speed your motor will run in rpm, the ENC SPEED SCALE parameter should be set to the result of: 6000 maximum speed (rpm)	0.00 to 300.00	1.00
2EUOE	ENC SPEED	Speed feedback, in units defined by the ENC SPEED SCALE parameter.	—.х	—.х

Configuring Terminals 9 & 10 (Digital Input/Output)

Terminal 10 can be operated as digital input DIN 4 or digital output DOUT2. It is configured via the keypad or ConfigEd Lite (or other suitable programming tool). The default for terminal 10 is to operate as a digital input, and the input logic is non-inverted.

Terminal 9 can be operated as digital input DIN3 or digital output DOUT1, however, it can only be configured via ConfigEd Lite (or other suitable programming tool). The default for terminal 9 is to operate as a digital input, and the input logic is non-inverted.

Configure for use as a Digital Input (default)

For example, to use terminal 10 as an input, the output circuitry must be disabled by setting ^SOP21 and ^SOP22 to zero. You can invert this logic using parameter ^SIP04.

Parameter	Setting
50P2 DOUT2 SOURCE	0
50P22 DOUT2 INVERT	0
5 1PO4 DIN4 INVERT	Default is 0, setting to 1 inverts the input logic

Configure for use as a Digital Output

For example, to use terminal 10 as an output, select ^SOP21 to be 1, 2, 3, 4, 5 or 6. For instance, you could set parameter ^SOP21 to 3 to have the output go high (24V) whenever the motor is running, operating an external relay or lamp. You can invert this logic using parameter ^SOP22.

Parameter	Setting	
		The output is high when:
	1 = HEALTH	The Run signal is not present, or no trip is active
	2 = TRIPPED	A trip is present
	3 = RUNNING	The motor is running
	4 = AT ZERO	The output frequency is below 1% of MAX SPEED (P2)
50P2 1 DOUT2 SOURCE	5 = AT SPEED	The output frequency is at or near Setpoint and within $\pm 1\%$ of MAX SPEED, set by (P2). For example: if MAX SPEED = 50Hz and Setpoint = 30 Hz, then 1% of MAX SPEED = 0.5 Hz. So AT LOAD is True between 30 ± 0.5 Hz.
	6 = AT LOAD	The magnitude of the output torque is greater than or equal to the torque level set in ST42
	Always set ^S IP04	to 0 if using Applications 1 and 5
50P22 DOUT2 INVERT	Default is 0, setti	ing to 1 inverts the output logic

PID - Tuning Your Drive

Parameters ^P501 to ^P508: PID is used to control the response of any closed loop system. It is used specifically in system applications involving the control of drives to provide zero steady state error between Setpoint and Feedback, together with good transient performance.

Proportional Gain (P501)

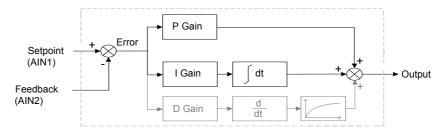
This is used to adjust the basic response of the closed loop control system. The PI error is multiplied by the Proportional Gain to produce an output.

Integral (P502)

The Integral term is used to reduce steady state error between the setpoint and feedback values of the PI. If the integral is set to zero, then in most systems there will always be a steady state error.

Derivative (P503)

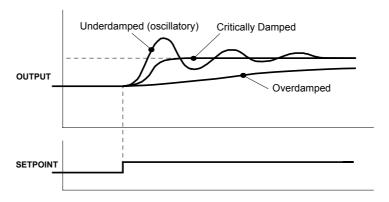
This is used to correct for certain types of control loop instability, and therefore improve response. It is sometimes used when heavy or large inertia rolls are being controlled. The derivative term has an associated filter to suppress high frequency signals.



- Functions as P, PI, PID controller
- Single symmetric limit on output

A Method for Setting-up the PI Gains

The gains should be set-up so that a critically damped response is achieved for a step change in setpoint. An underdamped or oscillatory system can be thought of as having too much gain, and an overdamped system has too little.



To set up the P gain, set the I gain to zero. Apply a step change in setpoint that is typical for the System, and observe the response. Increase the gain and repeat the test until the system becomes oscillatory. At this point, reduce the P gain until the oscillations disappear. This is the maximum value of P gain achievable.

If a steady state error is present, i.e. the feedback never reaches the setpoint value, the I gain needs to be increased. As before, increase the I gain and apply the step change. Monitor the output. If the output becomes oscillatory, reduce the P gain slightly. This should reduce the steady state error. Increasing the I gain further may reduce the time to achieve zero steady state error.

These values of P and I can now be adjusted to provide the exact response required for this step change.

Auto Restart

Parameters ^SST21 to ^SST24 provide the facility to automatically reset a choice of trip events and restart the drive with a programmed number of attempts. If the drive is not successfully started, a manual or remote trip reset is required.

The number of attempted restarts are recorded. This count is cleared after a trip-free period of operation (5 minutes or 4 x AUTO RESTART DELAY, whichever is the longer); or after a successful manual or remote trip reset; or by removing the Run signal (Terminal 7, DIN1).

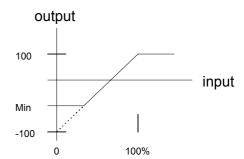
Refer to Chapter 7: "Trips and Fault Finding" - Hexadecimal Representation of Trips.

Minimum Speed Mode

There are two operating modes for the minimum speed feature.

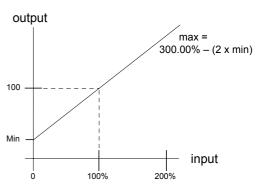
Proportional with Minimum

In this mode the speed setpoint is clamped to be between the minimum speed value (P3) and 100%. This is the default for the minimum speed feature.



Linear

In this mode the speed setpoint is first clamped to be in the range 0 to 100%. It is then rescaled so that the output goes linearly between the minimum speed value (P3) and 100% for an input setpoint that goes between 0% and 100%. If the minimum speed value (P3) is negative the speed setpoint will be internally set to 0%.



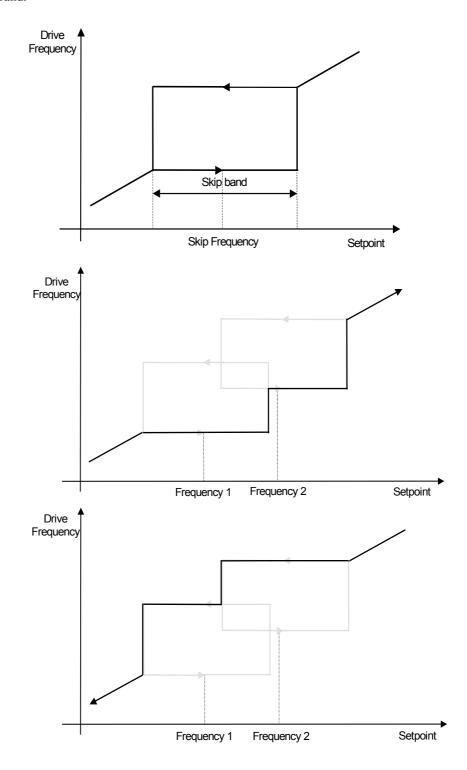
Skip Frequencies

Parameters ^SST11 to ^SST14 control two programmable skip frequencies that can prevent the drive from operating at frequencies that cause mechanical resonance in the load.

- Enter the value of the frequency that causes the resonance into the SKIP FREQUENCY parameter.
- Enter a width for the skip band into the SKIP FREQUENCY BAND parameter.

The drive will then avoid sustained operation within the forbidden band as shown in the diagram. The skip frequencies are symmetrical and thus work in forward and reverse.

Setting SKIP FREQUENCY or SKIP FREQUENCY BAND to 0 disables the corresponding band.



Product-Related Default Values

All examples given in this book are based on a UK, 400V, 50Hz, 11kW drive.

* Frequency Dependent Defaults

These parameter values (marked with "*" in function block descriptions and Application diagrams) are dependent upon the drive's "default frequency".

Changing the "default frequency" parameter from 50Hz to 60Hz, and vice versa, causes the values of the parameters in the table below to be changed.

To change the "default frequency", power-down the drive. Power-up the drive holding down the STOP and DOWN keys on the keypad. Release the keys to display the ^e 0.01 parameter.

Caution

You are now in a menu containing some sensitive and important parameters.

Press the UP key to display the ^e 0.02 parameter. Press the M key. The values for this parameter are: 0 = 50Hz default, 1 = 60Hz default. Select the setting using the UP/DOWN keys and then press the E key. Power-down the drive and power-up again holding down the UP and DOWN keys. This resets **ALL** parameters to their correct default values, including Motor Parameters.

Frequency Dependent Defaults									
Display	Parameter	Function Block	Tag	50Hz Operation	60Hz Operation				
P7	BASE FREQUENCY	MOTOR DATA	1159	50Hz	60Hz				
2CF05	NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	#	1750 RPM				
2CT 15	MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	*	*				
P 2	MAX SPEED	REFERENCE	57	50Hz	60Hz				
5CL 16	MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	STAR	STAR				

[#] The correct value is selected for the size of drive - refer to the Power Dependent Parameters table below
* The correct value is selected for the drive, however, when 60Hz is selected the 400V unit = 460V

** Power Dependent Defaults

These parameters (marked with "**" in function block descriptions and Application diagrams) are set to a value depending on the drive's overall "power-build" indicated by the Product Code. We recommend that you do not change the Product Code.

230V Build Powe	r Dependent De	faults					
		1	Fran	ne C	Frame D		
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	5.5kW	7.5kW	11kW	15kW	18.5kW
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	5.50 kw	7.50 kw	11.00 kw	15.00 kw	18.50 kw
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	19.65 A	25.39 A	34.78 A	46.96 A	57.16 A
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	5.90 A	7.62 A	10.43 A	14.09 A	17.15 A
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1445.0 RPM	1450.0 RPM	1460.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	230.0 V	230.0 V	230.0 V	230.0 V	230.0 V
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.80	0.83	0.86	0.87	0.87
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	0.4505 ohms	0.3487 ohms	0.2545 ohms	0.1885 ohms	0.1543 ohms
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	14.34 mH	11.10 mH	8.10 mH	6.00 mH	4.91 mH
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	57.36 mH	44.39 mH	32.41 mH	24.00 mH	19.64 mH
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	276.04 ms	303.65 ms	379.56 ms	506.08 ms	506.08 ms
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw
FREQUENCY	INJ BRAKING	577	9.0 Hz	9.0 Hz	9.0 Hz	9.0 Hz	9.0 Hz
DEFLUX TIME	INJ BRAKING	710	0.5 s	0.5 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s
BASE VOLTS	INJ BRAKING	739	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
DC LEVEL	INJ BRAKING	581	2.50%	2.50%	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%
DC PULSE	INJ BRAKING	579	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s
FINAL DC PULSE	INJ BRAKING	580	1.0 s	1.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	2.0 s	2.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	40.00%	40.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	10.0 s	10.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	3.0 s	3.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100	100
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0	0

Programming Your Application 6-19

230V Build Powe	r Dependent Det	faults				
			Frame E		Frame F	
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	22kW	30kW	37kW	45kW
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	22.00 kw	30.00 kw	37.00 kw	45.00 kw
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	65.82 A	93.53 A	114.32 A	136.83 A
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	19.75 A	28.06 A	34.27 A	41.05 A
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	230.0 V	230.0 V	230.0 V	230.0 V
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.87	0.87	0.87	0.87
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	0.1340 ohms	0.0943 ohms	0.0771 ohms	0.0644 ohms
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	4.26 mH	3.00 mH	4.45 mH	2.05 mH
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	17.06 mH	12.00 mH	9.82 mH	8.20 mH
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	506.08 ms	506.08 ms	506.08 ms	506.08 ms
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw
FREQUENCY	INJ BRAKING	577	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz
DEFLUX TIME	INJ BRAKING	710	1.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s
BASE VOLTS	INJ BRAKING	739	75.00 %	75.00 %	75.00 %	75.00 %
DC LEVEL	inj braking	581	1.3 %	1.3 %	1.3 %	1.3 %
DC PULSE	inj braking	579	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s
FINAL DC PULSE	inj braking	580	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	20.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	20.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	5.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0

6-20 Programming Your Application

400V Build Power Dependent Defaults									
	_			Frame C			Fran	ne D	
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	7.5kW	11kW	15kW	15kW	18.5kW	22kW	30kW
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	7.50 kw	11.00 kw	15.00 kw	15.00 kw	18.50 kw	22.00 kw	30.00 kw
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	14.60A	20.00A	27.00A	27.00A	33.00A	38.00A	54.00A
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	4.38 A	6.00 A	8.10 A	8.10 A	9.90 A	11.40A	16.20A
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1450.0 RPM	1460.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1460.0 RPM	1460.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	400.0 V						
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.83	0.86	0.87	0.87	0.88	0.88	0.86
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	1.0545 ohms	0.7698 ohms	0.5702 ohms	0.5702 ohms	0.4665 ohms	0.4052 ohms	0.2851 ohms
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	33.57 mH	24.50 mH	18.15 mH	18.15 mH	14.85 mH	12.90 mH	9.08 mH
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	134.27 mH	98.01 mH	72.60 mH	72.60 mH	59.40 mH	51.59 mH	36.30 mH
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	303.65 ms	379.56 ms	506.08 ms	506.08 ms	379.56 ms	379.56 ms	506.08 ms
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1kw						
FREQUENCY	inj braking	577	9.0 Hz						
DEFLUX TIME	inj braking	710	0.5 s	0.5 s	0.5 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s
BASE VOLTS	inj braking	739	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%
DC LEVEL	INJ BRAKING	581	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%	1.80%
DC PULSE	INJ BRAKING	579	2.0 s						
FINAL DC PULSE	inj braking	580	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	10.0 s						
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	10.0 s						
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	40.00%	40.00%	40.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms						
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1 : STAR						
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100	100	100	100
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

Programming Your Application 6-21

400V Build Power Dependent Defaults									
	Frame E Frame F								
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	30kW	37kW	45kW	55kW	75kW	90kW	
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	30.00 kw	37.00 kw	45.00 kw	55.00 kw	75.00 kw	90.00 kw	
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	54.00A	66.00 A	79.00 A	97.00 A	132.00 A	151.00 A	
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	16.20A	19.80 A	23.70 A	29.10 A	39.60 A	45.30 A	
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1470.0 RPM	1475.0 RPM	1475.0 RPM	1480.0 RPM	
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	400.0 V	400.0 V	400.0 V	400.0 V	400.0 V	400.0 V	
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.86	0.85	0.87	0.86	0.87	0.90	
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	0.2851 ohms	0.2333 ohms	0.1949 ohms	0.1587 ohms	0.1166 ohms	0.1020 ohms	
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	9.08 mH	7.43 mH	6.20 mH	5.05 mH	3.71 mH	3.25 mH	
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	36.30 mH	29.70 mH	24.81 mH	20.21 mH	14.85 mH	12.98 mH	
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	506.08 ms	506.08 ms	506.08 ms	607.30 ms	607.30 ms	759.12 ms	
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	
FREQUENCY	INJ BRAKING	577	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	
DEFLUX TIME	inj braking	710	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	
BASE VOLTS	inj braking	739	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	
DC LEVEL	inj braking	581	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	
DC PULSE	inj braking	579	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	
FINAL DC PULSE	inj braking	580	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	20.0 s	20.0 s	20.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	20.0 s	20.0 s	20.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	5.0 s	5.0 s	5.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s	
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.2	2.2	2.2	
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100	100	100	
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0	0	0	

6-22 Programming Your Application

460V Build Power Dependent Defaults (US)								
	·			Frame C		Fram	ne D	
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	10HP	15HP	20HP	30HP	40HP	
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	7.50 kw	11.00 kw	15.00 kw	22.00 kw	30.00 kw	
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	14.00 A	20.00 A	27.00 A	38.00 A	52.00 A	
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	4.38 A	6.00 A	8.10 A	11.40 A	16.20 A	
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1750.0 RPM					
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	460.0 V					
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.83	0.86	0.87	0.88	0.86	
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	1.0545 ohms	0.7698 ohms	0.5702 ohms	0.4052 ohms	0.2851 ohms	
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	33.57 mH	24.50 mH	18.15 mH	12.90 mH	9.08 mH	
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	134.27 mH	98.01 mH	72.60 mH	51.59 mH	36.30 mH	
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	303.65 ms	379.56 ms	506.08 ms	379.56 ms	506.08 ms	
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1 kw					
FREQUENCY	inj braking	577	9.0 Hz					
DEFLUX TIME	inj braking	710	0.5 s	0.5 s	0.5 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	
BASE VOLTS	inj braking	739	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	100.00%	
DC LEVEL	INJ BRAKING	581	2.50%	2.50%	2.50%	1.80%	1.80%	
DC PULSE	inj braking	579	2.0 s					
FINAL DC PULSE	inj braking	580	1.0 s	1.0 s	1.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	10.0 s					
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	10.0 s					
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	9.00%	
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	40.00%	40.00%	40.00%	15.00%	15.00%	
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	10.0 s	10.0 s	10.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00	
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms					
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1 : STAR					
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100	100	
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0	0	

Programming Your Application 6-23

Frame F								
Parameter	Function Block	Tag	75HP	100HP	125HP	150HP		
POWER	MOTOR DATA	1158	55.00 kw	75.00 kw	90.00 kw	90.00 kw		
MOTOR CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	64	97.00 A	130.00 A	151.00 A	151.00 A		
MAG CURRENT	MOTOR DATA	65	29.10 A	39.60 A	45.30 A	45.30 A		
NAMEPLATE RPM	MOTOR DATA	83	1750.0 RPM	1750.0 RPM	1750.0 RPM	1750.0 RPM		
MOTOR VOLTAGE	MOTOR DATA	1160	460.0 V	460.0 V	460.0 V	460.0 V		
POWER FACTOR	MOTOR DATA	242	0.86	0.87	0.9	0.9		
STATOR RES	MOTOR DATA	119	0.1587 ohms	0.1166 ohms	0.1020 ohms	0.1020 ohms		
LEAKAGE INDUC	MOTOR DATA	120	5.05 mH	3.71 mH	3.25 mH	3.25 mH		
MUTUAL INDUC	MOTOR DATA	121	20.21 mH	14.85 mH	12.98 mH	12.98 mH		
ROTOR TIME CONST	MOTOR DATA	1163	607.30 ms	607.30 ms	759.12 ms	759.12 ms		
BRAKE POWER	DYNAMIC BRAKING	78	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw	0.1 kw		
FREQUENCY	inj braking	577	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz	6.0 Hz		
DEFLUX TIME	inj braking	710	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s		
BASE VOLTS	inj braking	739	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%	75.00%		
DC LEVEL	INJ BRAKING	581	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%	1.30%		
DC PULSE	inj braking	579	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s	2.0 s		
FINAL DC PULSE	inj braking	580	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s	3.0 s		
FIXED BOOST	FLUXING	107	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%	0.00%		
ACCEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	258	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s		
DECEL TIME	REFERENCE RAMP	259	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s	30.0 s		
DEFLUX DELAY	PATTERN GEN	100	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s	4.0 s		
SEARCH VOLTS	FLYCATCHING	573	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%	8.00%		
SEARCH BOOST	FLYCATCHING	32	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%	15.00%		
SEARCH TIME	FLYCATCHING	574	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s	15.0 s		
REFLUX TIME	FLYCATCHING	709	6.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s	6.0 s		
OVERLOAD	MOTOR DATA	1164	2.2	2.2	2.2	2.2		
SPEED PROP GAIN	SPEED LOOP	1187	20.00	20.00	20.00	20.00		
SPEED INT TIME	SPEED LOOP	1188	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms	100 ms		
MOTOR CONNECTION	MOTOR DATA	124	1:STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR	1 : STAR		
BRAKE RESISTANCE	DYNAMIC BRAKING	77	100	100	100	100		
BOOST MODE	FLUXING	1058	0	0	0	0		

TRIPS AND FAULT FINDING

Trips

Trip Warning Message

The trip display message is flashed repeatedly on the screen to warn of an imminent trip. Some trip conditions need time to take effect. The warning can allow you time to rectify the situation.

The message will clear when you use the keypad, but after a short time will reappear until the problem is resolved, or the drive trips.

What Happens when a Trip Occurs

When a trip occurs, the drive's power stage is immediately disabled causing the motor and load to coast to a stop. The trip is latched until action is taken to reset it. This ensures that trips due to transient conditions are captured and the drive is disabled, even when the original cause of the trip is no longer present.

Keypad Indications

If a trip condition is detected the activated alarm is displayed on the MMI display.

Resetting a Trip Condition

All trips must be reset before the drive can be re-enabled. A trip can only be reset once the trip condition is no longer active, i.e. a trip due to a heatsink over-temperature will not reset until the temperature is below the trip level.

You can reset the trip as follows:

- 1. Press the (STOP) key to reset the trip and clear the alarm from the display.
- 2. Remove and then re-apply the RUN command and the drive will run normally.

In remote mode, success is indicated by displaying \(\frac{1}{2} \).

Using the Keypad to Manage Trips Trip Messages

If the drive trips, then the display immediately shows a message indicating the reason for the trip. The possible trip messages are given in the table below.

ID	Trip Name	Possible Reason for Trip
1	OVERVOLTAGE	The drive internal dc link voltage is too high:
	46H1	The supply voltage is too high
		 Trying to decelerate a large inertia load too quickly; DECEL TIME time too short The brake resistor is open circuit
2	UNDERVOLTAGE	DC link low trip:
	"dCLO	Supply is too low/power down
3	OVERCURRENT P OC	 The motor current being drawn from the drive is too high: Trying to accelerate a large inertia load too quickly; ACCEL TIME time too short Trying to decelerate a large inertia load too quickly; DECEL TIME time too short Application of shock load to motor Short circuit between motor phases Short circuit between motor phase and earth Motor output cables too long or too many parallel motors connected to the drive FIXED BOOST level set too high

ID	Trip Name	Possible Reason for Trip
4	HEATSINK	Drive heatsink temperature > 100°C:
	"HOL	The ambient air temperature is too high
		Poor ventilation or spacing between drives
5	EXTERNAL TRIP	The external trip input is high:
	<u>"EL</u>	Check configuration to identify the source of the signal (non-standard configuration)
6	INVERSE TIME	A prolonged overload condition, exceeding the Inverse Time
	H 1F	allowance, has caused the trip:
7	CURRENT LOOP	• Remove the overload condition - refer to Chapter 6: P12
/		A current of less than 1mA is present when 4-20mA setpoint is selected:
	PLOOP	Look for a wire break
8	MOTOR STALLED	The motor has stalled (not rotating) Drive in current limit > 200 seconds:
		Motor loading too great
		FIXED BOOST level set too high
9	ANIN FAULT	AIN2 overload on terminal 3:
	PE ∃	Overcurrent applied in Current mode to terminal 3
10	BRAKE RESISTOR	External dynamic brake resistor has been overloaded:
	⁸ db €	Trying to decelerate a large inertia too quickly or too often
11	BRAKE SWITCH	Internal dynamic braking switch has been overloaded:
	^в 4Ь 5	Trying to decelerate a large inertia too quickly or too
12	DISPLAY/KEYPAD	often Keypad has been disconnected from drive whilst drive is running in Local Control:
	*d 15P	Keypad accidentally disconnected from drive (indicated over Comms, or by second keypad)
13	LOST COMMS	Lost communications:
	PSC1	COMMS TIMEOUT parameter set too short
		Master device failed
		Wiring broken
		Incorrect Comms setup
14	CONTACTOR FBK	Contactor feedback signal lost:
	[PENFE	Check connection to the terminal wired to "contactor closed" parameter in Sequencing Logic (non-standard configuration)
15	SPEED FEEDBACK	Speed feedback:
15	PSPd	SPEED ERROR > 50.00% for 10 seconds
16	AMBIENT TEMP	Ambient temperature:
	POL	The ambient temperature in the drive is too high
17	MOTOR	The motor temperature is too high:
'	OVERTEMP	Excessive load
	P OF	Motor voltage rating incorrect
		FIXED BOOST level set too high
		Prolonged operation of the motor at low speed without forced cooling
		Break in motor thermistor connection

ID	Trip Name	Possible Reason for Trip
18	CURRENT LIMIT	Software overcurrent trip:
	A H I	 If the current exceeds 180% of stack rated current for a period of 1 second, the drive will trip. This is caused by shock loads. Remove the shock load.
		ACCEL TIME and/or FIXED BOOSTset too high
		DECEL TIME set too low
20	24V FAILURE	24V failure on terminal 6:
	% 6	Output overload (warning only). 150mA maximum either individually or as the sum of terminals 6 & 10
21	LOW SPEED OVER I	The motor is drawing too much current (>100%) at zero output frequency:
		FIXED BOOST level set too high
22	10V FAULT	10V fault:
	#L Y	+10V REF overload warning (terminal 4) - 10mA maximum
24	DESAT (OVER I)	Desaturation:
	^R Sh[E]	 Instantaneous overcurrent. Refer to OVERCURRENT in this table.
25	DC LINK RIPPLE	The dc link ripple voltage is too high:
	Lace	Check for a missing input phase
26	BRAKE SHORT CCT	Brake resistor overcurrent:
	<u>"465C</u>	Check brake resistor value is greater than minimum allowed
27	OVERSPEED	Overspeed:
	P05Pd	>150% base speed when in Sensorless Vector mode
28	ANOUT FAULT	AOUT overload on terminal 5:
	PE 5	• 10mA maximum
29	DIGIO 1 (T9)	DIN3 overload on terminal 9:
	FAULT 9	20mA maximum
30	DIGIO 2 (T10)	DOUT2 overload on terminal 10:
	FAULT	150mA maximum either individually or as the sum of terminals 6 & 10
31	UNKNOWN	Unknown trip
32	OTHER PL 32	"OTHER" trip is active (Trip ID 34 to 44 inclusive)
34	MAX SPEED LOW	During Autotune the motor is required to run at the nameplate speed of the motor. If MAX SPEED RPM limits the speed to less than this value, an error will be reported. Increase the value of MAX SPEED RPM up to the nameplate rpm of the motor (as a minimum). It may be reduced, if required, after the Autotune is complete.
35	MAIN VOLTS LOW	The mains input voltage is not sufficient to carry out the Autotune. Re-try when the mains has recovered.
36	NOT AT SPEED	The motor was unable to reach the required speed to carry out the Autotune. Possible reasons include:
		motor shaft not free to turn
		the motor data is incorrect

7-4 Trips and Fault Finding

ID	Trip Name	Possible Reason for Trip
37	MAG CURRENT FAIL FALNY	It was not possible to find a suitable value of magnetising current to achieve the required operating condition for the motor. Check the motor data is correct, especially nameplate rpm and motor volts. Also check that the motor is correctly rated for the drive.
38	NEGATIVE SLIP F	Autotune has calculated a negative slip frequency, which is not valid. Nameplate rpm may have been set to a value higher than the base speed of the motor. Check nameplate rpm, base frequency, and pole pairs are correct.
39	TR TOO LARGE	The calculated value of rotor time constant is too large. Check the value of nameplate rpm.
40	TR TOO SMALL	The calculated value of rotor time constant is too small. Check the value of nameplate rpm.
41	MAX RPM DATA ERR	This error is reported when the MAX SPEED RPM is set to a value outside the range for which Autotune has gathered data. Autotune gathers data on the motor characteristics up to 30% beyond "max speed rpm". If MAX SPEED RPM is later increased beyond this range, the drive had no data for this new operating area, and so will report an error. To run the motor beyond this point it is necessary to re-autotune with MAX SPEED RPM set to a higher value.
42	LEAKGE L TIMEOUT	The motor must be stationary when starting the Autotune
43	MOTOR TURNING ERR	The motor must be able to rotate during Autotune
44	MOTOR STALL ERR	The leakage inductance measurement requires a test current to be inserted into the motor. It has not been possible to achieve the required level of current. Check that the motor is wired correctly.
-	Product Code Error	Switch unit off/on. If persistent, return unit to factory
-	Calibration Data Error	Switch unit off/on. If persistent, return unit to factory
-	Configuration Data Error	Press the key to accept the default configuration. If persistent, return unit to factory

Hexadecimal Representation of Trips

The tables below show the possible parameter values for the AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS and AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+ parameters, ^SST23 and ^SST24 respectively. Refer to the 650V Software Product Manual, "Trips Status" (on our website: www.eurothermdrives.com) for additional trip information that is available over the Comms.

Each trip has a unique, four-digit hexadecimal number number as shown in the tables below.

	^S ST23 : AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS				
ID	Trip Name Trip Name (MMI 6901) (MMI 6511 & 6521)		Mask	User Disable	
1	OVERVOLTAGE	DCHI	0x0001		
2	UNDERVOLTAGE	DCLO	0x0002		
3	OVERCURRENT	OC	0x0004		
4	HEATSINK	HOT	0x0008		
5	EXTERNAL TRIP	ET	0x0010	✓	
6	INVERSE TIME	51 F	0x0020	✓	
7	CURRENT LOOP	5L00P	0x0040	✓	
8	MOTOR STALLED	⁵ 5+11	0x0080	✓	
9	ANIN FAULT	5 L 3	0x0100	✓	
10	BRAKE RESISTOR	54P L	0x0200	✓	
11	BRAKE SWITCH	⁵ db 5	0x0400	✓	
12	DISPLAY/KEYPAD	5d1 5P	0x0800	✓	
13	LOST COMMS	SCI	0x1000	✓	
14	CONTACTOR FBK	CNTC	0x2000	✓	
15	SPEED FEEDBACK	\$5Pd	0x4000	✓	
16	AMBIENT TEMP	AOT	0x8000		

SST24 : AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+					
ID	Trip Name Trip Name (MMI 6901) (MMI 6511 & 6521)		Mask +	User Disable	
17	MOTOR OVERTEMP	50F	0x0001	✓	
18	CURRENT LIMIT	I HI	0x0002	✓	
20	24V FAILURE	T 6	0x0008	✓	
21	LOW SPEED OVER I	LSPD	0x0010		
22	10V FAULT	T 4	0x0020	✓	
24	DESAT (OVER I)	SHRT	0x0080		
25	DC LINK RIPPLE	DCRP	0x0100	✓	
26	BRAKE SHORT CCT	DBSC	0x0200		
27	OVERSPEED	505Pd	0x0400	✓	
28	ANOUT FAULT	T 5	0x0800	✓	
29	DIGIO 1 (T9) FAULT	T 9	0x1000	✓	
30	DIGIO 2 (T10) FAULT	T 10	0x2000	✓	
31	UNKNOWN	TRIP	0x4000		
32	OTHER	TR32	0x8000		
34	MAX SPEED LOW	ATN1	0x8000	N/A	
35	MAIN VOLTS LOW	ATN2	0x8000	N/A	
36	NOT AT SPEED	ATN3	0x8000	N/A	
37	MAG CURRENT FAIL	ATN4	0x8000	N/A	
38	NEGATIVE SLIP F	ATN5	0x8000	N/A	
39	TR TOO LARGE	ATN6	0x8000	N/A	
40	TR TOO SMALL	ATN7	0x8000	N/A	

	SST24 : AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+						
ID	Trip Name (MMI 6901)	Trip Name (MMI 6511 & 6521)	Mask +	User Disable			
41	MAX RPM DATA ERR	ATN8	0x8000	N/A			
42	LEAKGE L TIMEOUT	ATN9	0x8000	N/A			
43	MOTOR TURNING ERR	ATNA	0x8000	N/A			
44	MOTOR STALL ERR	ATNB	0x8000	N/A			

Keypads (MMIs):

Trips shown as MMI displays in the tables above, i.e. 5L00P, can be disabled using the keypads in the TRIPS menu. Other trips, as indicated, can be disabled over the Comms.







6901

Hexadecimal Representation of Trips

When more than one trip is to be represented at the same time then the trip codes are simply added together to form the value displayed. Within each digit, values between 10 and 15 are displayed as letters A to F

Decimal	Display
number	
10	Α
11	В
12	С
13	D
14	Е
15	F

For example referring to the tables above, if the AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS parameter is set to **03A0**, then this represents:

This in turn represents the trips BRAKE RESISTOR, ANIN FAULT, MOTOR STALLED and INVERSE TIME.

In the same way, the AUTO RESTART TRIGGERS+ parameter set to 03A0 would represent BRAKE SHORT CCT, ANIN FAULT, DESAT OVER I and 10V FAULT.

Fault Finding

Problem	Possible Cause	Remedy
Drive will not power-up	Fuse blown	Check supply details, fit correct fuse.
		Check Product Code against Model No.
	Faulty cabling	Check all connections are correct/secure.
		Check cable continuity
Drive fuse keeps blowing	Faulty cabling or connections wrong	Check for problem and rectify before replacing with correct fuse
	Faulty drive	Contact Eurotherm Drives
Cannot obtain power-on state	Incorrect or no supply available	Check supply details
Motor will not run at switch-on	Motor jammed	Stop the drive and clear the jam
Motor runs and stops	Motor becomes jammed	Stop the drive and clear the jam
	Open circuit speed reference potentiometer	Check terminal

ROUTINE MAINTENANCE AND REPAIR

Routine Maintenance

Periodically inspect the drive for build-up of dust or obstructions that may affect ventilation of the unit. Remove this using dry air.

Repair

There are no user-serviceable components.

IMPORTANT: MAKE NO ATTEMPT TO REPAIR THE UNIT - RETURN IT TO EUROTHERM DRIVES.

Saving Your Application Data

In the event of a repair, application data will be saved whenever possible. However, we advise you to copy your application settings before returning the unit.

Returning the Unit to Eurotherm Drives

Please have the following information available:

- The model and serial number see the unit's rating label
- Details of the fault

Contact your nearest Eurotherm Drives Service Centre to arrange return of the item.

You will be given a *Returned Material Authorisation*. Use this as a reference on all paperwork you return with the faulty item. Pack and despatch the item in the original packing materials; or at least an anti-static enclosure. Do not allow packaging chips to enter the unit.

Disposal

This product contains materials which are consignable waste under the Special Waste Regulations 1996 which complies with the EC Hazardous Waste Directive - Directive 91/689/EEC.

We recommend you dispose of the appropriate materials in accordance with the valid environmental control laws. The following table shows which materials can be recycled and which have to be disposed of in a special way.

Material	Recycle	Disposal
metal	yes	no
plastics material	yes	no
printed circuit board	no	yes

The printed circuit board should be disposed of in one of two ways:

- 1. High temperature incineration (minimum temperature 1200°C) by an incinerator authorised under parts A or B of the Environmental Protection Act
- 2. Disposal in an engineered land fill site that is licensed to take aluminium electrolytic capacitors. Do not dispose of in a land fill site set aside for domestic waste.

Packaging

During transport our products are protected by suitable packaging. This is entirely environmentally compatible and should be taken for central disposal as secondary raw material.

Understanding the Product Code

Model Number (Europe)

The unit is fully identified using a twelve block alphanumeric code which records how the drive was calibrated, and its various settings when dispatched from the factory.

The Product Code appears as the "Model No.". Each block of the Product Code is identified as below:

Typical example:

650VD/0110/400/0011/UK/0/0/0/0/0

This is a Frame D 650V, 11kW, rated at 380-460 Volts supply, standard livery, IP20, with Keypad fitted displaying UK language, no Comms interface option, no braking option fitted, no auxiliary supply, no special option.

Frame	C, D, E, F –	Model Number (Eu	urope)		
Block No.	Variable	Description			
1	650VC 650VD	Characters speci	fying the generic pro	duct:	
	650VE 650VF	650VC = Frame C	650VD = Frame D	650VE = Frame E	650VF = Frame F
2	XXXX	Four numbers sp	ecifying the power o	utput:	
		Frame C	Frame D	Frame E	Frame F
		0055 = 5.5kW 0075 = 7.5kW 0110 = 11kW 0150 = 15kW	0180 = 18.5 kW	0220 = 22kW 0300 = 30kW 0370 = 37kW 0450 = 45kW	0300 = 30kW 0370 = 37kW 0450 = 45kW 0550 = 55kW 0750 = 75kW 0900 = 90kW 0910 = 90kW (150HP)
3	XXX	Three numbers s	pecifying the nomina	ıl input voltage rati	ng:
		230 400	220 to 240V (±10% 380 to 460V (±10% 10%)		
4	XXXX	Four digits specification mechanical pack	fying the mechanical cage style:	package including	livery and
		First two digits	Livery		
		00 05 (01-04)	Standard SSD Drive Distributor livery 06-99 - Defined cus	•	
		Third digit	Mechanical packag	ging style	
		1	Standard (IP20), pr plate	otected panel mou	nting with gland
		2	IP20 and falling di (not available on F	rame F)	
		3	Enclosed (IP20), wi (not available on F		nounting kit
		Fourth digit	Keypad		
		0 1	No Keypad 6521 Keypad optic	on fitted	

9-2 Technical Specifications

Frame	Frame C, D, E, F – Model Number (Europe)				
Block No.	Variable	Description			
5	XX	Two characters sp frequency.	pecifying the user interface language including operating		
			UK English (50Hz) US English (60Hz)		
6	Х	Reserved 0	Standard product		
7	Х	Characters specif 0 RS485	fying the Comms Interface option: Not fitted Integral RS485 port on the control board		
8	Х	Characters specifying the braking option: O Brake power switch not fitted (Frames D, E & F only) BO Brake power switch fitted - no braking resistors supplied Note: External braking resistors should be specified and ordered separately.			
9	X	Characters specif 0 115 230	fying the auxiliary mains power supply. No auxiliary supply required (Frame C – E) 110 to 120V (±10%), 50/60Hz (Frame F) 220 to 240V (±10%), 50/60Hz (Frame F)		
10	Х	Digits specifying o	engineering special options: Standard product		

Catalog Number (North America)

The unit is identified using a 6 block alphanumeric code which records how the Inverter was calibrated, and its various settings when dispatched from the factory.

The Product Code appears as the "Cat No.". Each block of the Product Code is identified as below:

Typical example: 650V/0020/460/1BN

This is a $20 \text{Hp}\ 460 \text{V}$, rated at $460 \ \text{Volts}$ supply, NEMA 1, Braking option fitted, no internal RFI filter.

Frame	C, D, E, F -	- Catalog Number	(North America)		
Block No.	Variable	Description			
1	650V	Generic product			
2	XXXX	Four numbers spe	ecifying the power out	put in Hp:	
		Frame C	Frame D	Frame E	Frame F
		0010 = 10Hp 0015 = 15Hp 0020C = 20Hp	0015 = 15Hp 0020 = 20Hp 0025 = 25Hp 0030 = 30Hp 0040D = 40Hp	0030 = 30Hp 0040 = 40Hp 0050 = 50Hp 0060 = 60Hp	
3	XXX	Three numbers sp	ecifying the nominal i	input voltage rating	j:
		230 460	220 to 240V ($\pm 10\%$) 380 to 460V ($\pm 10\%$)		
4	Х	Enclosure option:			
			na 1 (IP20 and fallin note keypad with Co		(UL Type 1)
		C - Ope Comms	n Chassis style (IP20 ;	O only) and remo	te keypad with
5	Х	Characters specify	ying the braking optio	on:	
		N Brake power switch not fitted (Frames D & E only) B Brake power switch fitted - no braking resistors supplied Note: External braking resistors should be specified and ordered separately.			
6	Х	Characters specifying the fitting of the internal RFI filter:			
			ternal RFI filter installe al RFI filter installed	ed	

Environi	Environmental Details			
Operating Temperature	Operating temperature is defined as the ambient temperature to the immediate surround of the drive, when the drive and other equipment adjacent to it is operating at worst case conditions.			
HEAVY DUTY NORMAL DUTY		with top cover fitted), derate up to a maximum of 50°C with top cover fitted), derate up to a maximum of 50°C		
	Output power is derated li maximum rating ambient	nearly at 2% per degree centigrade for temperature exceeding the for the drive.		
Storage Temperature	-25°C to +55°C			
Shipping Temperature	-25°C to +70 °C			
Product Enclosure Rating	Wall Mounted (top cover must be fitted)	IP40 - top cover surface (Europe) IP20 - remainder of surfaces (Europe)		
	(lob cover most be illed)	UL (c-UL) Type 1 (North America/Canada)		
	Cubicle Mounted	IP20		
	(without top cover fitted)	UL (c-UL) Open Type (North America/Canada)		
	Through-panel Mounted	IP20		
	(without top cover fitted)	UL (c-UL) Open Type (North America/Canada)		
Altitude	If greater than 1000m abo	ove sea level, derate by 1% per 100m to a maximum of 5000m		
Humidity	Maximum 85% relative humidity at 40°C non-condensing			
Atmosphere	Non flammable, non corre	osive and dust free		
Climatic Conditions	Class 3k3, as defined by E	N50178 (1998)		
Vibration	Test Fc of EN60068-2-6			
	10Hz<=f<=57Hz sinuso			
	57Hz<=f<=150Hz sinus	•		
	10 sweep cycles per axis c	on each of three mutually perpendicular axis		
Safety				
Overvoltage Category		(numeral defining an impulse withstand level)		
Pollution Degree	Pollution Degree II (non-conductive pollution, except for temporary condensation)			
Europe	Pollution Degree III (dirty air rating for through-panel mounted parts)			
Lorope	When fitted inside a cubicle, or when wall-mounted and the top cover is firmly screwed in position, this product conforms with the Low Voltage Directive 73/23/EEC with amendment			
	93/68/EEC, Article 13 and Annex III using EN50178 (1998) to show compliance.			
North America/Canada	Without the top cover fitted, complies with the requirements of UL508C as an open-type drive.			
		d, complies with the requirements of UL508C as Type 1 Enclosed (for		
		cations) when specified with Model Number Block 6 (Frame B) or		
	Modle Number Block 4 (Fi	rame C, D, E, F) designation xx20 or xx21 only.		

Earthir	Earthing/Safety Details			
Earthing	Permanent earthing is mandatory on all units.			
	Use a copper protective earth conductor 10mm² minimum cross-section, or install a second conductor in parallel with the protective conductor to a separate protective earth terminal			
	The conductor itself must meet local requirements for a protective earth conductor			
Input Supply Details (TN) and (IT)	Drives without filters are suitable for earth (TN) or non-earth referenced (IT) supplies. The drive is only suitable for earth referenced supplies (TN) when fitted with an internal filter. External filters are available for use on TN and IT (non-earth referenced) supplies.			
Prospective Short Circuit Current (PSCC)	Refer to the appropriate Electircal Ratings table.			
Earth Leakage Current	>10mA (all models)			

Cablin	Cabling Requirements for EMC Compliance										
	Power Supply Cable	Motor Cable	External AC Supply EMC Filter to Drive Cable	Brake Resistor Cable	Signal/Control Cable						
Cable Type (for EMC Compliance)	Unscreened	Screened/ armoured	Screened/ armoured	Screened/ armoured	Screened						
Segregation	From all other wiring (clean)	From all other	wiring (noisy)	From all other wiring (sensitive)							
Length Limitations With External AC Supply EMC Filter	Unlimited	50 metres	0.3 metres	25 metres	25 metres						
Screen to Earth Connection		Both ends	Both ends	Both ends	Drive end only						
Output Choke		300 metres maximum									
* Maximum motor cable l	ength under any	circumstances									

Cooling Fans

The forced-vent cooling of the drive is achieved by 1, or in some cases 2 fans. The Fan Rating gives the volume of air venting from the drive. All except the Frame F fans are internally-supplied 24V fans.

Drive Product Code	Drive Catalog Code	Fan Ratings
FRAME C		·
650VC/0055/	650V/0055/	42.5cfm (72 m ³ /hr)
650VC/0075/	650V/0010/	25cfm (42.5 m ³ /hr)
650VC/0110/ & 650VC/0150/	650V/0015/ & 650V/0020C/	35cfm (59.5 m ³ /hr)
FRAME D		
650VD/0150, 650VD/0180 & 650VD/0220	650V/0020/, 650V/0025/ & 650V/0030/	55cfm (93.4 m³/hr)
650VD/0300	650V/0040/	81cfm (138 m³/hr)
FRAME E		·
All models	All models	160cfm (272 m³/hr)

FRAME F

One single phase fan is provided, supplied from an auxiliary input. There are two voltage variants, either 115V ac or 220Vac. The fan is powered from a single phase supply which uses a capacitor to generate the quadrature phase. Protect the fan using a 3A fuse.

 $110/120V: 130W, 10\mu F, Stator - 16\Omega$ $220/240V: 140W, 2.5\mu F, Stator - 62\Omega$

All models 270cfm (459 m³/hr)

Electrical Ratings (230V Build Variant) Power Supply = 220-240V ±10%, 45-60Hz

Motor power, output current and input current must not be exceeded under steady state operating conditions.

Operation at 208V $\pm 10\%$ (Frames C, D, E & F)

Nominal motor powers are reduced by 10% when operated at 208V ±10%. Output currents

Model Number	remain unchanged.	Motor		Improvide	المسادات	Tatal	l Mandino	
(Europe)	Catalog Number (North America)	Power	Output Current (A)	Input Current (A)	Heatsink Power Loss (W)	Total Power Loss (W)	Maximum Switching Frequency (kHz)	Input Bridge I ² t (A ² s)
	urrents for kW ratings a					circuit r	ating 10kA.	
	Overload Motoring 150%		0% for 0.5	s short tern	n rating)			
650VC/0055/230/		5.5kW	22	25	270	330	3	4000
	650V/0007/230/	7.5Hp	22	25	270	330	3	4000
650VC/0075/230/		5.5kW	28	33	290	350	3	6000
\\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	650V/0010/230/	10Hp	28	33	290	350	3	6000
	Overload Motoring 110%		1			000	1 0	4000
650VC/0055/230/	/ 50///0007/000/	7.5kW	28	31	330	390	3	4000
650VC/0075/230/	650V/0007/230/	10Hp 11kW	28 42	31 49.3	330 500	390 560	3	4000 6000
0504C/00/5/230/	650V/0010/230/	15Hp	42	49.3	500	560	3	6000
FRAME D . Input o	urrents for kW ratings a		1					0000
	Overload Motoring 150%:			•		Circon I	aning TOKA.	
650VD/0110/230/	voltona monthing 15070	11kW	42	45	570	640	3	6000
03010/0110/230/	650V/0015/230/	15Hp	42	45	570	640	3	6000
650VD/0150/230/	0301/0013/200/	15kW	54	53	670	740	3	6000
	650V/0020/230/	20Hp	54	53	670	740	3	6000
650VD/0180/230/		18.5kW	68	65	850	920	3	6000
	650V/0025/230/	25Hp	68	65	850	920	3	6000
Normal Duty (Output	Overload Motoring 110%	6 for 30s, 1	30% for 0.	5s short te	rm rating)			
650VD/0110/230/		15kW	54	54	750	820	3	6000
	650V/0015/230/	20Hp	54	54	750	820	3	6000
650VD/0150/230/		18.5kW	68	65	850	920	3	6000
	650V/0020/230/	25Hp	68	65	850	920	3	6000
650VD/0180/230/	, 50) , (000 5 (000)						r changes de	
	650V/0025/230/						ng Your Appl	
	urrents for kW ratings a					short circ	cuit current	18kA.
	Overload Motoring 150%		1				1	
650VE/0220/230/	45044000040004	22kW	80	91	800	920	3	18000
N 15 1 (0)	650V/0030/230/	30Hp	80	91	800	920	3	18000
, , ,	Overload Motoring 110%					1000	1 0	10000
650VE/0220/230/	450\//0020/220/	30kW	104 104	116 116	1050 1050	1200 1200	3	18000 18000
EDAME E. Januari	650V/0030/230/	40Hp						
	urrents for kW ratings a					morr circ	Luit current	IOKA.
	Overload Motoring 150%					1100		100000
650VF/0300/230/	650V/0040/230/	30kW	104 104	102 102	850 850	1100 1100	3	100000 100000
650VF/0370/230/	0301/0040/230/	40Hp 37kW	130	126	1100	1450	3	100000
030 11 / 03 / 0 / 230 /	650V/0050/230/	50Hp	130	126	1100	1450	3	100000
650VF/0450/230/	300.,0000,200,	45kW	154	148	1200	1650	3	100000
	650V/0060/230/	60Hp	154	148	1200	1650	3	100000
Normal Duty (Output	Overload Motoring 110%						1	
650VF/0300/230/	in the state of th	37kW	130	126	1150	1500	3	100000
, ,	650V/0040/230/	50Hp	130	126	1150	1500	3	100000
650VF/0370/230/	, , , , , ,	45kW	154	148	1350	1800	3	100000
	650V/0050/230/	60Hp	154	148	1350	1800	3	100000
650VF/0450/230/		55kW	192	184	1600	2100	3	100000
	650V/0060/230/	75Hp	192	184	1600	2100	3	100000

Elect	rical Ratings (4	00V B	uild V	ariant)						
	Power Supply = 380	0-460V ±10	%, 50/60I	Hz ±5%							
	Motor power, outpu	t current a	nd input o	current mu	st not be	exceede	d under stee	ady state			
operating conditions.											
Model Number (Europe)	Catalog Number (North America)	Motor Power	Output Current (A)	Input Current (A)	Heatsink Power Loss (W)	Total Power Loss (W)	Maximum Switching Frequency (kHz)	Input Bridge I ² t (A ² s)			
FRAME C: Input of	currents for kW ratings a	re at 400'	√ 50Hz ac	input, an	d for Hp r	atings a	t 460V 60H	z ac			
* For U	Prospective short circuit JL Listed products rated it ratings are applicable	at 15kW/	20Hp, a s		age of 460	OV is rec	quired. The	higher			
	Overload Motoring 150%			•	m rating)						
650VC/0075/400/	Overload Motorning 13070	7.5kW	16	19	240	290	3	4000			
03010/00/3/400/	650V/0010/460/	10Hp	14	16	225	275	3	4000			
650VC/0110/400/	0307/0010/400/	11kW	23	26.1	280	330	3	4000			
03010/0110/400/	650V/0015/460/	15Hp	23	20.1	260	310	3	4000			
650VC/0150/400/	0301/0013/400/	15hW	30	37	440	500	3	6000			
03010/0130/400/	650V/0020C/460/	20Hp	27	31.2	410	470	3	6000			
Normal Duty (Outpu	t Overload Motoring 110%			0.,2	1	., -		0000			
650VC/0075/400/	t Overload Wiotoring 1107	11kW	23	26.1	300	350	3	4000			
03010,0073,400,	650V/0010/460/	15Hp	21	22.1	280	320	3	4000			
650VC/0110/400/	333 17 33 137 1337	15kW	30	33.6	440	500	3	4000			
03010/0110/400/	650V/0015/460/	20Hp	27	28.5	410	470	3	4000			
650VC/0150/400/		18.5kW	37	44	550	610	3	6000			
	650V/0020C/460/	25Hp	34	38	530	580	3	6000			
FRAME D: Input of	currents for kW ratings a	re at 400	√ 50Hz ac	input and	d for Hp ro	atings at	460V 60Hz	z ac			
input.	Prospective short circuit JL Listed products rated	current 10	kA.	·		_					
curren	t ratings are applicable	to non UL	application	ons only.			•	ŭ			
Heavy Duty (Output	Overload Motoring 150%	for 30s, 18	0% for 0.5	s short terr	n rating)						
650VD/0150/400/		15kW	31	34.8	420	480	3	4000			
	650V/0020/460/	20Hp	31	28.5	400	460	3	4000			
650VD/0180/400/		18.5kW	38	40.5	545	605	3	6000			
	650V/0025/460/	25Hp	38	34.2	515	575	3	6000			
650VD/0220/400/		22kW	45	47.2	670	730	3	6000			
	650V/0030/460/	30Hp	45	40	640	700	3	6000			
650VD/0300/400/		30kW	59	66	760	860	3	15000			
	650V/0040D/460/	40Hp	52	56	740	830	3	15000			
Normal Duty (Outpu	t Overload Motoring 110%	6 for 30s)			1	1	T				
650VD/0150/400/		18.5kW	38	40.5	545	605	3	4000			
	650V/0020/460/	25Hp	38	34.2	515	575	3	4000			
650VD/0180/400/		22kW	45	47.2	670	730	3	6000			
	650V/0025/460/	30Hp	45	40	640	700	3	6000			
650VD/0220/400/		30kW	59	61	760	860	3	6000			
	650V/0030/460/	40Hp	52	51	740	830	3	6000			
650VD/0300/400/	45044004054440	37kW	73	84	920	1030	3	15000			
	650V/0040D/460/	50Hp	65	68	890	980	3	15000			

Elect	rical Ratings (4	00V B	uild V	ariant)						
	Power Supply = 380)-460V ±10)%, 50/60I	Hz ±5%							
Motor power, output current and input current must not be exceeded under steady state operating conditions.											
Model Number (Europe)	Catalog Number (North America)	Motor Power	Output Current (A)	Input Current (A)	Heatsink Power Loss (W)	Total Power Loss (W)	Maximum Switching Frequency (kHz)	Input Bridge I ² t (A ² s)			
-	currents for kW ratings o			input and	d for Hp ro	atings at	460V 60H	z ac			
input. Prospective short circuit current 18kA. * For UL Listed products rated at 30kW/40Hp, a supply voltage of 460V is required. The higher											
	t ratings are applicable				age of 40	ov is rec	quirea. The	nigner			
	Overload Motoring 150%		• • •	•	n rating)						
650VE/0300/400/		30kW	59	68	590	690	3	15000			
, , , , , ,	650V/0040/460/	40Hp	59	57	590	690	3	15000			
650VE/0370/400/	, , ,	37kW	73	81	730	850	3	18000			
	650V/0050/460/	50Hp	73	68	730	850	3	18000			
650VE/0450/400/		45kW	87	95	880	880	3	18000			
	650V/0060/460/	60Hp	87	80	880	880	3	18000			
Normal Duty (Outpu	t Overload Motoring 110%	6 for 30s)									
650VE/0300/400/		37kW	73	81	733	848	3	15000			
	650V/0040/460/	50Hp	73	68	733	848	3	15000			
650VE/0370/400/		45kW	87	95	901	1029	3	18000			
	650V/0050/460/	60Hp	87	80	901	1029	3	18000			
650VE/0450/400/		55kW	105	110	1094	1242	3	18000			
	650V/0060/460/	75Hp	105	95	1094	1242	3	18000			
·	currents for kW ratings or Prospective short circuit			input and	d for Hp ro	atings at	460V 60H	z ac			
Heavy Duty (Output	Overload Motoring 150%	for 30s, 18	0% for 0.5	s short terr	n rating)						
650VF/0550/400/		55kW	105	114	920	1220	3	100,000			
	650V/0075/460/	75Hp	100	99	900	1130	3	100,000			
650VF/0750/400/		75kW	145	143	1320	1670	3	100,000			
	650V/0100/460/	100Hp	130	124	1200	1500	3	100,000			
650VF/0900/400/		90kW	180	164	1490	1950	3	100,000			
	650V/0125/460/	125Hp	156	148	1340	1780	3	100,000			
650VF/0910/400/		90kW	180	164	1490	1950	3	100,000			
	650V/0150/460/	150Hp	180	169	1670	2180	3	100,000			
, , 1	t Overload Motoring 110%	· · · · · ·					_	T			
650VF/0550/400/		75kW	145	143	1400	1670	3	100,000			
	650V/0075/460/	100Hp	125	124	1200	1500	3	100,000			
650VF/0750/400/		90kW	165	164	1580	1950	3	100,000			
	650V/0100/460/	125Hp	156	148	1340	1780	3	100,000			
650VF/0900/400/	(50)((0105(1)(0)	110kW	205	195	1800	1950	3	100,000			
450VE/0010/400/	650V/0125/460/	150Hp	180	169	1670	2180	3	100,000			
650VF/0910/400/	650V/0150/460/	110kW	205 180	195 169	1800 1670	1950 2180	3	100,000			
	650V/0150/460/	150Hp	180	109	10/0	Z 1 Ø U	3	100,000			

Input Fuse	Ratings	(Europe)									
Refer	Refer to Chapter 10 for North American fuse ratings.										
Product Code	Input Fuse	Rating (A)	Product Code	Product Code Input Fuse Rating							
Model Number	HEAVY DUTY	NORMAL DUTY	Model Number	HEAVY DUTY	NORMAL DUTY						
	230V BUILD	VARIANT 220	-240V ±10%, 45-65Hz *								
Frame	C		Fram	e E							
650VC/0055/230/	25	32	650VE/0220/230/	100	125						
650VC/0075/230/	40	50									
Frame	D		Frame F								
650VD/0110/230/	50	63	650VF/0300/230/	125	160						
650VD/0150/230/	63	80	650VF/0370/230/	160	160						
650VD/0180/230/	80	-	650VF/0450/230/	160	200						
	400V BUILD	VARIANT 380	-460V ±10%, 45-65Hz *								
Frame	C		Frame E								
650VC/0075/400/	20	32	650VE/0300/400/	80	100						
650VC/0110/400/	32	40	650VE/0370/400/	100	100						
650VC/0150/400/	40	50	650VE/0450/400/	100	125						
Frame	D		Fram	e F							
650VD/0150/400/	40	50	650VF/0550/400/	125	160						
650VD/0180/400/	50	50	650VF/0750/400/	160	200						
650VD/0220/400/	50	63	650VF/0900/400/	200	200						
650VD/0300/400/	80	100	650VF/0910/400/	200	200						

9-10 Technical Specifications

	External AC S	Supply (RF	l) Fil	ters					
Drive	Filter Part No.	Motor Power (kW/Hp)	Phase	Watt Loss (W)	Fault Leakage Current (mA)	Current (A)	Maximum Supply Voltage (V)	EMC Performance Class	Maximum Motor Cable Length (m)
	CO467841U004 : 460V (TN Filter)	5.5-15/7.5-20 heavy duty		14	77		480		50
Frame C	CO467841U004 : 500V (IT/TN Filter)	7.5-18.5/10-25 normal duty	14	80	35	500	В		
F D	CO467841U084 : 460V (TN Filter)	15-30/20-40 heavy duty	3	18	82	64	480	В	50
	CO467842U084 : 500V (IT/TN Filter)	18.5-37/25-50 normal duty	3	18	86		500		
Frame E	CO467841U105 : 460V (TN Filter)	30-45/40-60 heavy duty	2	50	217		480	- В	50
Frame E	CO467842U105 : 500V (IT/TN Filter)	37-55/50-75 normal duty	3	50	200	124	500		
E	CO467841U215 : 460V (TN Filter)	55-90/75-150 heavy duty	2	60	432		480	_	50
Frame F	CO467842U215 : 500V (IT/TN Filter)	75-110/100- 150 normal duty	3 -	60	450	205	500	В	
	Filters	suitable for 50-60	Hz ±5%	%, switc	hing freque	ency 3 &	6kHz		

	EMC Compli	ance			
Standard EN	61800-3	Frame C	Frame D	Frame E	Frame F
Conducted emissions Table 9	First Environment Unrestricted Distribution	When fitted with the specified external filter			
Conducted emissions Table 9	First Environment Restricted Distribution	When fitted with the specified external filter			
Radiated Emissions Table 10	First Environment Unrestricted Distribution	No	No	No	No
Radiated Emissions Table 10	First Environment Restricted Distribution	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Conducted emissions Table 11	Second environment Where I<=100A	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes
Conducted emissions Table 11	Second environment Where I>=100A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Yes
Radiated Emissions Table 12	Second environment	Yes	Yes	Yes	Yes

Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame C)										
Model Number (Europe)	Motor Power (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Peak Current (A)	Peak Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Continuous Current (A)	Continuous Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Minimum Brake Resistor Value (Ω)				
		20s maximu	m, 30% duty							
230V B	230V Build Variant: 220-240V ±10% DC link brake voltage: 390V									
650VC/0055/230/	5.5/7.5	13.5	5.2/6.9	4.0	1.6/2.1	29				
650VC/0075/230/	7.5/10	17.7	6.9/9.2	5.3	2.1/2.8	22				
400V B	vild Varia	nt: 380-460V :	±10%, 45-65H	Iz DC link brake v	oltage: 750V					
650VC/0075/400/	7.5/10	15	11/15	4.5	3.4/4.5	50				
650VC/0110/400/	11/15	15	11/15	4.5	3.4/4.5	50				
650VC/0150/400/	15/20	15	11/15	4.5	3.4/4.5	50				

Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame D)									
Model Number (Europe)	Motor Power (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Peak Current (A)	Peak Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Continuous Current (A)	Continuous Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Minimum Brake Resistor Value (Ω)			
		20s maximu	m, 30% duty						
230V Build Variant: 220-240V ±10% DC link brake voltage: 390V									
650VD/0110/230/	11/15	28	10.9/14.5	8.4	3.3/4.4	14			
650VD/0150/230/	15/20	39	15.2/20.3	11.7	4.6/6.1	10			
650VD/0180/230/	18.5/25	49	19.0/25.3	14.7	5.7/7.6	8			
400V B	vild Varia	nt: 380-460V	±10%, 45-65H	Iz DC link brake vo	ltage: 750V				
650VD/0150/400/	15/20	30	22/30	9.5	7/10	27			
650VD/0180/400/	18.5/25	30	22/30	9.5	7/10	27			
650VD/0220/400/	22/30	30	22/30	9.5	7/10	27			
650VD/0300/400/	30/37	37	30/40	12.5	9/12	21			

9-12 Technical Specifications

Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame E)									
Model Number (Europe)	Motor Power (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Peak Current (A)	Peak Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Continuous Current (A)	Continuous Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Minimum Brake Resistor Value (Ω)			
		20s maximu	m, 30% duty						
230V B	vild Varia	nt: 220-240V	±10% DC link	brake voltage: 390	V				
650VE/0220/230/	22/30	56	21.7/28.9	16.8	6.5/8.7	7			
400V B	vild Varia	nt: 380-460V	±10%, 45-65H	z DC link brake vo	ltage: 750V				
650VE/0300/400/	30/40	40	30/40	12	9/12	19			
650VE/0370/400/	37/50	50	37/50	15	10.5/14	15			
650VE/0450/400/	45/60	60	45/60	18	13.5/18	12			

Internal Dynamic Brake Switch (Frame F)									
Model Number (Europe)	Motor Power (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Peak Current (A)	Peak Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Brake Switch Continuous Current (A)	Continuous Brake Dissipation (kW/hp)	Minimum Brake Resistor Value (Ω)			
230V Build Variant: 220-240V ±10% DC link brake voltage: 390V									
650VF/0300/230/	30/40	78	30/41	23.4	23/12	5			
650VF/0370/230/	37/50	98	38/51	29.4	11/15	4			
650VF/0450/230/	45/60	130	51/68	39.0	15/20	3			
400V B	vild Varia	nt: 380-460V	±10%, 45-65H	z DC link brake vo	oltage: 750V				
		20s maximu	m, 25% duty						
650VF/0550/400/	55/75	94	62/83	25	18/25	8			
650VF/0750/400/	75/100	125	90/125	32	24/32	6			
650VF/0900/400/	90/125	136	102/137	32	24/32	5.5			
650VF/0910/400/	90/150	136	102/137	32	24/32	5.5			

Analog Inputs/Outputs									
	Inputs	Output							
Range	0-10V and 0-5V (no sign) set via parameter ^S IP13 (AIN1) 0-10V, 0-5V, 0-20mA or 4-20mA (no sign) set via parameter ^S IP23 (AIN2) Absolute maximum input current 25mA in current mode Absolute maximum input voltage 24V dc in voltage mode	0-10V (no sign) Maximum rated output current 10mA, with short circuit protection							
Impedance	Voltage range = $31.8k\Omega$ Current range = 200Ω	Voltage range = 100Ω							
Resolution	10 bits (1 in 1024)	10 bits (1 in 1024)							
Dynamic Response	5ms	Bandwidth 15Hz							

Digit	Digital Inputs										
Operating Range	DIN1, DIN2, DIN3, DIN4, DIN5: 0-5V dc = OFF, 15-24V dc = ON (absolute maximum input voltage ±30V dc) IEC1131 DIN6, DIN7: 0-1.5V dc = OFF, 4-24V dc = ON (absolute maximum input voltage ±30V dc) IEC1131	24V 15V 5V 0V OFF 24V 4V 1.5V 0V OFF									
Input Impedance	6.8kΩ										
Sample Interval	5ms										

Rela	y .
	RL1A, RL1B: These are volt-free relay contacts. 50V dc max, $0.3A$ max (for inductive loads up to L/R=40ms, a suitable freewheel diode must be used).
Maximum Voltage	250V ac
Maximum Current	4A resistive load

Digital Outputs							
DOUT1 and DOUT2 (DOUT1 is only configurable using ConfigEd Lite or other suitable programming tool).							
Nominal Open Circuit Output Voltage	23V (minimum 19V)						
Nominal Output Impedance	33Ω						
Rated Output Current	150mA: The total current available is 150mA, either individually or as the sum of terminal 6 & 10.						

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame C Normal Duty)

Assumptions: 10000A short circuit supply capability, equivalent to $73\mu H$ supply impedance at 400V where Q_{1n} is the rated rms value of the fundamental voltage of the supply transformer. The results conform to stage 1, stage 2 and stage 3 of the Engineering Recommendation G.5/3 September 1976, Classification 'C': Limits for Harmonics in the UK Electricity

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

Industry.												
Fundamental Voltage (V)	230 400						500					
Inverter Type					Three	Phase						
Motor Power (kW)	5.5	7.5	5.5	7.5	11.0	15.0	5.5	7.5	11.0	15.0		
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90		90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90		
Harmonic No.	RMS Current (A)											
1	23.7		13.3	18.2	25.1 30.7		14.2	16.2	23.1	24.3		
3	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1		
5	15.9		10.1	14.0	18.6	23.9	10.8	12.7	17.5	19.4		
7	10.4		7.5	10.6	13.5	18.4	8.2	9.9	13.0	15.3		
9	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
11	2.1		2.7	4.0	4.3	7.3	3.0	4.2	4.6	6.8		
13	1.6		1.2	1.8	1.8	3.4	1.4	2.1	2.0	3.6		
15	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
17	1.1		0.8	1.2	1.5	1.8	0.9	1.1	1.5	1.5		
19	0.7		0.7	1.0	1.2	1.8	0.8	1.1	1.3	1.6		
21	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
23	0.6		0.3	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.9		
25	0.5		0.3	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.6	0.7		
27	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
29	0.3		0.2	0.4	0.4	0.7	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.6		
31	0.3		0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5		
33	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
35	0.2		0.2	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3		
37	0.3		0.1	0.2	0.2	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3		
39	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
40	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
41	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3		
42	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
43	0.2		0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2		
44	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
45	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
46	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
47	0.1		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		
48	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
49	0.2		0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2		
50	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Total RMS Current (A)	30.6		18.6	25.7	34.4	43.9	19.9	23.4	32.2	35.6		
THD (V) %	0.68		0.4848	0.6858	0.8634	1.1883	0.5286	0.6545	0.8396	1.0236		

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame C Heavy Duty)

Assumptions: 10000A short circuit supply capability, equivalent to $73\mu H$ supply impedance at 400V where Q_{1n} is the rated rms value of the fundamental voltage of the supply transformer. The results conform to stage 1, stage 2 and stage 3 of the Engineering Recommendation G.5/3 September 1976, Classification 'C': Limits for Harmonics in the UK Electricity

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

Industry.													
Fundamental Voltage (V)		230 400						500					
Inverter Type			l		Three	Phase							
Motor Power (kW)	5.5	7.5	5.5	7.5	11.0	15.0	5.5	7.5	11.0	15.0			
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90			
Harmonic No.	RMS Current (A)												
1	18.5	23.8	10.1	13.0	18.6	25.1	9.7	17.8	18.6	19.5			
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
5	13.0	18.0	7.9	10.3	14.2	19.9	7.7	13.9	14.4	15.9			
7	8.9	13.3	6.1	8.1	10.8	15.6	6.0	10.7	11.0	12.8			
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
11	2.2	4.6	2.4	3.6	4.0	6.8	2.6	4.3	4.3	6.2			
13	1.2	2.0	1.2	1.9	1.8	3.5	1.4	2.1	2.1	3.5			
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
17	1.0	1.5	0.6	0.8	1.2	1.5	0.6	1.2	1.2	1.2			
19	0.6	1.3	0.6	0.9	1.1	1.5	0.6	1.1	1.1	1.3			
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
23	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.9	0.3	0.6	0.6	0.9			
25	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.6			
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
29	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.5			
31	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5			
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
35	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.3	0.3			
37	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3			
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
41	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.2			
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
43	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.2			
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
47	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2			
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
49	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.2			
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0			
Total RMS Current (A)	24.5	33.2	14.5	18.9	26.2	36.5	14.2	25.5	26.5	29.2			
THD (V) %	0.57	0.86	0.40	0.54	0.70	1.03	0.40	0.70	0.72	0.87			

9-16 Technical Specifications

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame D Normal Duty)

Assumptions: 10000A short circuit supply capability, equivalent to $73\mu H$ supply impedance at 400V where Q_{1n} is the rated rms value of the fundamental voltage of the supply transformer. The results conform to stage 1, stage 2 and stage 3 of the Engineering Recommendation G.5/3 September 1976, Classification 'C': Limits for Harmonics in the UK Electricity

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

Industry.												
Fundamental Voltage (V)		230			400					500		
Inverter Type				ı	TI	nree Phas	se	ı				
Motor Power (kW)	11.0	15.0	18.0	15.0	18.0	22.0	30.0	15.0	18.0	22.0	30.0	
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90		90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
Harmonic No.	RMS Current (A)											
1	47.2	59.2		30.6	36.3	48.2	67.7	23.4	29.0	38.6	*	
3	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0		
5	22.5	23.3		21.6	24.8	31.0	41.7	17.6	20.9	26.6		
7	12.5	11.5		14.7	16.4	19.6	25.5	13.0	14.7	17.8		
9	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
11	3.3	4.4		3.7	3.6	3.4	4.0	4.5	4.2	4.1		
13	2.7	3.0		2.0	2.4	3.3	4.7	2.1	2.1	2.6		
15	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
17	1.8	2.5		1.7	1.8	1.8	2.1	1.6	1.8	2.0		
19	1.3	1.7		1.1	1.1	1.4	1.9	1.3	1.3	1.2		
21	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
23	1.2	1.6		0.9	1.0	1.0	1.3	0.6	0.8	1.1		
25	0.9	1.2		0.7	0.8	0.8	1.1	0.6	0.8	0.8		
27	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
29	0.8	1.1		0.5	0.6	0.6	0.9	0.4	0.4	0.6		
31	0.7	0.9		0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.5		
33	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
35	0.6	0.8		0.3	0.3	0.4	0.6	0.3	0.3	0.4		
37	0.5	0.7		0.3	0.3	0.5	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.4		
39	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
40	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
41	0.4	0.6		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.3		
42	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
43	0.4	0.5		0.2	0.2	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2		
44	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
45	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
46	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
47	0.3	0.4		0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2		
48	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
49	0.3	0.4		0.2	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.1	0.2	0.2		
50	0.0	0.0		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		
Total RMS Current (A)	54.0	65.0		40.5	47.2	60.8	83.8	32.6	39.1	50.5		
THD (V) %	0.97	1.05		0.96	1.08	1.30	1.72	0.85	0.96	1.16		

^{*} Please contact SSD Drives Ltd

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame D Heavy Duty)

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

	Industry.			_			-	_			
Fundamental Voltage (V)		230			40	00			50	00	
Inverter Type					TI	ree Pha	se				
Motor Power (kW)	11.0	15.0	18.0	15.0	18.0	22.0	30.0	15.0	18.0	22.0	30.0
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Harmonic No.					RMS	S Current	t (A)				
1	37.4	46.7	59.2	25.8	30.6	36.3	51.5	19.4	24.2	29.0	*
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	
5	20.8	21.1	23.3	18.6	21.6	24.8	34.2	14.9	17.9	20.9	
7	12.7	11.5	11.5	13.1	14.7	16.4	21.8	11.3	13.0	14.7	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
11	2.5	3.4	4.4	3.7	3.7	3.6	4.2	4.3	4.2	4.2	
13	2.5	2.6	3.0	1.8	2.0	2.4	3.4	2.1	2.0	2.1	
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
17	1.4	1.9	2.5	1.6	1.7	1.8	2.2	1.4	1.7	1.8	
19	1.2	1.4	1.7	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.4	1.2	1.2	1.3	
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23	0.9	1.2	1.6	0.7	0.9	1.0	1.3	0.6	0.7	0.8	
25	0.7	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.5	0.7	0.8	
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
29	0.7	0.9	1.1	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.4	0.4	
31	0.5	0.7	0.9	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.3	0.4	0.4	
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
35	0.5	0.6	0.8	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	
37	0.4	0.5	0.7	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.5	0.3	0.3	0.3	
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
41	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
43	0.3	0.4	0.5	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.2	
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
47	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.1	0.1	0.2	
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
49	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.1	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.1	0.1	0.2	
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total RMS Current (A)	44.9	52.8	65.0	34.8	40.5	47.2	65.8	27.5	33.2	39.1	
THD (V) %	0.90	0.93	1.05	0.85	0.96	1.08	1.44	0.74	0.85	0.96	

^{*} Please contact SSD Drives Ltd

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame E Normal Duty)

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

	Classification Industry.	'C': Limits for	Harmonics in t	he UK Electrici	ty		~	
Fundamental Voltage (V)	230	400				500		
Inverter Type		Three Phase						
Motor Power (kW)	22.0	30.0	37.0	45.0	30.0	37.0	45.0	
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
Harmonic No.			!	RMS Current (A	۸)			
1	102.1	64.3	74.8	89.1	51.5	63.6	75.5	
3	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	
5	49.1	41.9	48.7	55.2	35.4	43.1	48.9	
7	21.7	26.0	30.3	32.2	23.3	28.0	30.1	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
11	6.3	4.4	5.0	5.1	5.1	5.7	5.4	
13	4.1	4.0	4.6	5.9	3.3	4.1	5.1	
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
17	2.8	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.6	3.0	2.8	
19	1.7	1.6	1.8	2.3	1.5	1.8	2.0	
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23	1.6	1.4	1.6	1.5	1.4	1.6	1.6	
25	1.0	0.9	1.1	1.2	1.0	1.2	1.1	
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
29	1.0	0.8	1.0	1.0	0.7	0.9	1.0	
31	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	0.7	
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
35	0.7	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.6	
37	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6	0.5	
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
41	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.3	0.4	0.4	
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
43	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
47	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
49	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.4	0.2	0.3	0.3	
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total RMS Current (A)	115.6	81.3	94.6	110.0	67.1	82.2	95.2	
THD (V) %	1.84	2.98	3.46	3.84	1.52	1.84	1.02	

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame E Heavy Duty)

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

	Industry.	C : Limits for	Harmonics in t	ne UK Electrici	ity			
Fundamental Voltage (V)	230		400			500		
Inverter Type		Three Phase						
Motor Power (kW)	22.0	30.0	37.0	45.0	30.0	37.0	45.0	
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	
Harmonic No.			F	RMS Current (A	۸)			
1	76.7	52.3	62.8	75.5	41.1	52.4	64.4	
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.0	
5	42.4	35.3	42.2	48.4	29.3	36.7	43.1	
7	22.2	22.9	27.2	29.4	20.2	24.8	27.6	
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
11	4.4	4.5	5.2	4.9	5.3	5.9	5.5	
13	4.3	3.2	3.8	4.9	2.7	3.4	4.3	
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
17	2.0	2.3	2.7	2.5	2.5	2.9	2.9	
19	1.7	1.4	1.6	1.9	1.6	1.8	1.8	
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
23	1.2	1.3	1.5	1.5	1.1	1.4	1.6	
25	0.9	0.9	1.1	1.0	1.0	1.2	1.1	
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
29	0.7	0.7	0.8	0.9	0.6	0.8	0.9	
31	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
35	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.5	0.6	
37	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5	
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
41	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	0.4	
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
43	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
47	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.3	0.3	
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
49	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.3	0.2	0.2	0.3	
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	
Total RMS Current (A)	90.7	67.5	80.8	94.7	54.8	69.1	82.6	
THD (V) %	1.65	2.58	3.70	3.41	1.31	1.61	1.82	

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame F Normal Duty)

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

	Industry.									
Fundamental Voltage (V)	230 400 500									
Inverter Type					Three	Phase				
Motor Power (kW)	30.0	37.0	45.0	55.0	75.0	90.0	90.0 (150HP)	55.0	75.0	90.0
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Harmonic No.					RMS Cu	rrent (A)				
1	118.2	140.1	175.5	132.0	151.6	184.4	156.6	104.8	126.7	152.5
3	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.2	0.1	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1
5	40.9	45.9	52.3	52.6	57.8	64.7	58.9	48.5	54.5	60.5
7	11.5	11.8	12.3	18.8	19.1	18.6	19.0	21.9	22.2	21.7
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
11	7.6	8.5	9.5	9.0	10.1	11.5	10.3	7.5	8.9	10.5
13	3.5	4.2	5.3	4.2	4.6	5.4	4.7	4.5	4.7	4.9
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	3.0	3.2	3.1	3.8	4.2	4.5	4.3	3.3	3.9	4.5
19	2.1	2.4	2.8	2.3	2.6	3.2	2.7	2.0	2.2	2.6
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	1.4	1.4	1.4	2.0	2.1	2.0	2.1	1.9	2.1	2.3
25	1.3	1.4	1.3	1.5	1.7	1.9	1.7	1.2	1.4	1.7
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.1	1.2	1.3
31	0.7	0.7	8.0	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.8	1.0	1.1
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
35	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.8
37	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.8
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
41	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.5	0.5	0.5	0.5
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
47	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.4
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
49	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total RMS Current (A)	125.9	148.2	183.9	143.8	163.8	196.8	168.9	118.0	140.2	166.0
THD (V) %	1.49	1.66	1.87	1.95	2.13	2.34	2.15	1.87	2.06	2.25

Supply Harmonic Analysis (Frame F Heavy Duty)

$$THD(V) \times 100 = \frac{\sqrt{\sum_{h=40}^{h=2} Q^{h^2}}}{Q^{1n}} \%$$

for Harmonics	in the UK	Electricity	Industry.							
Fundamental Voltage (V)	230 400 500									
Inverter Type					Three	Phase				
Motor Power (kW)	30.0	37.0	45.0	55.0	75.0	90.0	90.0 (150HP)	55.0	75.0	90.0
Typical Motor Efficiency %	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90	90
Harmonic No.					RMS Cu	rrent (A)				
1	94.7	118.2	140.1	99.2	132.1	152.1	156.6	79.7	104.8	126.7
3	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1	0.1	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.1
5	35.9	41.6	45.9	44.9	53.4	57.8	58.9	42.4	49.3	54.5
7	11.9	11.9	11.8	19.5	19.5	19.1	19.0	22.1	22.5	22.2
9	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.1	0.0
11	6.5	7.7	8.5	6.9	9.0	10.0	10.3	5.7	7.5	8.9
13	2.9	3.5	4.2	4.0	4.3	4.6	4.7	4.6	4.6	4.7
15	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
17	2.7	3.1	3.2	3.1	3.9	4.2	4.3	2.6	3.3	3.9
19	1.6	2.1	2.4	1.8	2.2	2.6	2.7	1.8	2.0	2.2
21	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
23	1.4	1.4	1.4	1.7	2.0	2.1	2.1	1.5	1.9	2.1
25	1.1	1.3	1.4	1.1	1.5	1.7	1.7	1.0	1.2	1.4
27	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
29	0.7	0.8	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	1.1	0.9	1.1	1.2
31	0.7	0.8	0.7	0.8	1.0	1.1	1.1	0.6	0.8	1.0
33	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
35	0.4	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.6	0.7	0.7
37	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.6	0.6	0.7	0.7	0.4	0.6	0.7
39	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
40	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
41	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.5	0.5	0.4	0.5	0.5
42	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
43	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.5	0.5
44	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
45	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
46	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
47	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.3	0.3
48	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
49	0.2	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3	0.3
50	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0
Total RMS Current (A)	102.3	126.2	148.2	110.9	144.3	164.3	168.9	93.3	118.4	140.2
THD (V) %	1.33	1.52	1.66	1.71	1.98	2.12	2.15	1.67	1.90	2.06

CERTIFICATION FOR THE DRIVE

Requirements for EMC Compliance

All Variable Speed Drives (VSDs) potentially produce electrical emissions which are radiated into the environment and conducted back into the ac supply. VSDs are inherently immune to any additional external electrical noise. The following information is provided to maximise the Electro Magnetic Compatibility (EMC) of VSDs and systems in their intended operating environment, by minimising their emissions and maximising their immunity.

Minimising Radiated Emissions

EN50081-1 (1992)/EN50081-2 (1994)/EN55011/EN55022 radiated emission measurements are made between 30MHz and 1GHz in the far field at a distance of 10 to 30 metres. Limits lower than 30MHz or in close proximity are not specified. Emissions from individual components tend to be additive.

Use a screened/armoured cable between VSD/cubicle and motor containing the motor
protective earth (PE) connection. It should have a 360° screen termination. Earth screen at
both ends connecting to the motor frame and cubicle (or gland box if wall mounted).
Maintain the screen integrity using 360° terminations.

Note: Some hazardous area installations may preclude direct earthing at both ends of the screen, in this case earth one end via a 1 μ F 50Vac capacitor, and the other as normal.

- Keep unshielded cable as short as possible inside the cubicle.
- Always maintain the integrity of the shield.
- If the cable is interrupted to insert contactors etc., re-connect the screen using the shortest possible route.
- Keep the length of screen stripped-back as short as possible when making screen connections.
- Ideally use 360° screen terminations using cable glands or 'U' clips on power screen rails.

If a shielded cable is not available, lay unshielded motor cables in a metal conduit which will act as a shield. The conduit must be continuous with a direct electrical contact to the VSD and motor housing. If links are necessary, use braid with a minimum cross sectional area of 10mm².

Note: Some motor gland boxes and conduit glands are made of plastic, if this is the case, then braid must be connected between the screen and the chassis. In addition at the motor end, ensure that the screen is electrically connected to the motor frame since some terminal boxes are insulated from the frame by gasket/paint.

Earthing Requirements

IMPORTANT: Protective earthing always takes precedence over EMC earthing.

Protective Earth (PE) Connections

Note: In accordance with installations to EN60204, only one protective earth conductor is permitted at each protective earth terminal contacting point.

Local wiring regulations may require the protective earth connection of the motor to be connected locally, i.e. not as specified in these instructions. This will not cause shielding problems because of the relatively high RF impedance of the local earth connection.

EMC Earth Connections

For compliance with EMC requirements, we recommend that the "0V/signal ground" is separately earthed. When a number of units are used in a system, these terminals should be connected together at a single, local earthing point.

10-2 Certification for the Drive

Control and signal cables for the encoder, all analog inputs, and communications require screening with the screen connected only at the VSD end. However, if high frequency noise is still a problem, earth screen at the non VSD end via a 0.1 µF capacitor.

Note: Connect the screen (at the VSD end) to the VSD protective earth point, and not to the control board terminals.

Cabling Requirements

Note: Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" for additional Cabling Requirements.

Planning Cable Runs

- Use the shortest possible motor cable lengths.
- Use a single length of cable to a star junction point to feed multiple motors.
- Keep electrically noisy and sensitive cables apart.
- Keep electrically noisy and sensitive parallel cable runs to a minimum. Separate parallel cable runs by at least 0.25 metres. For runs longer than 10 metres, separation should be increased proportionally. For example if the parallel runs were 50m, then the separation would be (50/10) x 0.25m = 1.25m.
- Sensitive cables should cross noisy cables at 90°.
- Never run sensitive cables close or parallel to the motor, dc link and braking chopper circuit for any distance.
- Never run supply, dc link or motor cables in the same bundle as the signal/control and feedback cables, even if they are screened.
- Ensure EMC filter input and output cables are separately routed and do not couple across the filter.

Increasing Motor Cable Length

Because cable capacitance and hence conducted emissions increase with motor cable length, conformance to EMC limits is only guaranteed with the specified ac supply filter option using a maximum cable length as specified in Chapter 11: "Technical Specifications".

This maximum cable length can be improved using the specified external input or output filters. Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - External AC Supply (RFI) Filters.

Screened/armoured cable has significant capacitance between the conductors and screen which increases linearly with cable length (typically 200pF/m but varies with cable type and current rating).

Long cable lengths may have the following undesirable effects:

- Tripping on 'overcurrent' as the cable capacitance is charged and discharged at the switching frequency.
- Producing increased conducted emissions which degrade the performance of the EMC filter due to saturation.
- Causing RCDs (Residual Current Devices) to trip due to increased high frequency earth current.
- Producing increased heating inside the EMC ac supply filter from the increased conducted emissions.

These effects can be overcome by adding chokes or output filters at the output of the VSD.

EMC Installation Options

The unit, when installed for Class A or Class B operation, will be compliant with EN55011 (1991)/ EN55022 (1994) for radiated emissions, as described below.

Screening & Earthing (wall mounted, Class A)

IMPORTANT: This unit must be fitted with the optional top cover.

The unit is installed for Class A operation when wall mounted using the recommended ac supply filter and having complied with all cabling requirements.

Note: The installation requirements of local safety standards must be achieved regarding the safety of electrical equipment for machines.

- A single-star point earthing policy as shown in Figure 10-2 is required.
- The protective earth connection (PE) to the motor must be run inside the screened cable between the motor and VSD and be connected to the protective earth terminal in the gland box, or on the VSD.
- The external ac supply filter must be permanently earthed. Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" Earthing/Safety Details.
- The signal/control cables should be screened.

Note: Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" for details on Cabling Requirements.

Screening & Earthing (cubicle mounted, Class B)

Note: The installation requirements of local safety standards must be achieved regarding the safety of electrical equipment for machines.. Refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" - Protective Earth (PE) Connections ($\stackrel{\frown}{\bot}$)

The unit is installed for Class B operation when mounted inside a cubicle having 10dB attenuation between 30 and 100MHz (typically the attenuation provided by a metal cabinet with no aperture of dimension greater than 0.15m), using the recommended ac supply filter and having met all cabling requirements.

Note: Radiated magnetic and electric fields inside the cubicle will be high and any components fitted inside must be sufficiently immune.

The VSD, external filter and associated equipment are mounted onto a conducting, metal mounting panel. Do not use cubicle constructions that use insulating mounting panels or undefined mounting structures. Cables between the VSD and motor must be screened or armoured and terminated at the VSD or locally on the back panel.

Single VSD - Single Motor

Apply a single point series earthing strategy for a single VSD mounted in a cubicle as shown.

The protective earth connection (PE) to the motor must be run inside the screened cable between the motor and VSD and be connected to the motor protective earth terminal on the VSD.

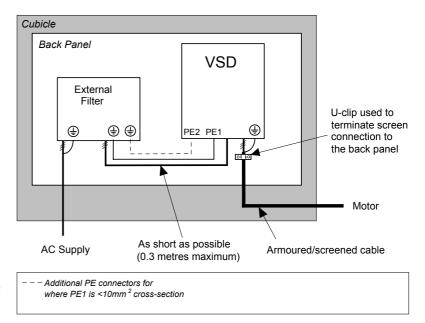


Figure 10-1 EMC and Safety Earthing Cabling

Single VSD - Multiple Motors

Note: Refer to Chapter 11: "Application Notes" - Using Multiple Motors on a Single Drive.

If connecting multiple motors to a single VSD, use a star junction point for motor cable connections. Use a metal box with entry and exit cable glands to maintain shield integrity. Refer to Chapter 11: Application Notes" - Using Multiple Motors on a Single Drive.

Star Point Earthing

A star-point earthing policy separates 'noisy' and 'clean' earths. Four separate earth busbars (three are insulated from the mounting panel) connect to a single earth point (star point) near the incoming safety earth from the main supply. Flexible, large cross-section cable is used to ensure a low HF impedance. Busbars are arranged so that connection to the single earth point is as short as possible.

1 Clean Earth Busbar (insulated from the mounting panel)

Used as a reference point for all signal and control cabling. This may be further subdivided into an analog and a digital reference busbar, each separately connected to the star earthing point. The digital reference is also used for any 24V control.

Note: The 690+ uses a single clean earth busbar for analog and digital.

2 Dirty Earth Busbar (insulated from the mounting panel)

Used for all power earths, i.e. protective earth connection. It is also used as a reference for any 110 or 220V control used, and for the control transformer screen.

3 Metal Work Earth Busbar

The back panel is used as this earth busbar, and should provide earthing points for all parts of the cubicle including panels and doors. This busbar is also used for power screened cables which terminate near to (10cm) or directly into a VSD - such as motor cables, braking choppers and their resistors, or between VSDs - refer to the appropriate product manual to identify these. Use U-clips to clamp the screened cables to the back panel to ensure optimum HF connection.

4 Signal/Control Screen Earth Busbar (insulated from the mounting panel) Used for signal/control screened cables which do not go directly to the VSD. Place this busha

Used for signal/control screened cables which **do not** go directly to the VSD. Place this busbar as close as possible to the point of cable entry. 'U' clamp the screened cables to the busbars to ensure an optimum HF connection.

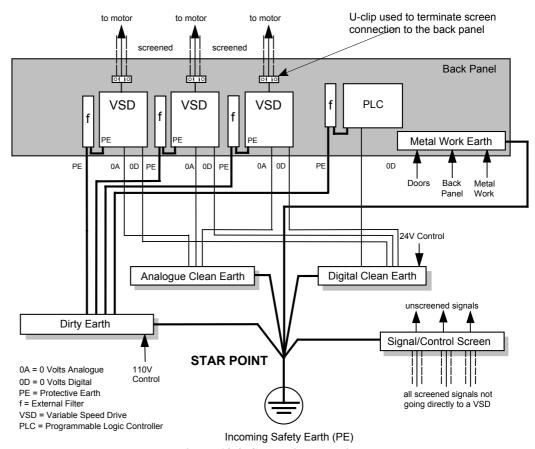


Figure 10-2 Star Point Earthing

Sensitive Equipment

The proximity of the source and victim circuit has a large effect on radiated coupling. The electromagnetic fields produced by VSDs falls off rapidly with distance from the cabling/cubicle. Remember that the radiated fields from EMC compliant drive systems are measured at least 10m from the equipment, over the band 30-1000MHz. Any equipment placed closer than this will see larger magnitude fields, especially when very close to the drive.

Do not place magnetic/electric field sensitive equipment within 0.25 metres of the following parts of the VSD system:

- Variable Speed Drive (VSD)
- EMC output filters
- Input or output chokes/transformers
- The cable between VSD and motor (even when screened/armoured)
- Connections to external braking chopper and resistor (even when screened/armoured)
- AC/DC brushed motors (due to commutation)
- DC link connections (even when screened/armoured)
- Relays and contactors (even when suppressed)

From experience, the following equipment is particularly sensitive and requires careful installation.

- Any transducers which produce low level analog outputs (<1V), e.g. load cells, strain gauges, thermocouples, piezoelectric transducers, anemometers, LVDTs
- Wide band width control inputs (>100Hz)
- AM radios (long and medium wave only)
- Video cameras and closed circuit TV
- Office personal computers
- Capacitive devices such as proximity sensors and level transducers
- Mains borne communication systems
- Equipment not suitable for operation in the intended EMC environment, i.e. with insufficient immunity to new EMC standards

Requirements for UL Compliance

Solid-State Motor Overload Protection

These devices provide Class 10 motor overload protection. The maximum internal overload protection level (current limit) is 150% for 60 seconds in Heavy Duty mode, and 110% for 60s in Normal Duty mode. Refer to the Software Product Manual, Chapter 1: Programming Your Application - CURRENT LIMIT for user current limit adjustment information.

An external motor overload protective device must be provided by the installer where the motor has a full-load ampere rating of less than 50% of the drive output rating; or when the DISABLE STALL trip (STLL) is set to True (1); or when the STALL TIME parameter is increased above 480 seconds (refer to the 650V Software Manual, Chapter 1 : STALL TRIP.

Short Circuit Rating

The following drives are suitable for use on a circuit capable of delivering not more than:

Frame C: 10,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, 230/460/500V maximum (as appropriate) Frame D: 10,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, 230/460/500V maximum (as appropriate) Frame E: 18,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, 230/460/500V maximum (as appropriate) Frame F: 18,000 RMS Symmetrical Amperes, 230/460/500V maximum (as appropriate)

Solid-State Short-Circuit Protection

These devices are provided with Solid-State Short-Circuit (output) Protection. Branch circuit protection requirements must be in accordance with the latest edition of the National Electrical Code NEC/NFPA-70.

Recommended Branch Circuit Protection

It is recommended that UL Listed (JDDZ) non-renewable cartridge fuses, Class K5 or H; or UL Listed (JDRX) renewable cartridge fuses, Class H, are installed upstream of the drive. Refer to Chapter 9: "Technical Specifications" - Power Details for recommended fuse ratings.

Motor Base Frequency

The motor base frequency rating is 480Hz maximum.

Field Wiring Temperature Rating

Use 75°C Copper conductors only.

Field Wiring Terminal Markings

For correct field wiring connections that are to be made to each terminal refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" - Power Wiring Connections, and Control Wiring Connections.

Terminal Tightening Torques

Refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" - Terminal Tightening Torques.

Recommended Wire Sizes

North American wire sizes (AWG) are based on NEC/NFPA-70 for ampacities of thermoplastic-insulated (75°C) copper conductors assuming not more than three current-carrying conductors in raceway or cable, based on ambient temperature of 30°C.

The wire sizes allow for an ampacity of 125% of the rated input and output amperes for motor branch-circuit conductors as specified in NEC/NFPA-70.

	FRAME C		
Term	ninal acceptance rar	nge: 18-6 AWG	
Model Catalog Code for North America	Power Input AWG	Power Output AWG	Brake Output AWG
230	V Build Variant: 22	0-240V ±10%	
	HEAVY DUT	Υ	
650V/0007/230/	8	10	8
650V/0010/230/	8	8	12
	NORMAL DU	JTY	
650V/0007/230/	8	8	14
650V/0010/230/	6	6	14
4	00V Build Variant:	460V ±10%	
	HEAVY DUT	Υ	
650V/0007/460/	12	14	14
650V/0010/460/	12	12	12
650V/0015/460/	10	10	12
650V/0020/460/	8	8	12
	NORMAL DU	JTY	
650V/0007/460/	12	12	14
650V/0010/460/	10	10	12
650V/0015/460/	8	8	12
650V/0020/460/	8	8	12

-	FRAME D					
Model Catalog Code for North America	ninal acceptance rar Power Input AWG	Power Output AWG	Brake Output AWG			
230V Build Variant: 220-240V ±10%						
	HEAVY DU	ſΥ				
650V/0015/230/	6	6	10			
650V/0020/230/	4	4	10			
650V/0025/230/	4	4	10			
	NORMAL DU	JTY	'			
650V/0015/230/	4	4	10			
650V/0020/230/	4	4	10			
4	00V Build Variant:	460V ±10%				
	HEAVY DU	ſΥ				
650V/0020/460/	8	10	10			
650V/0025/460/	8	8	10			
650V/0030/460/	8	6	10			
650V/0040/460/	4	6	10			
	NORMAL DU	JTY				
650V/0020/460/	8	8	10			
650V/0025/460/	8	6	10			
650V/0030/460/	6	6	10			
650V/0040/460/	4	4	10			
			.			

	FRAME E							
Termi	Terminal acceptance range: 6-1/0 AWG							
Model Catalog Code for North America	Power Input AWG	Power Output AWG	Brake Output AWG					
230	V Build Variant: 220	0-240V ±10%						
	HEAVY DUT	Υ						
650V/0030/230/	2	3	6					
	NORMAL DU	TY						
650V/0030/230/	1/0	1	6					
40	400V Build Variant: 460V ±10%							
	HEAVY DUT	Υ						
650V/0040/460/	4	4	8					
650V/0050/460/	4	3	6					
650V/0060/460/	3	2	4					
	NORMAL DUTY							
650V/0040/460/	4	3	8					
650V/0050/460/	3	2	6					
650V/0060/460/	1	1	4					

	FRAME F							
	Terminal acceptance range: 2AWG-250kcmil							
Model Catalog Code for North America	Power Input AWG	Power Output AWG	Brake Output AWG					
230	230V Build Variant: 220-240V ±10%							
	HEAVY DUT	Υ						
650V/0040/230/	1	1	4					
650V/0050/230/	2/0	2/0	3					
650V/0060/230/	3/0	3/0	2					
	NORMAL DU	JTY						
650V/0040/230/	2/0	2/0	4					
650V/0050/230/	3/0	3/0	3					
650V/0060/230/	4/0	250kcmil	2					
40	00V Build Variant:	460V ±10%						
	HEAVY DUT	Υ						
650V/0075/460/	1	1	4					
650V/0100/460/	2/0	2/0	2					
650V/0125/460/	3/0	3/0	1					
650V/0150/460/	4/0	4/0	1					
	NORMAL DUTY							
650V/0075/460/	2/0	2/0	4					
650V/0100/460/	3/0	3/0	2					
650V/0125/460/	4/0	4/0	1					
650V/0150/460/	4/0	4/0	1					

Field Grounding Terminals

The field grounding terminals are identified with the International Grounding Symbol (IEC Publication 417, Symbol 5019).



Operating Ambient Temperature

Heavy duty devices are considered acceptable for use in a maximum ambient temperature of 45°C (40°C for models with a Type 1 Enclosure). Normal duty devices are considered suitable for use in:

- a maximum ambient temperature of 40°C for both 'open type' and Type 1 Enclosed models
- a maximum ambient temperature of 35°C when fitted with the UL Type 1 top cover in Constant operation

Direct Wall-Mountable Models

All models of this drive with a Product Code Block 4 (Frames C, D, E) designation xx2x are suitable for direct wall mounting applications as they have a "Type 1 Enclosure" rating.

In order to preserve this enclosure rating, it is important to maintain the environmental integrity of the enclosure. Therefore, the installer must provide correct Type 1 closures for all unused clearance holes provided within the drive's glandplate.

Type 1 Enclosed models are suitable for use in no worse than a Pollution Degree 2 environment.

In	put Fuse I	Ratings (I	North America)	c (l	Dus LIST
Catalog Number	Input Fuse	e Rating (A)	Catalog Number	Input Fuse Rating (A)	
	HEAVY DUTY	NORMAL DUTY		HEAVY DUTY	NORMA DUTY
	230V BUILD	VARIANT 220-	240V ±10%, 45-65Hz *		
Fran	ne C		Fran	ne E	
650V/0007/230	30	35	650V/0030/230	100	125
650V/0010/230	35	50		•	•
Fran	ne D		Fran	ne F	
650V/0015/230	50	60	650V/0040/230	110	150
650V/0020/230	60	70	650V/0050/230	150	150
650V/0025/230	70	-	650V/0060/230	150	200
	400V BUILD	VARIANT 380-	460V ±10%, 45-65Hz *		
Fran	ne C		Fran	ne E	
650V/0007/460/	15	20	650V/0040/460/	60	70
650V/0010/460/	20	25	650V/0050/460/	70	90
650V/0015/460/	25	30	650V/0060/460/	90	100
650V/0020/460/	35	40		·	-
Fran	ne D		Fran	ne F	
650V/0020/460/	30	40	650V/0075/460/	110	125
650V/0025/460/	40	45	650V/0100/460/	125	150
650V/0030/460/	45	60	650V/0125/460/	150	175
650V/0040/460/	60	70	650V/0150/460/	175	175

European Directives and the CE Mark

The following information is supplied to provide a basic understanding of the EMC and low voltage directives CE marking requirements. The following literature is recommended for further information:

• Recommendations for Application of Power Drive Systems (PDS), European Council Directives - CE Marking and Technical Standardisation - (CEMEP)

Available from your local trade association or SSD Drives office

EMC Installation Guidelines for Modules and Systems - (SSD Drives)

Available from your local SSD Drives office, part number HA388879

The European machines and drives manufacturers via their national trade associations have formed the European Committee of Manufacturers of Electrical Machines and Power Electronics (CEMEP). SSD Drives and other major European drives manufacturers are working to the CEMEP recommendations on CE marking. The CE mark shows that a product complies with the relevant EU directives, in our case the Low Voltage Directive and, in some instances, the EMC Directive.

CE Marking for Low Voltage Directive

When installed in accordance with this manual, the 690+ AC Drive is CE marked by SSD Drives Ltd in accordance with the low voltage directive (S.I. No. 3260 implements this LVD directive into UK law). An EC Declaration of Conformity (low voltage directive) is included at the end of this chapter.

CE Marking for EMC - Who is Responsible?

Note: The specified EMC emission and immunity performance of this unit can only be achieved when the unit is installed to the EMC Installation Instructions given in this manual.

According to S.I. No. 2373 which implements the EMC directive into UK law, the requirement for CE marking this unit falls into two categories:

- 1. Where the supplied unit has an intrinsic/direct function to the end user, then the unit is classed as *relevant apparatus*.
- 2. Where the supplied unit is incorporated into a higher system/apparatus or machine which includes (at least) the motor, cable and a driven load but is unable to function without this unit, then the unit is classed as a *component*.

■ Relevant Apparatus - SSD Drives Responsibility

Occasionally, say in a case where an existing fixed speed motor - such as a fan or pump - is converted to variable speed with an add-on drive module *(relevant apparatus)*, it becomes the responsibility of SSD Drives to apply the CE mark and issue an EC Declaration of Conformity for the EMC Directive. This declaration and the CE mark is included at the end of this chapter.

■ Component - Customer Responsibility

The majority of SSD Drives' products are classed as *components* and therefore we cannot apply the CE mark or produce an EC Declaration of Conformity in respect of EMC. It is therefore the manufacturer/supplier/installer of the higher system/apparatus or machine who must conform to the EMC directive and CE mark.

Legal Requirements for CE Marking

IMPORTANT: Before installation, clearly understand who is responsible for conformance with the EMC directive. Misappropriation of the CE mark is a criminal offence.

> It is important that you have now defined who is responsible for conforming to the EMC directive, either:

■ SSD Drives Responsibility

You intend to use the unit as relevant apparatus.

When the specified EMC filter is correctly fitted to the unit following EMC installation instructions, it complies with the relevant standards indicated in the following tables. The fitting of the filter is mandatory for the CE marking of this unit to apply.

The relevant declarations are to be found at the end of this chapter. The CE mark is displayed on the EC Declaration of Conformity (EMC Directive) provided at the end of this chapter.

■ Customer Responsibility

You intend to use the unit as a *component*, therefore you have a choice:

- To fit the specified filter following EMC installation instructions, which may help you gain EMC compliance for the final machine/system.
- Not to fit the specified filter, but use a combination of global or local filtering and screening methods, natural migration through distance, or the use of distributed parasitic elements of the existing installation.

Note: When two or more EMC compliant components are combined to form the final machine/system, the resulting machine/system may no longer be compliant, (emissions tend to be additive, immunity is determined by the least immune component). Understand the EMC environment and applicable standards to keep additional compliance costs to a minimum.

Applying for CE Marking for EMC

We have supplied a Manufacturer's EMC Declaration at the end of this chapter that you can use as a basis for your own justification of overall compliance with the EMC directive. There are three methods of demonstrating conformity:

- Self-certification to a relevant standard
- Third party testing to a relevant standard
- Writing a technical construction file stating the technical rationale as to why your final machine/system is compliant. An EMC "competent body" must then assess this and issue a technical report or certificate to demonstrate compliance. Refer to Article 10(2) of Directive 89/336/EEC.

With EMC compliance, an EC Declaration of Conformity and the CE mark will be issued for your final machine/system.

IMPORTANT: Professional end users with EMC expertise who are using drive modules and cubicle systems defined as components who supply, place on the market or install the relevant apparatus must take responsibility for demonstrating EMC conformance and applying the CE mark and issuing an EC Declaration of Conformity.

Which Standards Apply?

Power Drive Product Specific

The standards that may apply to this unit come under two broad categories:

- Emission these standards limit the interference caused by operating (this) drive module.
- Immunity these standards limit the effect of interference (on this unit) from other electrical and electronic apparatus.

Conformance can be demonstrated using the Product Specific Standard.

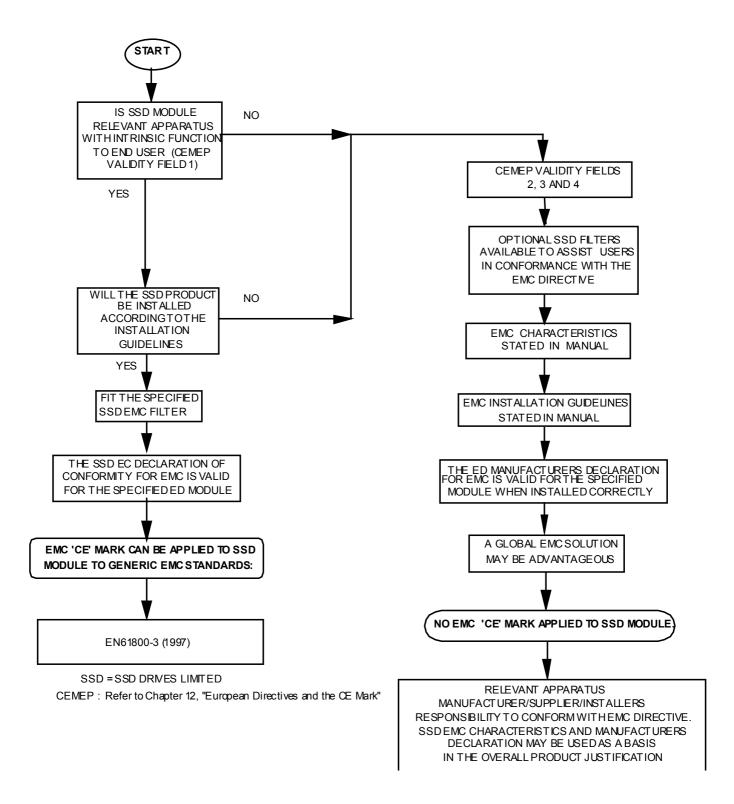


Figure 10-3 SSD EMC 'CE' Mark Validity Chart

Certificates

652V



Issued for

compliance

with the EMC

Directive when

the unit is used

as relevant

apparatus.

This is

your

EMC

provided to aid

justification for

compliance

is used as a

component.

when the unit

EC Declarations of Conformity

Date CE marked first applied: 01.04.2000

EMC Directive

In accordance with the EEC Directive 89/336/EEC and amended by 92/31/EEC and 93/68/EEC, Article 10 and Annex 1, (EMC DIRECTIVE)

We SSD Drives Limited, address as below, declare under our sole responsibility that the above Electronic Products when installed and operated with reference to the instructions in the Product Manual (provided with each piece of equipment) is in accordance with the relevant clauses from the following standard:-

BSEN61800-3 (1997)

Low Voltage Directive

In accordance with the EEC Directive 73/23/EEC and amended by 93/68/EEC, Article 13 and Annex III, (LOW VOLTAGE DIRECTIVE)

We SSD Drives Limited, address as below, declare under our sole responsibility that the above Electronic Products when installed and operated with reference to the instructions in the Product Manual

(provided with each piece of equipment), is in accordance with the relevant clauses from the following standard:EN50178 (1998)

The drive is CE marked in accordance with the low voltage directive for electrical equipment and appliances in the voltage range when installed correctly.

Manufacturers Declarations

EMC Declaration

We SSD Drives Limited, address as below, declare under our sole responsibility that the above Electronic Products when installed and operated with reference to the instructions in the Product Manual (provided with each piece of equipment) is in accordance with the relevant clauses from the following standard:

BSEN61800-3 (1997)

Machinery Directive

The above Electronic Products are components to be incorporated into machinery and may not be operated alone. The complete machinery or installation using this equipment may only be put into service when the safety considerations of the Directive 89/392/EEC are fully adhered to.

Particular reference should be made to EN60204-1 (Safety of Machinery - Electrical

All instructions, warnings and safety information of the Product Manual must be adhered to.

Equipment of Machines).

Since the potential hazards are mainly electrical rather than mechanical, the drive does not fall under the machinery directive. However, we do supply a manufacturer's declaration for when the drive is used (as a component) in machinery.

OF 1 SHTS

Dr Martin Payn (Conformance Officer)

SSD DRIVES LIMITED

NEW COURTWICK LANE, LITTLEHAMPTON, WEST SUSSEX BN17 7RZ TELEPHONE: 01903 737000 FAX: 01903 737100

Registered Number: 1159876 England. Registered Office: New Courtwick Lane, Littlehampton, West Sussex BN17 7RZ

File Name: P:\EDL1\USER\PRODUCTS\CE\SAFETY\PRODUCTS\650V PRODUCT COMMON CONFORMANCE\HP465505.919

ISS: DATE DRN: MP CHKD: DRAWING NUMBER: HK465505.C919

A 01.04.00 TITLE:

Declarations of Conformity OF

APPLICATION NOTES

Application advice is available through our Technical Support Department, who can also arrange for on-site assistance if required. Refer to the back cover of this manual for the address of your local SSD Drives company.

- Always use gold flash relays, or others designed for low current operation (5mA), on all control wiring.
- Remove all power factor correction equipment from the motor side of the drive before use.
- Avoid using motors with low efficiency and small cos ø (power factor) as they require a larger kVA rated drive to produce the correct shaft kW.

Synchronous Motor Control

Although intended primarily for use with induction (asynchronous) motors, drives can also be used for speed control of synchronous motors. Synchronous motors can offer economic solutions in applications where tight control of speed is required together with the low maintenance characteristics of an ac motor.

The two most common types of synchronous ac motor are *permanent magnet* and *wound rotor*.

In contrast to induction motors, synchronous motors run at synchronous speed whether on full load or no load. Synchronous speed is set by the frequency of the supply applied to the stator. The stator flux can be kept constant by keeping the stator volts/frequency ratio constant, as with an induction motor.

Torque is produced in the motor by an increase in load angle between the stator and rotor fluxes. Maximum torque occurs when the load angle approaches 90°. If the load angle exceeds this value then torque drops and the motor will stall. Systems involving synchronous motors need careful design to ensure that the motor can accelerate the load and handle transient load changes without stalling.

Using Line Chokes

Line chokes are not required to limit input current to SSD Drives drives. All 650V Frame C-F drives are fitted with DC link chokes to limit the ripple current seen by the DC link capacitors and thus prolong their life.

Line chokes may be used to reduce the harmonic content of the supply current where this a particular requirement of the application or where greater protection from mains borne transients is required.

Using Output Contactors

The use of output contactors is permitted. It is recommended that this type of operation be limited to emergency use only or in a system where the drive can be inhibited before closing or opening this contactor.

Using Motor Chokes

Installations with motor cable runs in excess of 50m may suffer from nuisance overcurrent trips. This is due to the capacitance of the cable causing current spikes to be drawn from the drive output. A choke may be fitted in the drive output which limits the capacitive current. Screened cable has a higher capacitance and may cause problems in shorter runs. The recommended choke values are shown in Table 10.1.

11-2 Application Notes

Motor Power (kW)	Choke Inductance	RMS Current Rating	SSD Part No.
0.75			
1.1			
1.5	2mH	7.5A	CO055931
2.2			
4.0			
5.5	0.9mH	22A	CO057283
7.5			
11	0.45mH	33A	CO057284
15			
18	0.3mH	44A	CO057285
22	50uH	70A	CO055193
30			
37	50uH	99A	CO055253
45	50uH	99A	CO055253
55	25uH	120A	-
75	25uH	160A	-
90	25uH	200A	-

Table 10-1 Recommended Choke Values for Cables up to 300 Metres

SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS

Connection to the P3 Port

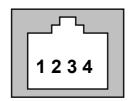
The port is an un-isolated RS232, 19200 Baud, supporting the standard EI bisynch ASCII communications protocol. Contact SSD Drives for further information.

• Frame C, D, E & F: There are two ports - one is used by the Keypad, and the second is under the terminal cover to the right of the Control Terminals.

Using any P3 port on the drive, parameters can be monitored and updated by a suitable PC programming tool, i.e. ConfigEd Lite.

P3 Port

A standard P3 lead is used to connect to the drive.



P3 Port Pin	Lead	Signal
1	Black	OV
2	Red	5V
3	Green	TX
4	Yellow	RX

6-Way Lead to DB9/DB25 Connector

Note: There is 5V present on pin 2 of the P3 port - do not connect this to your PC.

P3 Port Pin	Lead	Female DB9 Pin	Female DB25 Pin
1	Black	5	7
2	Red	not connected	not connected
3	Green	2	3
4	Yellow	3	2

APPLICATIONS

The Default Application

The drive is supplied with 6 Applications, Application 0 to Application 5. Each Application recalls a pre-programmed structure of internal links when it is loaded.



- Application 0 will not control a motor. Loading Application 0 removes all internal links.
- Application 1 is the factory default application, providing for basic speed control
- Application 2 supplies speed control using a manual or auto setpoint
- Application 3 supplies speed control using preset speeds
- Application 4 is a set-up providing speed control with Raise/Lower Trim
- Application 5 supplies speed control with Run Forward/Run Reverse

IMPORTANT:

Refer to Chapter 5: The Keypad – Special Menu Features to reset the drive to factory default values which are suitable for most applications.

How to Load an Application

In the PAT menu, go to P 1 and press the M key twice.

The Applications are stored in this menu.

Use the keys to select the appropriate Application by number.

Press the key to load the Application.

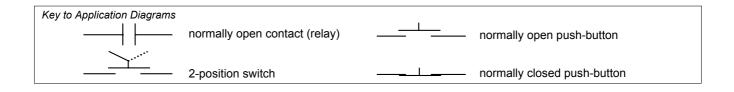
Application Description

Control Wiring for Applications

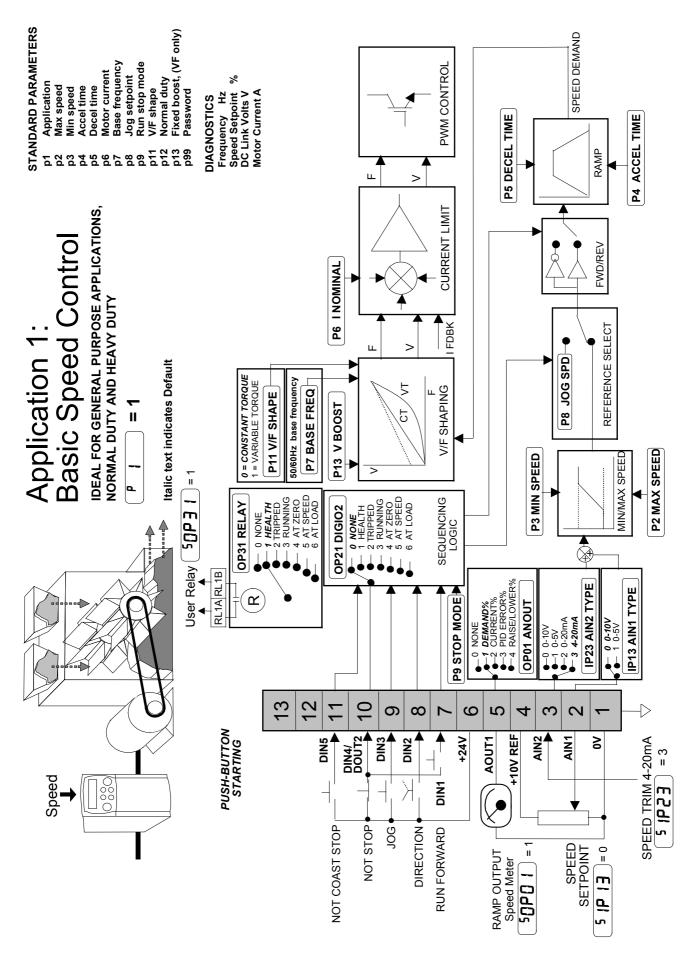
The large Application Diagrams on the following pages show the full wiring for push-button starting. The diagrams on the reverse show the full wiring for single wire starting.

For the minimum connections to make the drive run refer to Chapter 3: "Installing the Drive" - Electrical Installation; the remaining connections can be made to suit your system.

When you load an Application, the input and output parameters shown in these diagrams default to the settings shown. For alternative user-settings refer to the Software Product Manual, Chapter 1 "Programming Your Application".

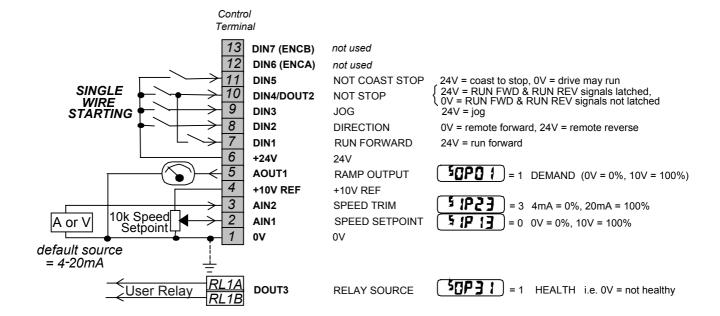


Application 1 : Basic Speed Control (default)

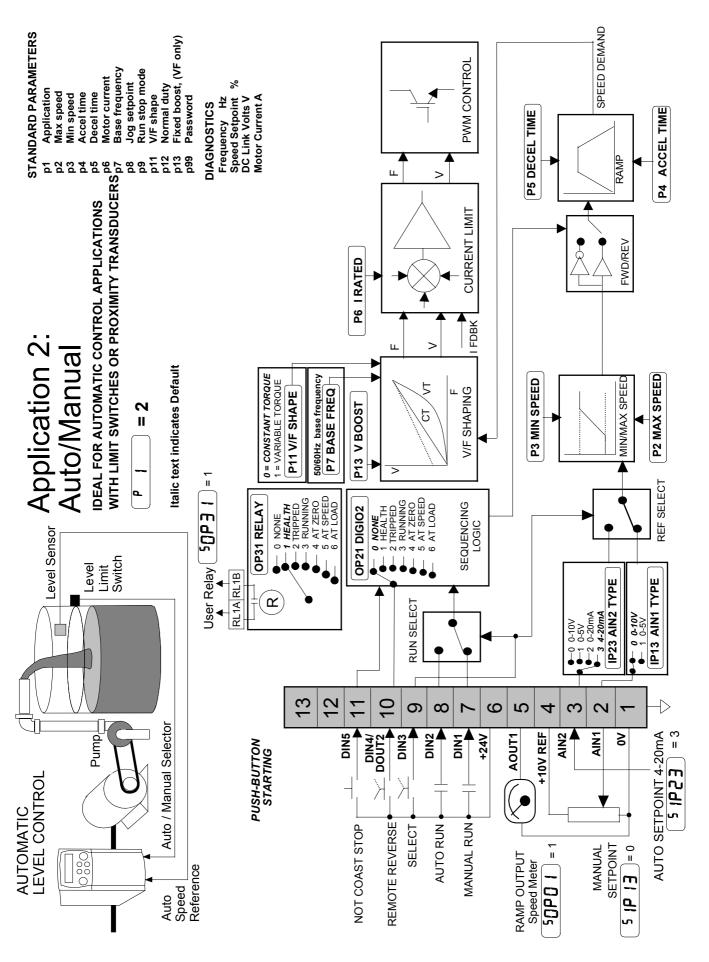


Application 1: Basic Speed Control (default)

This Application is ideal for general purpose applications. It provides push-button or switched start/stop control. The setpoint is the sum of the two analogue inputs AIN1 and AIN2, providing Speed Setpoint + Speed Trim capability.



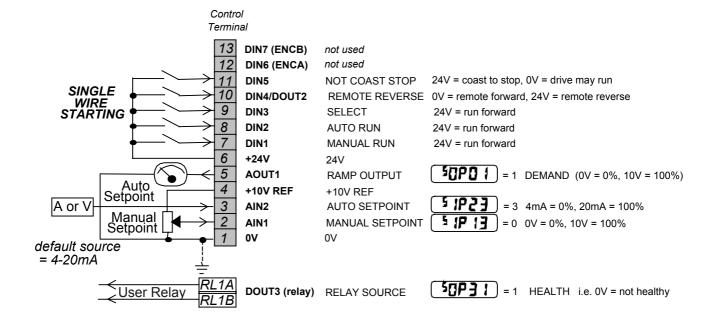
Application 2 : Auto/Manual Control



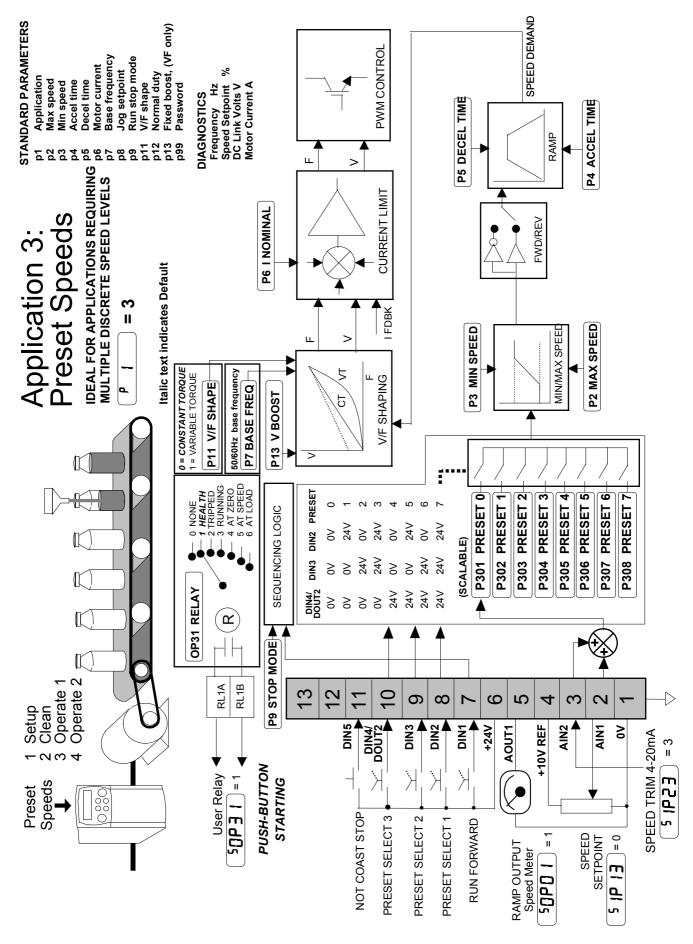
Application 2: Auto/Manual Control

Two Run inputs and two Setpoint inputs are provided. The Auto/Manual switch selects which pair of inputs is active.

The Application is sometimes referred to as Local/Remote.



Application 3: Preset Speeds

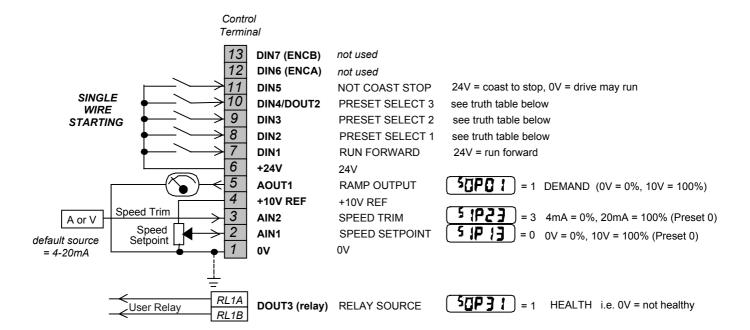


Application 3: Preset Speeds

This is ideal for applications requiring multiple discrete speed levels.

The setpoint is selected from either the sum of the analogue inputs, (as in Application 1 and known here as PRESET 0), or as one of up to seven other pre-defined speed levels. These are selected using DIN2, DIN3 and DIN4, refer to the Truth Table below.

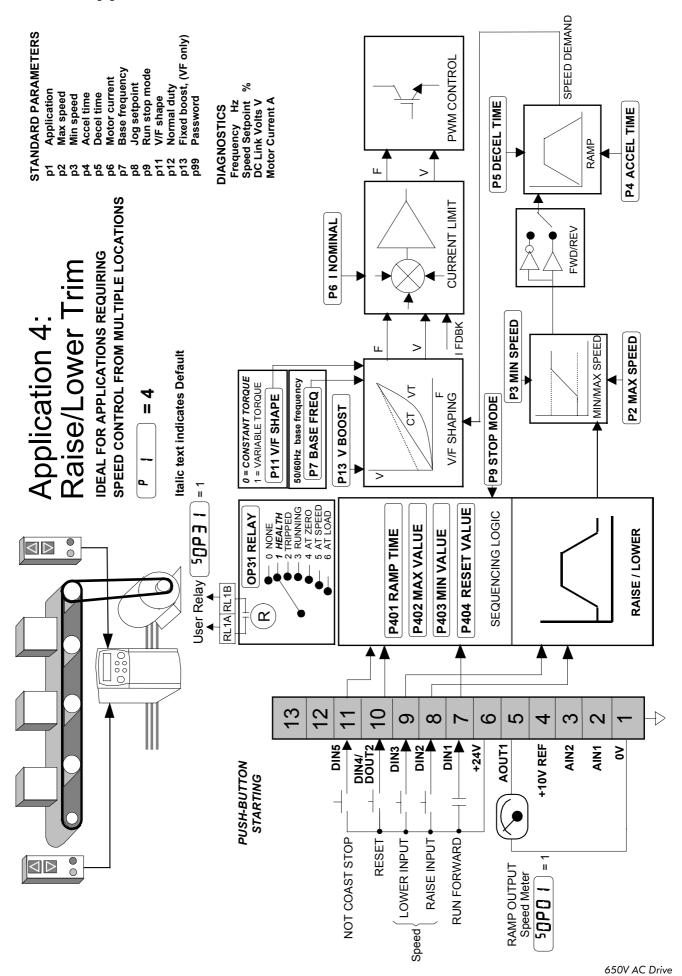
Edit parameters ^P302 to ^P308 on the keypad to re-define the speed levels of PRESET 1 to PRESET 7. Reverse direction is achieved by entering a negative speed setpoint.



Preset Speed Truth Table

DIN4/DOUT2	DIN3	DIN2	Preset
OV	٥V	OV	0
0V	0V	24V	1
0V	24V	0V	2
OV	24V	24V	3
24V	OV	OV	4
24V	0V	24V	5
24V	24V	OV	6
24V	24V	24V	7

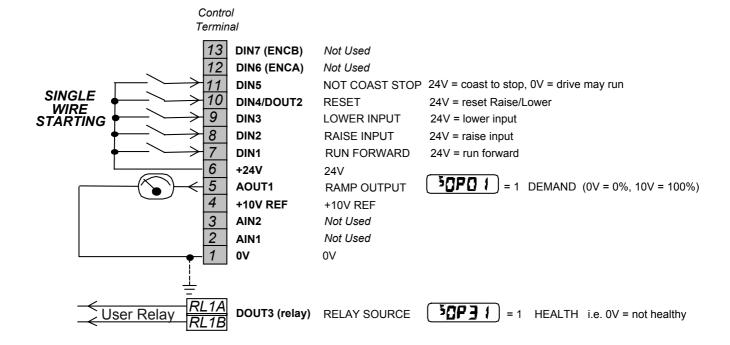
Application 4 : Raise/Lower Trim



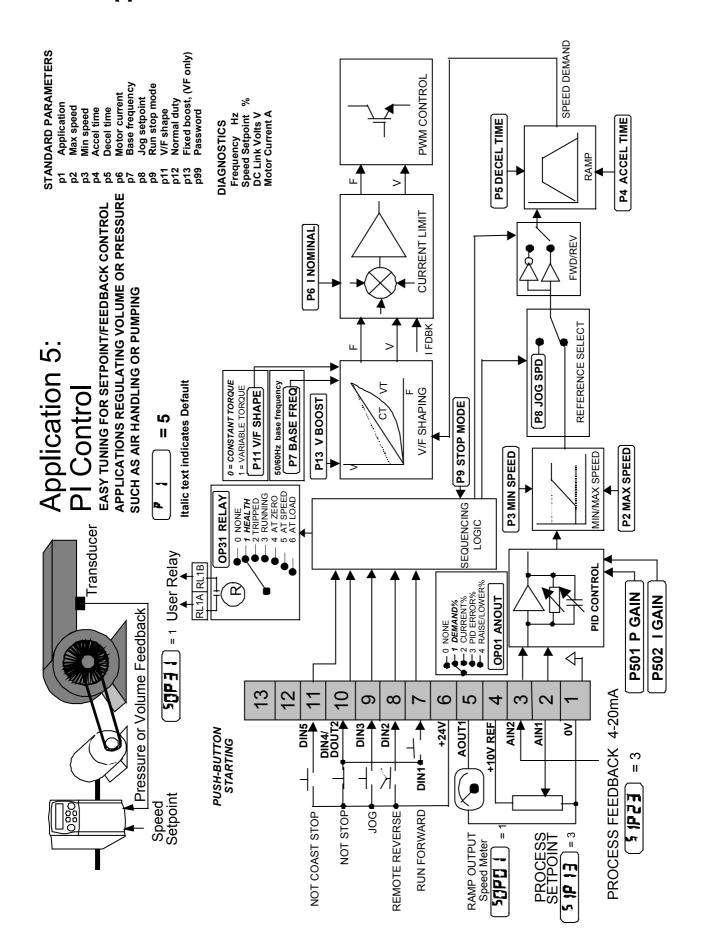
Application 4: Raise/Lower Trim

This Application mimics the operation of a motorised potentiometer. Digital inputs allow the setpoint to be increased and decreased between limits. The limits and ramp rate can be set using the keypad.

The Application is sometimes referred to as Motorised Potentiometer.

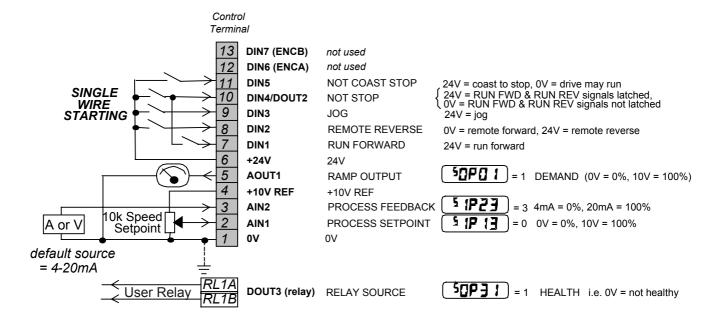


Application 5: PID



Application 5: PID

A simple application using a Proportional-Integral-Derivative 3-term controller. The setpoint is taken from AIN1, with feedback signal from the process on AIN2. The scale and offset features of the analogue input blocks may be used to correctly scale these signals. The difference between these two signals is taken as the PID error. The output of the PID block is then used as the drive setpoint.



ISS.	MODIFICATION	ECN No.	DATE	DRAWN	CHK'D
1	First issue of HA467652U002. Software version 4.x	16450	11/6/02	СМ	TL
2	New rating added for 7.5kW Frame C Normal Duty plus other small amendments	16876	19/6/02	СМ	TL
3	Update incorporating Addendum HA46806 Issue 1 Addition of parameter ST06 Various small amendments	17074 (16993) (15928)	20/9/02	СМ	TL
4	Update incorporating Addendum HA467878 Issue A Filter drawing update Various small amendments	17713 (16843)	23/7/03	СМ	TL
5	Software upgrade to 4.7; software version number display p5.3, even/odd numbered passwords p5.5, MAX SPEED range change p6-2, CL12 now all control modes p6-6.	17893	8/6/04	СМ	TL
6	Change of company name and logo to SSD Drives Ltd. Page 9-10 : filter part numbers corrected. Page 3-10 : 650V Frame F Duct Kit details added.	18354 (\$10348) (\$10205)	2/11/04	CM	TL
7	Update for sv4.8 onwards	18825	13/07/05	СМ	TL
FIRST U	SED ON	MODIFICATIO	N RECORD	•	
		650V AC Drive	e, Frame C, D), E & F	
		DRAWING NU	MBER		SHT. 1
	550 DRIVES	ZZ467652U00)2		OF 1